"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER. Partly cloudy; southwest winds.

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BATTLESHIP'S BAD PLIGHT

Massachusetts' Injury More Serious Than First Supposed.

THE VESSEL IS LEAKING

Divers Try to Locate the Defective Part—Ammunition Taken Off and Ship Moved Into Shallower Water.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 13.—The injuries to the battleship Massachusetts, caused by striking on Egg Rock Shoal yesterday, are more serious than the first examination indicated. Not only are the forward compartments full of water, but the ship is leaking further aft, and divers have been at work all day trying to locate the defective part.

The collier Lebanon and a Government tug have been alongside nearly all day, and have taken on board all the ammunition, anchors, and heavy stores of the Massachusetts, in order to lighten the ship forward. She now floats in a natural position, but is drawing about ten inches more water than usual. Considering the great weight that was taken from her by the collier and tug, it is very evident that an enormous quantity of water must be inside in order to put a ship of her size down ten inches.

Late this afternoon the Indiana, Massachusetts, Lebanon, and Hartford came down to the lower harbor and anchored. The Massachusetts anchored near Bald Porcupine. It is said that the object in changing was to get into more shallow water, where, in case the watertight bulkheads gave way or the leak became more serious, the ship would not sink in deep water.

Capt. Eaton has not been instructed as to what will be done with the ship, but it is evident that she will remain here until the extent of the injuries can be definitely learned.

This morning Capt. Emory of the Indiana, who is the ranking officer here, convened a board of inquiry. Its findings were reported to Washington. It is evident that the injuries to the Massachusetts are serious.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Orders were sent this afternoon to Naval Constructor Gilmore at Bath, Me., to make a thorough inspection of the injured battleship Massachusetts and report to the department the extent of the damage. The commandant at the Boston Navy Yard has been telegraphed instructions to order a wrecking pump to the Massachusetts to pump out the water from the flooded compartments. In reply to Capt. Emory's repeated inquiries as to when he can sail with the Indiana to join his fleet, the Acting Secretary has informed him by telegraph that he is to remain by the Massachusetts for the present.

Orders have been sent to the Brooklyn Navy Yard to get the dock there in readiness for the Massachusetts, which is to go there for repairs. Compartment A 42, which was one of the compartments flooded, is up almost on a level with the protected deck.

At the department it is realized that the damage to the Massachusetts may cost a large amount to repair.

One hundred thousand dollars was spent on the Massachusetts when she grounded in New York Harbor in 1899. The pilot of the vessel was suspended for this accident.

Acting Secretary Darling late this afternoon received from Capt. Emory, commanding the Indiana, the senior officer with the ships in Bar Harbor, the report of the board appointed to investigate the accident to the Massachusetts. The dispatch is as follows:

"Bar Harbor, Me., Aug. 13, 1903.

"Secretary of the Navy, Washington:

"Board has finished investigation Massachusetts. Its conclusions meet my approval. Reports as follows: Compartments A 7 and A 37 full of water, about 390 tons. Slight leaks into A 5 and A 6, where longitudinals pierced water-tight bulkhead at frame 14. This bulkhead slightly sprung. Slight leaks through rivets into compartments A 4 and A 3. Divers report that port starboard strake is dented and cracked athwartships between frames 17 and 18. Crack about eighteen inches long and half-inch wide. Second crack in shape of inverted T in port strake B or C, between same frames. Crack extends four feet across the plate and fourteen inches in the seam, with half inch greatest opening. About twenty-four feet of docking keel injured. Divers remain at work. Recommend two centrifugal pumps, electric-driven preferred, eight-inch suction, with thirty-foot suction hose, foot check valve, and delivery hose for each pump. I consider it necessary for Indiana to remain.

"EMORY."

A later dispatch from Capt. Emory read: "Subsequently to report of board divers discovered that starboard garboard strake between frames No. 7 and No. 13 is punctured. Opening extends above three and one-half feet across the plate. Greatest width is four inches."

OTHER WOMEN WERE LASHED.

Georgia Prison Commissioners Tell Mrs. Myrick the De Crist Case Was Not the Only One.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Aug. 13.—Mrs. Marie Louise Myrick, editor of The Times-Recorder, a daily paper published at Americus, Ga., visited the State House to-day to present a petition for the pardon of Mamie De Crist, who was lashed by Warden Allagood at the State prison farm. Mrs. Myrick presented her petition to Gov. Terrell and the Prison Commission, and her version of its reception has created a sensation.

"Look here," she said, as she entered the room, "I want to protest against any such brutal abuse as was administered to Mamie De Crist at the prison farm. It is wrong and—"

Warden Moore interrupted and, according to Mrs. Myrick, said he could not understand why such a hue and cry had been raised by the De Crist case.

"He told me," continued Mrs. Myrick, "that Mamie De Crist was not the first woman to be lashed at the State farm, that other women had received much worse punishment, and that the De Crist woman did not get half what she deserved. Jake Moore said that other white women had been whipped and the people did not raise such a howl, and he was unable to understand why so much noise had been made about this affair, when Allagood and Dr. Adams were doing their duty. I told Jake Moore and the others that I had never heard of any other woman having been so cruelly treated and that the people knew nothing of it. I told them that when a woman, a white woman, feeble and unable to work, was unruly she should be put in solitary confinement or irons.

"Mr. Eason said that the State of Georgia was poor and needed the work of all her convicts. He said that the Prison Commission didn't propose to let the newspapers of the State bulldoze them into a report condemning the whipping, and I suppose they don't intend taking any action at all."

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LORD SALISBURY VERY ILL.

But It Is Stated That There Is No Immediate Danger.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Marquis of Salisbury is lying very ill at his country home, Hatfield House, Hertfordshire.

It was stated last night that there was no immediate danger, though it was admitted that Lord Salisbury's condition was grave.

The ex-Premier has not been well for months, and at present his exhaustion is pronounced.

Lord Salisbury, whose health was severely shaken by the death of his wife, in November, 1899, was ill on the Continent during the whole of last Winter. According to The Medical Press and Circular, he has suffered for years from intestinal paresis. He was reported to have much improved in health on his return to England, but at the beginning of June he caught a chill which troubled him considerably.

The latest report, however, dated Aug. 7, said that Lord Salisbury was preparing an important work on chemical electrical science.

NEARLY SHOCKED TO DEATH.

Man Knocked Down by Broken Trolley Wire Lay Encircled in Its Coils.

Half a dozen persons received electric shocks by the breaking of a trolley wire last night at Broadway and Wythe Avenue, Williamsburg. The most seriously injured was Edward Yockers, a car switchman, twenty-one years old, of 72 George Street. A car of the Broadway line was going up the incline at that point shortly after 7 o'clock when the trolley pole became detached from the copper trolley wire.

As the pole swung upward its force broke a trolley wire fastening, and as the wire became detached and fell it alighted on the head and shoulders of Yockers, who fell with a scream. The accident occurred at a time when many people were crossing the street. A number of men, ignorant of this danger, hastened to aid Yockers, only to receive an electric shock which sent them sprawling. Meanwhile the wire having touched the car track, let out loud reports and swung around in snake-like fashion.

Every time the wire swung around Yockers, he received a shock, and before he could be rescued it was feared that he would be shocked to death before an inspector of the road appeared and removed the broken wire. Yockers was then unconscious and suffering from burns all over his body. He was carried into a nearby drug store while awaiting an ambulance from the Eastern District Hospital. At that institution his condition is considered critical.

The accident blocked the road for nearly twenty minutes.

BRIDE DIES AT HER WEDDING.

As the Minister Concludes the Ceremony She Falls Into Her Husband's Arms.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 13.—Miss Sarah Malone was married to-night at 8 o'clock to Charles Calhoun Tyise. The ceremony had hardly been concluded when the bride gave a shriek and fell into the arms of the groom, dying in a few minutes. The young people had been engaged for months.

Miss Malone was an invalid, suffering from consumption. Lately, however, her health had greatly improved, and they determined that they would wait no longer. The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. A. E. Cornish of St. John Homestead in the presence of a few friends. Miss Malone seemed very nervous during the ceremony, and those present remarked on her intense pallor.

Just as the preacher was speaking the concluding words of the ritual she was seen to stagger. She recovered herself, however, but soon uttered a scream and fell into her husband's arms, the blood streaming from her mouth and dyeing her white wedding dress crimson.

Physicians, who were hastily summoned, said that the excitement over her wedding caused a hemorrhage, which resulted in her death.

DOLLAR WHEAT LOOKED FOR.

Spring Product Sold at 97 Cents in Minneapolis Yesterday.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 13.—Spring wheat reached the highest point to-day at which it has ever sold under legitimate conditions, No. 1 November selling to-day at 97 cents. As high as 98 cents was offered, but there were no sales at that price. It is confidently expected that Spring wheat will reach the dollar mark to-morrow.

This is something that it has never done in this market under legitimate conditions, although in 1898 when Leiter was in his prime, the dollar mark was reached. The present high price of wheat is not due to a bullish action of the market, but is simply because the wheat is actually worth the money. Last year's crop is entirely cleaned out, there being no wheat in the country elevators. There have been 700,000 bushels taken out of Minneapolis elevators this week, and one day yet to go.

Only four cars of Spring wheat were on this market, although about eighty cars of Winter wheat were offered. These facts, coupled with the prediction of a poor crop, have resulted in raising the market, and the end is not yet. Prominent grain men say there is likely to be a shortage of cash wheat next week, and that prices will go soaring.

BROKER COWAN REFUNDED.

New York Man Made a Settlement with Mrs. Smith of Michigan.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 13.—Mrs. Blanche Hubbell Smith, daughter of the late Jay Hubbell of Michigan, has recovered a portion of the money which it was alleged had been misappropriated by James Cowan, the young Wall Street broker, through whom she sought a fortune in stock speculation.

W. D. Hooker, Mrs. Smith's attorney in this city, has returned from New York and says that while no evidence was produced to warrant the holding of Cowan on a criminal charge, a civil suit that had been begun against him was settled to the satisfaction of his client. Cowan, it is understood, through his attorneys, paid Mrs. Smith a sufficient sum of money to make her feel exceedingly happy in spite of her experience with the market. Cowan simply was detained on a criminal charge on the strength of a short affidavit made by the complainant, said Mr. Hooker last night. No complaint or warrant ever was issued. He was detained simply to prevent him from leaving the country.

The amount which Mrs. Smith alleged she had given to Cowan with which to carry on her account was $62,560. It cannot be learned what the amount was that Cowan's attorney paid in settlement of the civil suit instituted against him.

A $1,605,000 Seaboard Mortgage.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 13.—A $1,605,000 mortgage was filed here to-day by the Seaboard Air Line to secure money borrowed for the equipment of the line. The mortgage runs to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

Health at Richfield Springs. Magnificent bathing establishment; excellent hotels. Through sleepers daily via Lackawanna Railroad, 8:55 P. M. Parlor cars 10 A. M. train.—Adv.

SPLIT IN SHEEHAN CAMP

Cantor Said to Have Returned to Tammany's Fold.

Other Greater New York Democracy Defections Expected—Premature Publicity Perhaps Keeps Sheehan from Flopping.

Although John C. Sheehan acted promptly yesterday in denying the published reports to the effect that negotiations were under way between himself and the Tammany Hall leaders for his return, with the members of the Greater New York Democracy, to the Fourteenth Street organization, it developed in the general "smoking-out" process as applied to the leaders of the independent organization that Borough President Jacob A. Cantor has in all probability gone over to Tammany, and that many resignations are expected on the part of present members of the Greater New York Democracy Executive Committee.

Whether anything further will develop as affects Mr. Sheehan personally is very doubtful, in view of the early publicity, but some of the wealthy independent Democrats who have been prominent in the fusion movement intend to investigate matters thoroughly and ascertain why Mr. Sheehan was in Saratoga Springs during the first seven or eight days of the present month, and in close touch with Congressman Timothy D. Sullivan and other Tammany men, if, as he says, there have been no pending negotiations looking toward his return to the organization.

The members of the Greater New York Democracy were divided into two factions yesterday, the one headed by Sheehan declaring that no negotiations for a compromise with Tammany have been carried on, while the other, composed of friends of Cantor, insist that such negotiations have been on, and that Sheehan has been just as much a party to them as Cantor.

On top of this came the information last night from a man high in the councils of Tammany Hall to the effect that Sheehan and the Greater New York Democracy would have been "taken into camp body, boots, and breeches" in another three weeks had it not been for the statements published yesterday.

"Even now such a thing is still possible," said this same man. "The only hitch in the negotiations has been that the Greater New York leaders have been demanding recognition in the matter of patronage in proportion to the noise they have been making and not in proportion to the number of votes they can deliver."

John C. Sheehan was in the city all day yesterday, and said that he did not expect to be in Saratoga again this season.

"There have been no negotiations for my return to Tammany," said Mr. Sheehan, "and such a thing as my return is not to be considered even for a minute. In the first place I have been fighting Croker in and out of Tammany Hall for six years now, and I do not intend to stop as long as I believe that he dominates the organization. At the present time I am confident that his shadow hangs over the Fourteenth Street wigwam, and I will have none of it.

"As to Mr. Cantor, I can say nothing. He may have prepared to go back to Tammany or he may not; that is for him to answer, while, as for the Greater New York Democracy, it is composed of such high-minded men that neither Mr. Cantor nor myself nor any other man or group of men could presume to deliver the organization as such. Some of the members may have returned to Tammany, but as a whole I can say we are in line for fusion.

"We are fighting and fighting strongly for the nomination of an independent Democrat for Mayor, and with this in mind we shall enter the Fusion conferences and decide upon a candidate. Mayor Low has given the city a good administration, and has proved an excellent official, but he is a Republican, and if he should be renominated would give a powerful campaign argument to Tammany, the strongest they have in sight, for they at once would charge that the Republicans are seeking only to play into the hands of the President and of the Governor in the coming National and State elections of 1904. On the other hand, the nomination of an independent Democrat would mean the union of all independent Democrats on the Fusion candidate, and this would mean his election, for the independent Democratic vote is the balance of power in this strongly Democratic city.

"The Greater New York Democracy will go into the Fusion conferences, and I think will support the nominee even if it be Mayor Low or another Republican."

Sheehan declared that he would not take any part in the primary contest in the Ninth District, either as a candidate for the leadership or in the capacity of naming and supporting a candidate.

From Cantor sources of information it was stated positively that Cantor and Congressman Sullivan have been together much of the time in Saratoga, and that the plans for the return of Cantor to the Hall have been definitely arranged, whether or not it will extend to Sheehan as well.

Cantor already is accounted a Tammany man, and in some circles the recent developments are taken to mean that the Borough President has been playing a shrewd game to make himself a possibility for the Tammany nomination for Mayor.

NEW ROCK ISLAND DEAL.

May Purchase Santa Fe Line to Secure Outlet to Pacific.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—Having secured an independent outlet to the Atlantic Seaboard by acquiring a large interest in the Seaboard Air Line, the Rock Island-Frisco interests are said to be seeking an independent outlet to the Pacific Coast. This they expect to accomplish by purchasing a half interest in the Santa Fé lines west of Albuquerque.

The Santa Fé people here doubt the correctness of this report, and say that control of that system cannot be purchased in the open market, nor is there any interest with holdings large enough to transfer the control of the road. While this may be true, yet it does not preclude the possibility of an interchange of securities between the two systems, whereby the Rock Island might secure equal right over the Santa Fé lines west of Albuquerque.

Such an arrangement would be of great benefit to both roads, as the Santa Fé would no longer have to meet the competition of the Rock Island and the latter would secure a shorter line to Southern California than it now has via El Paso and the Southern Pacific.

A trackage arrangement is being talked of whereby passenger trains of both the Santa Fé and Rock Island use jointly east of Albuquerque portions of the Rock Island, Frisco, and Choctaw Lines, thereby shortening materially the Santa Fé route between Chicago and Albuquerque.

ARRESTED AS A FUGITIVE.

John M. Wilson Taken in Philadelphia on a Boston Complaint.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—John M. Wilson, said to be an author, lecturer, and traveler, was seated at the cashier's desk in the café of the Continental Hotel to-day, when detectives arrested him on a charge of being a fugitive from justice.

There is a warrant against Wilson alleging the embezzlement of $1,900 belonging to Timothy Smith & Co., dry goods dealers, of Boston, in 1902.

On the way to the City Hall Wilson is said to have admitted his identity to the detectives, adding that he was only sorry for the distress his arrest would give to his mother and sister, whom he had been supporting since he came to Philadelphia, about six months ago.

MR. ROOSEVELT AS ARBITER?

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 13.—A dispatch from Peking to a leading newspaper here says that Prince Ching, President of the Chinese Foreign Office, has secured Russia's consent to the use of President Roosevelt's good offices in connection with the Manchurian difficulty.

CANFIELD MAKES $200,000.

He Sells a 40,000 Share Block of Reading Common During Market Rise.

Richard Canfield is a lucky man. Not only does he get offers from the Haute Volée of France to be the chief steward of an exclusive gaming house, but he also makes money in the stock market. Yesterday, for instance, he cleaned up the neat little sum of $200,000—just enough to furnish a couple of rooms in his Paris Salon according to the most approved taste of his own fastidious ideas on what art should be. This information is not merely the idle gossip of some Wall Street men, but comes from a responsible broker who happened to know about it.

This delightful little coup—almost as artistic as the correct twirling of the ivory ball or the "just so" manner of turning up the right card, was executed by the Saratoga restaurateur in Reading common. It seems that, being a firm believer in the axiom that Wall Street should be prosperous, and hearing so many complaints from his customers about reduced incomes, he determined in the kindness of his heart to contribute his share to the lot of the many small investors on whom, as he heard, Wall Street depended for salvation, by taking out of the market some 40,000 shares at a price which averaged around 45.

When Reading a few days ago began to go up Mr. Canfield was sorely tempted to sell out, but his better nature prevailed and he decided that he would extend his aid to the injured a little longer. He felt yesterday, however, that the Street could be able to stand up without his assistance, and he, again showing his generosity, permitted some one else to buy his small lot, not as he might have done, at the highest price of the day, but around the price of 55. This means a ten-point profit on 40,000 half shares, or $200,000.

COL. SHELBY'S WIFE A SUICIDE.

Cut Her Throat in Home at Paterson—Displeased by Codicil to Her Mother's Will.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 13.—Mrs. C. C. Shelby, wife of the veteran showman, Col. Shelby, committed suicide this morning by cutting her throat at her home, 388 Twenty-seventh Street.

Col. Shelby and his adopted son were looking over some photographs when they heard a scream, followed by gurgling sounds. The Colonel rushed into the bathroom to find his wife leaning over the marble basin. In her right hand was a razor, with which she had cut her throat through to the windpipe.

Dr. Stinson was the first to arrive in response to calls for assistance, and he called in Dr. McCoy and a nurse, but before the latter arrived Dr. Stinson had sewed the gash. When Dr. McCoy arrived Mrs. Shelby was beyond any medical aid.

For several years relations between Mrs. Shelby and her husband have been strained, partly due to the fact that the Colonel insisted on appearing in public in his cabinet trick. The wife protested that he was spending too much money on his hobby.

Mrs. Shelby's mother, Mrs. Smith, lived with her daughter and son-in-law, and some time ago requested Col. Shelby to summon a lawyer to the house, as she wished to make her will. Mrs. Smith owns considerable property in the Seventh Ward. The will left all to her family.

The Colonel objected to this, and after some persuasion Mrs. Smith made a codicil to the will, leaving the property to him in the event of the prior death of herself and her daughter. Mrs. Shelby was displeased that her family should be cut entirely off from the property.

FARMER SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

Seriously Wounded Near Asbury Park—Believed to Have Been Mistaken for Party to a Feud.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 13.—While on his way last night to meet friends who were to go on a straw ride to Long Branch, George Studwyck, a farmer, of Whitesville, west of here, was shot from ambush, supposedly by a party to some local feud who had mistaken him for an enemy.

Studwyck was passing a thickly wooded part of the road just back of the old gas house west of Prospect Avenue, in West Park. Most of the light had faded, and he was hurrying to meet his friends, when a shot rang out and a puff of smoke rose from the bushes. Studwyck dropped with a bullet wound in his leg near the thigh.

He was unable to move, and called loudly for help. When several men rushed to him he showed them where the shot had come from, and they went in vain pursuit of the assailant.

Studwyck declares that he has no knowledge of any enemy who would make an attempt upon his life. The only explanation that can be offered is that he was mistaken for some one else, possibly for an Italian, of whom there are many in the neighborhood, who were concerned in a vendetta.

Studwyck was carried home and Dr. J. Turner Rose summoned. An attempt was made to probe the wound, but the physician was unable to reach the bullet owing to the weakness of the patient. Another attempt will be made to remove the ball, and Dr. Rose thinks that he will be able to save the injured leg. The police are searching for the guilty person.

SWINDLED SOCIETY WOMEN.

Clever Schemers Dupe Senator Burrows's Wife and Other Ladies of Kalamazoo.

Special to The New York Times.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Aug. 13.—Kalamazoo society women have been swindled out of an aggregate of a thousand dollars by clever operators. Last week a circular letter purporting to come from Nelson, McLaren & Nelson, marine insurance, of London, Liverpool, Glasgow, New York, Boston, and Chicago, stated that representatives of the company would call on them and offer for sale as salvage undamaged goods, including fine linen and silks, below manufacturers' costs. Ridiculously low prices were quoted.

Saturday the bogus agents called on many society women, among them Mrs. Burrows, wife of the Senator, and took many orders. They represented that they were also to establish a women's tailoring shop and to advertise would make a few suits at nominal cost. They delivered the suiting and collected the money on linen and silks, which they had sold from samples, saying they would be back to make deliveries to-day.

Poisoned by Toadstools.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 13.—Miss Maud Espy is dead at the Summer home of her father, Major John Espy of St. Paul, having eaten toadstools, which she had mistaken for mushrooms. Mrs. Espy was poisoned also, but will recover.

At the same price as others contain as much gold as the Krementz Plated Collar Button.—Adv.

RUSSIA ADOPTS PEACE POLICY IN FAR EAST

M. de Witte Triumphs Over War Minister Kuropatkin.

This Is the Alleged Meaning of the Appointment of Admiral Alexieff as Viceroy in the Orient.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 13.—A new Viceroyalty, comprising the Amur district and Kwang-Tung Province, has been established. Heretofore the Amur district has been controlled by a Governor General.

A ukase signed by the Czar and promulgated yesterday appoints Vice Admiral Alexieff, Aide de Camp General to the Czar, as Viceroy of this Far Eastern territory. He will be vested with supreme authority in all the branches of the civil administration, the direction of which will no longer be in the hands of the Ministries. It will be the Viceroy's duty to maintain order and insure safety in the district traversed by the Eastern Chinese Railway, as well as to watch over the needs of the Russian inhabitants both within and without the Russian possessions bordering on the territory under his jurisdiction.

Diplomatic negotiations with neighboring States regarding the affairs of this territory will be in the hands of the Viceroy, who will also be entrusted with the command of the Russian fleet in the Pacific and all the troops in the new Viceroyalty. Until a law embodying the duties of the Viceroy is issued the regulations drawn up in 1845 for the administration of the Far Eastern and Caucasian territory will remain in force.

A special committee, presided over by the Czar, will see that the actions of the Viceroy are in harmony with the general policy of the Russian Ministers. Viceroy Alexieff has been instructed to submit to the Czar for his approval proposals for the administration of the territory over which he is about to assume jurisdiction.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Daily Mail this morning declares that the appointment of Admiral Alexieff as Viceroy in the Far East is most important, as it indicates the triumph of M. de Witte, the Finance Minister, and the policy of peace over Gen. Kuropatkin, the War Minister, and that it is a significant step toward the settlement of the existing differences both with China and Japan.

The paper says that there has existed for years a sharp division in the Cabinet over the Far Eastern policy, and that Gen. Kuropatkin and a majority of the Ministers insisted that the actual annexation of Manchuria should be secured immediately at any cost of money or credit. On the other hand, M. de Witte steadily opposed taking any step to precipitate hostilities between Russia and any other power in the East. He is confident that time only is needed to bring about all that Russia desires in Manchuria, and, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, is anxious to secure the benefits of annexation at the least possible cost. So sharp was the dissension between the two parties that when Gen. Kuropatkin visited the Far East he avowed his intention not to set foot in Manchuria, declaring that it was De Witte's affair and not his.

M. de Witte, according to the Daily Mail, has triumphed not only by securing the selection of Admiral Alexieff, who is the Emperor's personal friend, but by managing to exclude the action of the Cabinet in Manchurian matters in the future by making the Viceroy responsible solely to the Czar himself. Gen. Kuropatkin's forward policy will, therefore, be relaxed, if not abandoned, and M. de Witte will have a free hand in dealing with the Manchurian question.

The Daily Mail prints a dispatch from Tokio which says that the Japanese Minister to Russia had an audience of the Czar on Wednesday with reference to the situation in Manchuria.

The Associated Press correspondent learns on high Russian authority that the establishment of a Viceroyalty for the Amur district and Kwang-Tung Province will not affect the evacuation of Manchuria in October. As long as the Russian occupation of Manchuria lasts Viceroy Alexieff will be in charge, and will command the troops in that region, but when the evacuation takes place he will simply have control of the Port Arthur and Talien-Wan zone, through which the railroad runs, in addition to the possessions which are indubitably Russian.

The British Government is aware of the ukase and has taken no action, nor is it expected that it will do so.

Kwang-Tung Province comprises Port Arthur and Talien-Wan and the adjacent territories, which the Chinese Government by an agreement dated March 27, 1898, leased to Russia for twenty-five years, which lease may be extended by agreement. This territory was formed into the Russian Province of Kwang-Tung in the following year.

HOTEL PATRONS AS WAITERS.

Employes at the Beach View, Bradley Beach, Struck, So the Visitors Helped Themselves.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 13.—Just before it was time for dinner to be served last night at the Beach View Hotel, Bradley Beach, the waiters struck and refused to go into the dining room.

The news spread among the patrons of the hotel, and for a time it looked as if the proprietor, Victor Jacoby, would be unable to serve dinner at all. Two young men who are staying at the hotel saw the serious predicament, and offered their services as waiters until new waiters could be engaged to-day. The young men, Fred W. Schultz and Percy Ware, went to work, and formed a corps of waiters from among the other guests. So skillfully did they work that they succeeded in having the dinner served and over at 8:30 o'clock, the usual hour for closing the dining room.

The regular waiters had taken a dislike to their head waiter and asked Mr. Jacoby to discharge him, which he refused to do.

GEORGIA BOYS SHANGHAIED.

State Department Undertakes to Break Up Alleged Impressment Gangs at Savannah.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 13.—The charge that an Atlanta boy had been shanghaied at Savannah and shipped to a foreign port has aroused the Department of State at Washington and set on foot a movement to stop the practice of illegally shipping young men and boys from this port. Acting upon the advice of Secretary Hay, this morning United States Commissioner Ryals issued warrants for Harry Olsen, John Kelly, and Whitty MacDonald on the charge of shipping Joseph Terrell Rucker of Atlanta and John William Seage of Savannah to Santos, Brazil, on the steamship Kambria.

The Kambria sailed from this port some weeks ago with the boys on board. Rucker is a nephew of Mrs. James G. Woodward of Atlanta. His mother is now in Savannah. She has taken a very active interest in the case from the first. Olsen and Kelly, keepers of sailor boarding houses, who furnish vessels with crews, have been placed under arrest for this alleged shanghai work, and Whitty MacDonald, who is wanted for complicity in the crime, has escaped by running away.

The warrants charge the man with selling into involuntary servitude the two parties named. Olsen and Kelly say the boys wanted to ship on the Kambria, and were not sent away without their consent. The case has excited a great deal of interest here.

Mrs. Rucker first applied to Mayor Myers for information of her son, and after he had informed her what had become of him, she urged the State Department to act. Assistant United States District Attorney Seaken will prosecute the defendants, who have given bond.

FIRES INTO A CROWD OF 5,000 PEOPLE.

Gilbert Trigg Kills Three, Fatally Injures Three, and Wounds Twenty in Winfield, Kan.—Policeman Kills Him.

WINFIELD, Kan., Aug. 13.—Gilbert Trigg, aged thirty years, supposed to be insane, appeared on the principal street of this town to-night with a double barreled shotgun, and fired both charges deliberately into a crowd of 5,000 people, who were listening to a band concert. He killed three persons, fatally injured three, and shot twenty others, of whom six may die. Trigg was himself killed by a policeman.

The dead are: Sterling Rice, a carpenter; Dawson Tillotson, a barber, and D. Bowman, a carpenter, of Oxford, Kan.

The injured are: Mrs. John Barnard, shot in the neck; James Clarkson, shot in the back and arm; R. E. Oliver, shot in the shoulder and back; Clyde Reed, shot in the hip; J. B. Story, shot in the chest and knee; William Wilkins, and Charles Thomas.

PRESIDENT PUNISHES MEADE.

Marine Corps Colonel to be Retired for Writing a Disrespectful Letter.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—By order of the President, Col. Robert L. Meade of the United States Marine Corps will be retired Oct. 3 next in his present grade. Because of a letter, said to be disrespectful, which Col. Meade recently addressed to the Navy Department, the President took advantage of the law which provides that when an officer in the army or Marine Corps shall have reached the age of sixty-two years he may be retired on his own request or by order of the President.

Col. Meade recently requested that he be retired at an advanced grade. The law does not permit officers in the Marine Corps to be retired with advanced rank. The President approved Col. Meade's application for retirement, but at his present grade. It is understood that Col. Meade thereupon addressed another letter to the department, charging that the conditions for his retirement had been ignored and asking that his application be withdrawn.

The Acting Secretary recommended to the President that Col. Meade be allowed to withdraw his application for retirement, and that he be retired in accordance with the law on his sixty-second birthday. President Roosevelt has promptly approved the recommendations of Acting Secretary Darling and the necessary order has been issued.

DEATH ENDS HOMEWARD TRIP.

Three Boys Plan to Walk from Bridgeport to New York—One Is Killed by Train.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Aug. 13.—There was a mournful termination to-day to the plans of three New York boys who had planned to walk from Bridgeport to their homes. The boys, who had been selling fruit in Bridgeport, were Fred Lyon, fifteen years old, who lives in Sixty-seventh Street, between First and Second Avenues; John Gibbins, sixteen, of Park Avenue and One Hundred and Sixty-fifth Street, and Fred Bubbett, nineteen, of 327 East Sixty-sixth Street.

At Greenwich station they undertook to shorten their walk by taking a short ride on a freight train which was slowing up. While they were trying to get aboard Lyon slipped and fell, and in trying to recover himself rolled under one of the cars. He was instantly killed.

The other boys ran for their lives down the track. The police telegraphed ahead and they were captured at Port Chester, where they told their story.

MILLS CLOSING DOWN.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 13.—A general closing down of mills in Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio is taking place. Necessary repairs are the reasons assigned. The Carnegie Steel Company has ordered the closing of the Howard axle works at Homestead, the 10-inch, 28-inch, and 35-inch converting mills at Homestead, No. 3 furnace at Duquesne, the open hearth, bloom, and skelp mills, and a furnace at South Sharon.

The Bessemer plant of the Republic Iron and Steel Company at Youngstown, Ohio, ten mills of the Shenango plant at New Castle of the American Tin Plate Company, and the mills of the American Sheet Steel Company at Leechburg and Hyde Park, Penn., are closed. Jones & Laughlin will order many plants closed next week. The employes say that repairs have to be made at the plants closed or they will break down.

COLLEGE OFFERED AS A GIFT.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 13.—Lutheran ministers of the Joint Synod of Ohio are in session here at St. Paul's Church. The educational association which conducts the Lima College, a co-educational institution with about 200 students, offered to turn over the property to the Synod, giving it entire control. The property is valued at $50,000, with an indebtedness of $6,000.

Many of the ministers opposed accepting control of the college owing to the fact that it was co-educational, some of them believing that it was not the correct thing for ministers of the Gospel to encourage such a practice. Dr. Cronenwett of Butler suggested that the Joint Synod accept the proposition, and that the Joint Synod's Capitol University at Columbus, Ohio, be removed to Lima, and the two consolidated. The subject was finally referred to a committee.

ACTRESSES BEAT LIFE GUARDS.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 13.—Before 20,000 spectators, who crowded the right side of Young's Pier and a long stretch of the Boardwalk, a tug of war was decided this afternoon between the eight Colonial Dames of the "Miss Bob White" company and four of the life guards of the Atlantic City beach patrol.

The contest resulted in a victory for the girls. It was held in three five-minute bouts. The girls won the first, the guards the second, and the girls were declared victors in the third. The guards attribute their defeat to the fact that the girls wore low shoes with French heels, which they dug into the sand in an effectual manner, thus gaining the advantage over the guards, who did their pulling in bare feet.

LAUNCH CUTS BOAT IN TWO.

Special to The New York Times.

CAPE MAY, N. J., Aug. 13.—James P. Tolan, a Philadelphian, who has a Summer cottage here, while fishing in a small bateau in the sound this afternoon was run down by the launch Franklin, owned by Pilot Benjamin F. Johnson, and the boat cut in twain. Tolan was saved only by a miraculous effort.

The launch was loaded with excursionists and the accident happened when the launch came around a sharp point, where it was difficult to see Tolan fishing.

Remember, all R. R. tickets bet. N. Y. and Albany are good via Day Line steamers. Music.—Adv.

BAD OUTLOOK FOR CANAL

Colombian Senate Is Considering Amendments to Treaty.

If Any Are Adopted the President Will Probably Drop the Panama Route Altogether.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The advices received from Bogota by the State Department are not encouraging for the ratification of the Panama Canal treaty. A dispatch received to-day from Minister Beaupré states that final action has not been had on the treaty, and that it is still before the Senate with a number of amendments pending. Although details are not given in Minister Beaupré's dispatch, the inference is that one of the pending amendments relates to the amount to be paid by the United States to the Colombia Government for concessions, which the opponents of ratification insist is not sufficient.

In consequence of the interruptions in the cable service the date of Minister Beaupré's dispatch is not quite clear. It is supposed to be an answer to the department's dispatches of Aug. 5, and probably left Bogota about that time. If that theory be correct an interval of at least one week remains to be covered, and in that period something may have happened in the Bogota Senate that would change the conditions that obtained when Minister Beaupré sent his dispatch. The apprehension here is that even if the Bogota Congress confirms the treaty it will be so late that the limitation for exchange of ratifications will be exceeded. It is provided that exchange of ratifications shall be made before Sept. 22, and as the treaty would have to be in Washington before that date final action by the Bogota Congress should be had within the next ten days, in order to insure the timely arrival of the document in Washington.

It is intimated that in the event of confirmation by the Bogota Congress steps have been taken to preclude failure of an exchange of ratifications by clothing our Minister at Bogota with authority to agree to an extension of time for the exchange. Any amendment of the treaty, however, would defeat final ratification, inasmuch as the treaty would have to go to the United States Senate for consideration of the amendments. To return the treaty to the Senate would, it is believed, result in the death of the Panama Canal route and the revival of the Nicaragua route with chances very much in favor of the latter being selected.

It is very doubtful if, in the event of the treaty being rejected or amended by Bogota, the matter would be referred to Congress. The act providing for the construction of an isthmian canal leaves the matter of route with the President in the event of the Colombia Government declining to accept the terms offered by the United States for a concession to construct the canal through its territory.

The act provides that should the President be unable to obtain for the United States a satisfactory title to the property of the Panama Canal Company and the control of the necessary territory of Colombia, then, having first obtained for the United States perpetual control by treaty of the necessary territory from Costa Rica and Nicaragua upon terms which he may consider reasonable for the construction of a canal by what is commonly known as the Nicaragua route, the President "shall, through the Isthmian Canal Commission, cause to be constructed a ship canal and waterway from a point on the Caribbean Sea near Greytown by way of Lake Nicaragua, to a point near Brito on the Pacific Ocean."

Under the act the President is fully authorized to negotiate with Costa Rica and Nicaragua for the Nicaragua route without referring the failure of the Panama scheme to Congress, and it is believed failure at Bogota will be immediately followed by negotiations with Costa Rica and Nicaragua. Indeed, there is reason to believe that steps have already been taken looking to the contingency of a failure of the Panama scheme, and that there is a tacit understanding with the two Governments controlling the Nicaragua route.

Senator Cullom of Illinois, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, had an extended conference to-day with Acting Secretary of State Loomis, and the canal situation was thoroughly discussed. Senator Cullom, having had charge of the treaty while it was pending before the United States Senate, is in a position to know what difficulties are in the way of ratifying an amended treaty, should the Colombian Congress take that action, and expressed the opinion that the outlook for the measure was far from encouraging.

COLOMBIA SUPPRESSES NEWS.

PANAMA, Aug. 13.—The National Government does not allow news relative to the Panama Canal treaty to be sent by telegraph. To-day United States Consul Ehrman received a dispatch from Bogota asking confirmation of the report of Pope Leo's death. It is presumed that the message was allowed to pass out of courtesy to the Church, as the censorship of messages to Bogota has not been abolished.

TO FREE A THOUSAND DEER.

C. C. Worthington Will Turn Them Out of His Pennsylvania Park to Go Where They Will.

Special to The New York Times.

STROUDSBURG, Penn., Aug. 13.—A thousand deer are to be liberated from Buckwood Park, owned by C. C. Worthington of New York, in a few days. The animals have multiplied so rapidly that they will starve unless freed. There are now over 2,000 deer in the park, and they have cleaned up nearly all the food to be had.

Superintendent Smith intends to let down some parts of the fence inclosing the park and let the animals roam out wherever they choose. Farmers near the park do not favor the liberation, fearing the deer will do damage to their property. Eleven years ago nineteen deer were placed in the park, which covers thousands of acres, and the animals have multiplied rapidly. One hundred or so have been killed by hunting parties.

TO PREVENT FREIGHT TIE-UP.

Railroad Officials Meet in Pittsburg to Devise Ways and Means.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Aug. 13.—Officials of the various railroads are putting forth all efforts to prevent a freight congestion. Second Vice President Charles E. Pugh, General Manager W. W. Atterbury, and W. A. Pratt, assistant to the chief engineer of the Pennsylvania Railroad, arrived here to-day. They are planning a cutoff for eastern and western freight.

C. S. Sims, General Manager of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, arrived in this city from Baltimore this morning, accompanied by W. C. Loree, General Superintendent of the Pittsburg Division. Mr. Sims left to-night for Cleveland to inspect the Cleveland terminal of the Baltimore and Ohio.

The roads here are beginning to suffer for lack of cars.

JOHN W. GATES'S CONDITION.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, Aug. 13.—John W. Gates passed a comparatively restful night and felt somewhat refreshed this morning. Dr. May to-night reported: "Mr. Gates passed a relatively comfortable day." Carrying out the instructions of the physicians, no one outside the family is allowed admittance to the cottage.

OCTOBER SESSION OF CONGRESS URGED

Senators Suggest to President Need of Early Cuban Legislation.

Plan to Consult Democrats as Well as Republicans, and Also Bankers of Every Section as to Currency Bill.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Aug. 13.—President Roosevelt's conference with the members of the sub-committee of the Senate Finance Committee was not concluded until the small hours of this morning. The whole subject of financial legislation at the approaching session of Congress was discussed thoroughly.

Serious consideration was also given to the legislation to be proposed to Congress in approval of the Cuban reciprocity treaty ratified by the Senate last Spring.

The committee, consisting of Senators Aldrich, Chairman; Platt of Connecticut, Allison, and Spooner, did not present even a tentative draft of a currency bill to the President, although some propositions, which subsequently may be embodied in the measure, were reduced to concrete form. No definite conclusions as to the shape of the proposed legislation were reached. The conference related rather to methods of procedure in the work at hand than to the form of the legislation.

At 7:30 o'clock this morning the members of the committee left Sagamore Hill, boarded their yacht, the Vergana, at the J. West Roosevelt pier, and sailed for Providence on their return to Senator Aldrich's home.

One fact of distinct importance was developed at the conference. While an extraordinary session of Congress in the Fall is assured, it has not been determined definitely whether it will be called to meet in October or in November. It has been supposed that the ordinary session would convene on Monday, Nov. 9, but the indications now are that it will be called for an earlier date, perhaps several weeks earlier.

The primary purpose of the extraordinary session will be to enact legislation making operative the Cuban reciprocity treaty, but financial legislation also will be pressed upon the attention of Congress soon after it convenes.

Three of the Senators present at last night's conference are members of the Senate Committee on Relations with Cuba—Platt, the Chairman; Aldrich, and Spooner. All of them, particularly Mr. Platt, who has made a study of the situation in Cuba, regard the necessity for the enactment of the Cuban treaty legislation as very urgent. President Roosevelt entertains the same views.

It is understood that the suggestion of an extraordinary session of Congress at a date earlier than Nov. 9 was made by these Senators because of the urgency of the Cuban legislation.

It was pointed out, too, that if Congress were convened at an early date the entire work of the extraordinary and regular session could be cleared by the time the National Conventions are to be held next year. On many accounts that is regarded as desirable, and it would be a great convenience not only to the President, but also to members of both the Senate and the House.

It can be said that the Senate Finance Committee will draft no measure formally and conclusively until consultations have been held with other members of the Senate—Democrats as well as Republicans—with members of the House and with the best authorities on finance in the country. It is the desire of the committee to be constantly in touch with the President, other Senators, members of the House, bankers of the West as well as those of the East, and country bankers as well as city bankers, so that some plan of legislation may be formulated by the opening of the extraordinary session of Congress.

It is the hope of the committee to devise a genuinely elastic currency system—a system that will expand when the necessity arises, and contract when the necessity shall have ceased to exist. The members of the committee realize fully the difficulty of their work, but it is their desire to prepare a measure that will commend itself to the best judgment of the country—the judgment of Democrats as well as of Republicans.

To this end, it can be said, all schemes of financial legislation heretofore proposed have been subordinated. What the proposed legislation will be when it is introduced cannot be said at this time. The suggestions that have been made are regarded by the committee as purely tentative, because differences of opinion exist between members of the Senate and members of the House which must be resolved before a definite plan for currency legislation can be made with reasonable hope that it will crystalize into law.

Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, when asked with reference to the visit of the Senators to the President, said:

"The Republican members of the sub-committee of the Senate Finance Committee who recently met for an informal conference at Warwick, R. I., talked with the President about financial conditions and the need of legislative changes. No bill has been drafted or agreed upon, and none will be until after the fullest consultation with our Democratic associates of the sub-committee and all the members of the Finance Committee.

"It is, however, our purpose to have a bill in readiness for presentation to the Senate at the beginning of the extra session, if one is called in October or November. We are hopeful that a bill can be agreed upon and reported that will receive the approval of both houses of Congress and afford prompt and efficient relief to the business interests of the whole country."

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw and Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock will visit President Roosevelt at Sagamore Hill to-morrow. This will be Secretary Hitchcock's first visit to the President since Mr. Roosevelt came to Oyster Bay. The statement is made that the call of the Secretaries is for the purpose of discussing departmental business.

PRICE OF FLOUR GOES UP.

Northwestern Millers and Chicago Grinders Make Advances.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 13.—The price of flour has been advanced by the milling combine, and the consuming public will have to pay the toll. Northwestern millers to-day added 20 cents a barrel to the cost of their output, and the Chicago grinders followed by increasing their price 10 cents a barrel.

With this advance the price to the public for the best brands of flour will be approximately $5 a barrel, or $1.25 a quarter-barrel sack, which is the quantity sought at one time by the average family. The price has been $1.15 and $1.20 a quarter sack.

But there are two rays of hope for the consumer. The higher price of milling wheat, which was given as a reason for advancing the price of flour, is expected to bring out large quantities of the grain and relieve the shortage of flour which the millers pretend to believe was threatening.

VANDERBILTS DUE TO-DAY.

The North Star Sighted Off Nantucket Light—Their Extended Cruise Abroad.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt are due here this morning on the North Star, the yacht having been reported yesterday afternoon off the Nantucket Lightship.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt have been abroad since early Spring. Mr. Vanderbilt was ill with typhoid last Winter, and on his recovery first went to the South for a few weeks and afterward to Europe. A long cruise was taken by Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt, the points of interest first visited being on the Mediterranean. One of the most interesting experiences of the trip was the visit to Kiel for the races. In the party, which started about two months ago, were Mr. and Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, Mrs. Ogden Goelet, and Miss May Goelet. The Vanderbilts were accorded distinguished honors at Kiel by the Kaiser, his family, and Prince Henry, who had been entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt during a visit here. There was a series of luncheons, dinners, and receptions on board the yacht and entertainments on shore.

Mr. Vanderbilt gave a banquet in celebration of Independence Day at which Emperor William and Prince Henry were present. When the banquet began Emperor William's yacht, the Hohenzollern, fired a salute of twenty-one guns by order of the Emperor. Music was furnished by the local band, and included several American airs, and, at Mr. Vanderbilt's request, the music of "Aiger," composed by the Emperor. The towns which Cornelius Vanderbilt desired to visit were notified, and the party received notable honors.

The cruise extended to Sweden and Norway, where Mr. and Mrs. Baylies and Mrs. Ogden Goelet left the party and went to England. Mrs. Goelet arrived in this country about three weeks ago, and is at Newport. Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt are to go to Newport. It is said that Mr. Vanderbilt's health is completely restored.

An odd coincidence of the trip was that the yacht in which the late Commodore Vanderbilt, the great-grandfather of the present Cornelius Vanderbilt, took his family to visit Germany in 1855, also was called the North Star. The vessel subsequently was presented to the United States Government during the civil war.

CITIZENS' UNION CALL.

City Convention to be Held Sept. 21, the Date Also Chosen by the Republicans.

At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Citizens' Union, held yesterday afternoon in the committee room of the Mutual Life Building, the dates for the conventions of the organization were fixed. The city convention has been called for Sept. 21, the date also fixed by the Republicans for their City Convention. The County Convention has been called for Sept. 14, the Manhattan Borough Convention for the same date, the Assembly Conventions for Sept. 28, and the Aldermanic conventions for the same date, with the Municipal Court district conventions, for the Twelfth and Thirteenth Municipal Court districts, on the following day.

Francis C. Huntington presided at the meeting, which was attended by fourteen of the twenty-one members. A sub-committee was authorized to hire additional rooms for a central headquarters for use during the campaign. These rooms will be located at 42 Union Square East, a few doors from the present headquarters, and will be used principally for the use of the committees on speakers, press, and literature. Also a special committee was appointed to conduct a campaign to secure the election of members of the Board of Aldermen who shall measure up to the standards of qualifications set by the Union.

President R. Fulton Cutting spoke on the plan to secure men of the highest standing to run for Aldermen in the several districts and a report was received to the effect that such a campaign already has been begun in the Borough of Brooklyn. The date for the calling of the Fusion conference, on Sept. 1, was confirmed, and no mention was made during the proceedings of the reported defection of any of the Fusion forces.

Following out the lines laid down by the Citizens' Union leaders some time ago, of dividing the organizations of such Assembly Districts as contain more than a single Aldermanic District, so that the organization in such districts may be effected and conducted by Aldermanic Districts, there was a meeting held last night in the Hamilton Bank Building, at Third Avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Street, called by Fielding L. Marshall, the leader in the Bronx Borough, and was composed of the organization in the Thirty-fifth Assembly District, which has four Aldermanic Districts in its boundaries, and therefore is very unwieldy. At the meeting the district leader, Cyrus C. Miller, announced his plans for dividing the Assembly District, and they were confirmed. Similar divisions now will be made in seven other districts in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Kennedy Urged to Succeed Finn.

Democrats of the First Assembly District who are opposing the continued leadership of Civil Justice Daniel E. Finn held a meeting last night at 5 Battery Place and boomed the opposition candidacy of Alderman Michael Kennedy, who aspires to succeed to the executive position in Tammany Hall. The meeting was attended by some 500 persons, and resolutions favoring the election of Kennedy at the September primaries were adopted.

GEN. MILES FOR PRESIDENT.

Cheered and Boomed by Colorado Veterans — Norman Mack Calls Him Formidable Candidate.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Aug. 13.—Gen. Nelson A. Miles, on his way to the National Grand Army Encampment, stopped over at Colorado Springs for several hours yesterday afternoon. A reception was tendered him by a great crowd of veterans, and afterward by the citizens. He was repeatedly cheered. Some veterans cheered him as "our next Democratic President." He was asked the question if he would consent to any movement to place his name before the next National Democratic Convention. He replied:

"That is a subject, of course, on which I have nothing to say."

Norman E. Mack, member of the National Democratic Convention from New York, who is spending the Summer here with Mrs. Mack, entertained Gen. Miles at dinner. After the dinner a reception was tendered Gen. Miles at the Antlers Hotel by the citizens of Colorado Springs. At the reception was Gov. Cummins of Iowa.

Mr. Mack, when asked his opinion of the movement, said:

"Gen. Miles can be looked upon as a formidable candidate, and would make a good President."

GORMAN FOR WARFIELD.

Important Conference on Maryland Political Situation.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 13.—At a conference held by Senator Gorman in Washington to-day with Gov. Smith, I. Freeman Rasin, chief of the Baltimore organization, and Murray Vandiver, Chairman of the State Democratic Committee, the situation in the State was discussed.

It was decided that as Mr. Edwin Warfield has gotten so far ahead in the running that it will not be possible for any one to beat him for the gubernatorial nomination to give him the support of the machine. This assures Warfield's nomination without question. No action was taken with reference to candidates for Controller or Attorney General.

NORTH CONWAY PARADE.

Special to The New York Times.

NORTH CONWAY, N. H., Aug. 13.—The heavens smiled on the gala day of the east side of the mountain, and the coaching parade, the first one since 1898, was the event of the day.

At sunrise the village was astir with busy preparations. At 9 o'clock the gayly decked vehicles assembled at the north end of Main Street, and at 10 o'clock, with banners flying, bands playing martial strains, with the fair passengers outrivaling each other to make their hotel yell the most conspicuous, the spectacular pageant slowly wended its way through the whole length of the village.

All along crowds of people from all over the mountains, from Western Maine, Portland, Portsmouth, from different sections of New Hampshire, from far and near, were waving handkerchiefs and applauding enthusiastically the decorated coaches.

When the caravan reached the White Mountain Park it entered the track and circled it twice. As each delegation came before the grand stand the immense audience gave vent to its hearty appreciation.

The day's festivities ended with an illumination and band concert on the Kearsarge piazzas to-night.

CARNEGIE STEEL CHANGES.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 13.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Carnegie Steel Company this afternoon the resignation of W. E. Corey as President was received and accepted, and A. C. Dinkey was elected his successor.

The office of Chairman of the Board was created, and J. H. Reed was chosen to fill it.

The new President appointed A. R. Hunt Superintendent of the Homestead plant and H. D. Williams Superintendent of the Duquesne plant.

GREENE TALKS BLACKMAIL

Admits It Is Not Stamped Out in Police Department.

Guilty Men Are Sought Out, However, and Magistrate Hogan Will Be Asked to Tell What He Knows.

"That there are cases of petty blackmail by the police is very probable, and I will be glad of any assistance that Magistrate Hogan or any one else will give me to ferret it out," said Police Commissioner Greene yesterday, after reading an interview with Magistrate Edward Hogan, who was quoted as saying that "never in his long service on the police bench had he seen the police 'graft' so bad as it is at present."

Among the allegations by Magistrate Hogan was one that concerned the action of the police with respect to an Italian charged with selling a gallon of wine to a girl of seventeen. The police tried to "railroad" the Italian, according to the Magistrate, but he succeeded in proving his innocence. The Magistrate said he had ascertained that the policeman had unmercifully beaten the Italian.

Commissioner Greene read to Borough Inspector Brooks what the Magistrate said about the case.

"I want you to communicate at once with Inspector Smith," said the Commissioner, "and have him submit a report to me to-morrow about this case."

Another allegation by the Magistrate was that a case was recently brought before him in the West Side Court in which a respectable young man, who had tried to rescue a young girl from a disorderly house, was charged by two detectives connected with the West Thirty-seventh Street Station with abduction. The Magistrate said he had carefully investigated the case, and found that when the detectives went to the house with the young man, the girl's mother, and her two sisters the detectives went inside, leaving the girl's relatives on the street. After remaining inside for half an hour the detectives called the girl's relatives into the house and told them that the girl was not there, and that it was useless for them to search the house. The young man, however, discovered her behind a curtain. He and the girl's mother and two sisters were then arrested, but the women were allowed to go at the station house. A charge of abduction was preferred against the man next day. The Magistrate said the inference to be drawn from the action of the policemen was plain to everybody—that they were protecting a disorderly house.

Commissioner Greene ordered Inspector Brooks to instruct the Acting Captain of the West Thirty-seventh Street Station, the regular commander, Capt. Ferris, being on his vacation, to make a detailed report of any such case that had occurred in that precinct since Jan. 1 last.

Then the Commissioner made comments on references to the arrest of disorderly women, so that professional bondsmen might profit by furnishing bail.

"That there are cases of petty blackmail by the police is very probable, and I will be very glad of any assistance Magistrate Hogan or any one else will give me to ferret it out," said Gen. Greene. "I have tried to get that help from a great many sources in the last six months. To say that petty blackmail is stamped out of the Police Department is to say what is not so. But to say that it is tolerated is not true. If there is the slightest evidence, the policeman is immediately put on trial. My belief is that there is less blackmail in the department than heretofore, but that it is not entirely exterminated."

"Is it possible to exterminate it?" was asked.

"Well," answered the Commissioner, speaking very slowly, "I think it is very difficult to absolutely exterminate it. If that story about the case of the young girl in the Thirty-seventh Street Precinct is true and we can find the people interested, the guilty policemen will be brought to trial without delay.

"I would like to inquire," continued the Commissioner, "if Magistrate Hogan had these facts about blackmail and corruption in his possession, might he not have sent for me? I think he might have given me an opportunity to investigate them. They would have been very promptly acted upon, I assure you. If Magistrate Hogan or any one else will bring me any information of that kind against any policeman, and it can be substantiated, I will have the guilty man arrested within two hours. If this particular case of the young girl is true, it is outrageous. You may depend upon it that that case will be rigorously investigated."

Referring to the arrests of disorderly women, notably in the Tenderloin, and the bailing out of the prisoners by one or two professional bondsmen, who seem to enjoy the monopoly of that business in that part of the city, the Commissioner said that he saw no way in which the business of these professional bondsmen could be broken up, because under the law, as well as in accordance with the rules of the Police Department, the Sergeant was obliged to accept their security when they established their right to be bondsmen by qualifying in the necessary amount.

The Commissioner's attention was called to the fact that in the recent "round-up" of alleged disorderly women in the streets of the Tenderloin the professional bondsmen of that district were waiting in the station for the prisoners to be brought in. Gen. Greene shrugged his shoulders and admitted that this, of course, looked like collusion between the police and the bondsmen, but he seemed to be puzzled for a remedy.

He appeared to be in the same predicament with respect to the approving of corruption on the part of the police in the alleged discrimination they made, according to Magistrate Hogan, between liquor dealers who paid blackmail and those who did not.

"Do you think it strange that Magistrate Hogan did not personally call your attention to the matters referred to in his interview?" Gen. Greene was asked.

"I think not," emphatically answered the Commissioner; "his motive seems to be plain. I will repeat," he added, speaking with great deliberation, "that Magistrate Hogan will be respectfully asked by me to give information that will substantiate the statement he has made in the newspaper article. Is that clear?"

NATURAL GAS NEAR STAMFORD?

Reported Discovery on the Farm of James A. Weed at Simsbury.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Aug. 13.—Natural gas is reported to have been discovered on the farm of James A. Weed in Simsbury. Mr. Weed is about to have a test well sunk, and if the tests come up to his expectations and the expectation of experts who have examined the property it is likely that a number of wells will be sunk on the farm. There is talk of organizing a stock company to market the product if it be found to exist in paying quantities.

The discovery was made when the new twenty-four-inch main of the Stamford Water Company was being laid through Mr. Weed's property. In order to avoid a hill, part of the main was carried across a marshy section of the Weed farm, which is located in Simsbury near the reservoir of the Water Company. When the excavation was made for the pipe line a blue clay bed common to the vicinity of oil wells was found. It was necessary to do some blasting, and within a comparatively short time after the blasts the odor of gas in the excavation was so strong as to be almost unbearable. It was found that the gas flowed from seams opened in the clay bed when the blast was shot.

Foreman Reed, who was in charge of the gang of men making the excavation, has had considerable experience with oil wells. He is satisfied that there is a good supply of the natural gas on Mr. Weed's property. The farm is an extensive tract of property, and the particular section in which the gas has been detected covers an area of about ten or fifteen acres.

FIRE CHIEF'S DRIVER ACCUSED.

Said to Have Turned in a Hundred False Alarms, Causing $5,000 Expense to Jersey City.

Walter Hartwick, driver for Fire Chief John Conway of the Jersey City Department, was suspended yesterday on charges preferred by John Speicher, Superintendent of the Fire Alarm Telegraph, who alleges that Hartwick is the author of the false alarms by which the department has been annoyed at frequent intervals for nearly a year, about one hundred alarms having been turned in at an expense of $5,000 to the city.

On Aug. 1, an alarm, apparently from box 582, on West Side Avenue, was followed by a general alarm which sent the entire department down to the meadows on the west side of the Heights. On Aug. 10, eight false alarms were turned in, apparently from five boxes.

A marked feature of the affair was that none of the boxes from which the alarms came was opened. An investigation convinced Superintendent Speicher that no box was used in ringing the alarms. Further investigation showed that the alarms all came from Circuit No. 5, and he finally obtained evidence, he says, that the alarms came from Hartwick's house, which is on the circuit named, and is connected by wire with the fire alarm system.

Hartwick, who has been in the department eight years, and has driven Chief Conway's wagon for four years, bears a good reputation. He had the privilege of resigning, but refused to accept it. He asserted his innocence, and demanded a trial before the Fire Board. This was granted, Aug. 27 being the date fixed.

Hartwick fell from a second-story window of a burning building about two years ago and was seriously injured about the head.

POPE PIUS GIVES AUDIENCES.

Several Million Francs Said to Have Been Found in Late Pope's Apartments.

ROME, Aug. 13.—The Pope was quite well to-day. He took a long drive and walk in the Vatican gardens and then received the Austrian Ambassador, who presented his credentials.

The Pope was again photographed to-day in the gardens. He afterward received Cardinal Satolli, who inquired regarding the appointment of a new Secretary of State in succession to Cardinal Rampolla, and again suggested Vincenzo Vannutelli as the best fitted for the position. Cardinal Satolli then proposed the appointment of Father Edward Fowler, Secretary to the Most Rev. J. J. Harty, Archbishop of Manila, as a domestic prelate to the Pontiff, which post carries with it the title of Monsignor. The Pope granted the request, and a brief making the appointment was issued immediately.

Cardinal Gibbons will come to Rome Friday to assist at the consecration on Saturday of the Most Rev. J. J. Harty as Archbishop of Manila, which is to be performed by Cardinal Satolli in the Franciscan Church of St. Anthony. On Sunday the Pope will receive the new Archbishop and Father Fowler in private audience. The former will receive the pallium from Cardinal Macchi on Monday, and will leave Rome the same night.

The Pope this afternoon received the Ministers of Peru, Uruguay, and Argentina, who presented their credentials and greetings from their Governments on the occasion of his election.

Mgr. Cagiano, the Major Domo, accompanied by Cardinals Rampolla and Mocenni, opened the apartment of Pope Leo this morning, breaking the seals put on at the time of the Pontiff's death. They found a considerable amount of money—it is stated several millions of francs—besides other valuables. Cardinal Cretoni, Prefect of the Congregation of Sacred Rites, was not present, having left Rome on account of illness. To-morrow a detailed inventory of all the late Pope's apartments contained will be begun.

TOBACCO DEFENSE ARGUED.

The Court Unwilling to Declare Butler Voting Trust Void on a Preliminary Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 13.—Attorney General Robert H. McCarter concluded his argument for the defense in the suit brought by Edwin A. McAlpin for the appointment of a receiver for the Universal Tobacco Company at 1 o'clock to-day, when adjournment was taken in the case by Vice Chancellor Pitney until Saturday morning.

Mr. McCarter discussed the charges made by President William of the defendant corporation against Frank Tilford and Henry R. Wilson, who he alleges purchased the Henry Clay-Bok Company, while agents of the defendant company's syndicate, for $1,500,000 and then sold it to the American Tobacco Company for $2,000,000, thus throwing into the rival trust one of the plants relied upon by the organizers of the defendant corporation to place it on equal footing.

Subsequently to the incorporation the Henry Clay-Bok Company, the Havana Commonwealth Company, the Wersinger Company, and the Cabanos Cigar Company combined with the Havana Tobacco Company, taking its stock and bonds in exchange for the individual assets of the subsidiary concerns. In this exchange, counsel declared, the purchasers of the Henry Clay-Bok Company obtained $30,000,000 of the Havana Tobacco Company's securities for that property.

Mr. Cockran explained that the plaintiff in that suit is Camille Weidenfeld, who, he claimed, makes all the other members the defendants. "The suit is brought for breach of trust, and demands a full share of the profits, or the difference between $1,500,000 and the $30,000,000 paid by the Havana Tobacco Company."

"It is quite apparent to me," said the court, "that I cannot declare this Butler voting trust void on a preliminary hearing, nor can I consent to an order granting a temporary stay."

Mr. McCarter closed his argument with a plea for the continuation of Butler at the head of the defendant company.

INJURED WOMAN IN COURT.

Kate Walsh, Accused of Attempting Suicide, Arraigned with Broken Ankle —Magistrate Inquires Reason.

Kate Walsh, who on Aug. 7, it is alleged, attempted suicide by jumping from the sixth floor of the Blackburn apartment house, in West Sixty-eighth Street, receiving numerous injuries, was arraigned in the West Side Police Court yesterday and was held on an affidavit for forty-eight hours.

The woman appeared to be very weak, and was supported by two policemen. She had her right ankle broken by her fall, and her hip was badly bruised. When she was taken into court she uttered a cry of pain and was carried into the Sergeant's room. She denied that she had attempted suicide.

"Why did they take me from the hospital?" she complained.

She was taken back to Bellevue in an ambulance.

Magistrate Mayo called up Acting Superintendent Rickard of Bellevue and asked concerning the case. He was told that the woman appeared to be in condition to make the trip to the court, and that she had been sent there so that she might be discharged by the Magistrate and then transferred from the prison ward of the hospital to one of the general wards.

Acting Superintendent Rickard said last night that, in accordance with the general practice in the hospital, the case was in the hands of the Inspection Committee of the institution.

Exploding Siphons Injure Chemist.

Six siphons of seltzer water, highly charged with gas, exploded at Bellevue Hospital yesterday in the room where the nurses call for the filling of prescriptions. The siphons were separated from the many nurses in the room by a partition, so that they were saved from the flying glass. William Hayes, the assistant chemist, lifted a siphon from a case, when it exploded, the concussion setting off the others. He was cut by the flying glass, but had the immediate attention of the physicians who hurried to the prescription room on hearing the explosion. When the glass had been picked out of him and his wounds had been dressed, Hayes returned to his work.

"Get the Habit."

Twice a Year We Houseclean.

Just now we're sweeping out our Spring and Summer stocks—men's and boys' clothing, etc.—at sweeping reductions.

Semi-Annual One-Third-Off Sale is now on.

We're busy.

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Four Convenient Stores. 279 Broadway, 47 Cortlandt St., 211 and 219 6th Ave., 125th St., cor. 3d Ave.

SOLIDSILK BLACK CRAVATS are solid in goodness. The extra quality doesn't extra the price. At all smart shops.

LOUIS AUERBACH, Maker, 842, 844, 846 BROADWAY.

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SUFFERING IN JAMAICA

Thousands of Persons Are Homeless and Starving.

HURRICANE IS RETURNING

Meeting at Port Antonio Issues an Appeal to the American People for Aid—Steamers Floated.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 13.—The destitution in the hurricane-stricken districts is appalling. Thousands of persons, homeless, starving, and ill-clad, are hurrying to the towns to obtain shelter and supplies. As all the churches and public buildings have been demolished there is no place to shelter them, and the misery is intense. A meeting held at Port Antonio to-day appealed, with the Governor's approval, to the generosity of the American people. Foodstuffs and lumber are urgently needed and assistance was implored.

The Norwegian steamer Ethelwold encountered the hurricane on her voyage from New York to Jamaica and passed through a terrible experience. Her machinery became deranged, and the cylinder cover was blown off. The steamers Alfred Dumois and the Salvatore di Giorgio are still ashore. The other steamers which went ashore have been floated.

HALIFAX, Aug. 13.—A special from Jamaica via Bermuda says that torrents of rain fell to-day at Jamaica and at 4 o'clock this afternoon the barometer had dropped four points. It was reported at Kingston that the hurricane was returning and that the residents were greatly alarmed. A tremendous gale blew all day, and as the telegraph wires are down it is impossible to ascertain what damage has been done. A train started to-day to cross the island, but as many of the bridges had been swept away it is doubtful if it will get very far. The velocity of the wind this afternoon was 110 miles an hour.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The Weather Bureau to-night issued the following special bulletin:

"A special report received Thursday afternoon from Progreso, the first from that section, indicates that the tropical storm had kept well to the southward, and was apparently central near the northeast point of Yucatan. Its future course is uncertain, but probably will be northward over the Gulf of Mexico. More reports have been requested from Mexico, and it will be impossible to give any more definite information regarding the storm until barometer readings from Gulf stations afford some indications of its approach. It is considered unsafe for vessels to sail for or from Gulf ports, and advices were issued accordingly. Due warning will be given should it become evident that the storm will approach the Gulf Coast."

FRUIT COMPANY'S LOSS.

Manager Cadmus Takes Hopeful View of Jamaica Conditions.

Manager Irvin Cadmus of the United Fruit Company's offices in this city had little to say last night regarding the damage done the property of the company in Jamaica. Most of the information received by him had been gleaned from newspapers or by special reports from the headquarters of the company in Boston.

"My judgment may be wrong," he said, "but I don't believe our property has suffered in the extreme. Besides, we are not altogether dependent upon Jamaica for our fruit supply. We have fruit plantations in Cuba and other parts of the West Indies."

The buildings which were reported wrecked at Port Antonio are not of great value, according to information obtained here from persons familiar with their character.

It was reported that the Brighton, of the United Fruit Company's fleet, which was driven ashore at Point Nona, Jamaica, had been floated and was on its way to the United States.

The local office of the United Fruit Company has not decided whether it will dispatch one of its boats now at its dock in the North River to Jamaica or some other island port to which it goes for fruit from the company's plantations.

H. O'Neill & Co.

Announce Important Clearing and Alteration Sales For Friday and Saturday.

Clearing Sale of

Boys' Wash Suits, Wash Blouses and Pants.

BOYS' WASH SUITS, made of Galatea, Chambray and White Duck, sizes 3 to 10 years... 39c
Reduced from 98c.

BOYS' WASH PANTS, made of Imported English Galatea in fifteen different stripes... 29c
Reduced from 59c.

BOYS' BLOUSE WAISTS, made of Chambray, Madras and White Bedford Cord, sizes 3 to 13 years... 39c
Reduced from 75c.

10 dozen CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS, in all the new braids, also WASH HATS, all sizes, each... 25c
Reduced from 98c.

Clearing Sale of

Misses' and Children's Wash Dresses and Skirts

CHILDREN'S CHAMBRAY DRESSES in Guimpe and high neck, trimmed with Pique and embroidery, full skirt with deep hem, sizes 6 to 12 years... $1.98
Reduced from $5.00.

MISSES' LINEN and WHITE PIQUE SKIRTS, pleated and seven gored with folds of same, length from 37 to 41 inches... $2.98
Reduced from $4.50.

Clearing Sale of

Women's Lawn Suits and Waists.

Fine grade of WHITE LAWN and MADRAS WAISTS, tucked and embroidery trimmed... $1.98
Reduced from $3.98.

Lot of WHITE LAWN WASH SUITS, that were formerly marked from $5.50 to $16.00,

at $1.98 to $7.50.

Clearing Sale of

Women's and Children's Bathing Suits.

Formerly $6.00 to $15.00,

Now Marked $2.98 to $9.98.

Clearing Sale of

Men's Negligee Shirts.

ALL NEGLIGEE SHIRTS that were marked 65c, 75c, and 98c. each; at... 39c

ALL NEGLIGEE SHIRTS of extra fine Madras and Percale cloths, that were marked $1.00 and $1.25 each; at... 50c

Clearing Sale of

Women's Hosiery.

1,000 pairs BLACK and FANCY COTTON HOSE, made to sell at 29c. to 39c.; at per pair... 19c

1,500 pairs WOMEN'S SAMPLE HOSE, worth from 39c. to 65c; at per pair... 24c

500 pairs WOMEN'S BLACK BRIGHT SILK HOSE, double soles, heels and toes, made to sell at $1.50; at per pair... 98c

Clearing Sale of

Women's Neckwear and Handkerchiefs.

HANDKERCHIEFS—Plain and fancy; also all linen, embroidered initials, formerly 10c. and 12½c. each, at... 5c

NECKWEAR—Stock Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Turnover Collars and Ascots in a great variety of materials, trimmed with lace, embroidery and fancy work—formerly 35c. to $1.25; at

10c., 15c. and 25c. each.

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 21st Street.

MISS JEFFERSON'S PLUCK.

Special to The New York Times.

BUZZARDS BAY, Mass., Aug. 13.—Miss Sarah Jefferson, granddaughter of the veteran actor, Joseph Jefferson, astonished her grandfather and all her family by submitting to the painful operation of having portions of her skin cut away for the purpose of "skin grafting" to save the life of Mrs. George McQueen, the family coachman's wife, who had been terribly burned. Moved by a sudden impulse of pity, without giving any warning of her intention, Miss Jefferson went to St. Luke's Hospital in New Bedford three weeks ago and announced her readiness to be stripped of parts of her skin.

The doctors found her in perfect health and at once set at work. Several long strips were removed from her hip and thighs and transferred to the raw flesh of the suffering woman, where it at once took firm root and began to spread. Since then the healing has been so rapid that Mrs. McQueen will probably be discharged in a few weeks.

But the sacrifice was almost too much for Miss Jefferson, who was so affected by the shock that complications set in which kept her in bed for a fortnight.

Joseph Jefferson himself was not let into the secret until a few days ago. Since then his admiration for the deed has overcome his feelings of concern, and he is glad and proud of his granddaughter's deed.

AUTOMOBILE RUNS WILD.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Aug. 13.—Robert J. Collier had considerable difficulty with his automobile in Bellevue Avenue this afternoon. As he was approaching the Casino he lost control of the machine, which seemed to have assumed the spirit of a bronco and to become as unmanageable as one of those restive animals. It first ran into an express wagon and put that out of commission. After it had been cleared of this vehicle it proceeded still further toward the Casino entrance and struck a carriage owned by J. C. Borden of Fall River, who owns a cottage on Ocean Avenue. The carriage was damaged more seriously than the express wagon.

The automobile next attempted to enter the Casino, and had approached quite well across the sidewalk to the entrance before it was brought thoroughly under control. Mr. Collier will have a considerable bill to pay for the damage done by his automobile, and the latter will require some tinkering to make it a safe vehicle in which to run on Bellevue Avenue.

Golden Wedding Anniversary.

The fiftieth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lisiecki will be celebrated at their residence 602 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, to-day. The celebration will consist of a thanksgiving service, after which a reception will be held, in which their four children, nine grandchildren, three great-grandchildren, and their numerous friends will participate. Mr. Lisiecki for many years was actively engaged in the cabinet manufacturing business, from which he retired about fifteen years ago.

CAR WHEEL PLANTS COMBINE.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Aug. 13.—Options have been given on eight car wheel plants to consolidate them under one corporation. They are as follows:

Rochester (N. Y.) Car Wheel Company.
Maher Car Wheel Company, Cleveland, Ohio.
New York Car Wheel Works, Buffalo.
Cayuga Wheel Company, Sayre, Penn.
Lobdell Car Wheel Company, Wilmington, Del.
Maryland Wheel Company, Baltimore.
Ramapo Car Wheel Company, Ramapo, N. Y.
Kristone Car Wheel Company, Pittsburg.

The Pennsylvania Car Wheel Company and Central Car Wheel Works Company of Pittsburg, together with that owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Altoona, are not included in the deal. The plants to be consolidated will have an output of 2,700 wheels daily, consuming 1,000 tons of pig iron daily.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

UTICA, Aug. 13.—A six-thousand-dollar fire occurred in the Carpenter Block at Ilion early this morning. The losses are: F. N. Sayles, paper store, $1,000; O. B. Rudd, jewelry, $1,500; Ilion National Bank, $500; F. M. Gelman, grocery, $1,000; nine families of tenants, $500; the buildings, $1,500, all insured.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

(From 12 o'clock Wednesday night until 12 o'clock Thursday night.)

12 midnight.—250 East One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street; owner unknown; damage, $50.

3:40 A. M.—108 Bayard Street; S. Del Bosco; damage, $200.

11:40 A. M.—329 Second Street; Emma Mandell; damage, $10.

11:45 A. M.—804 Amsterdam Avenue; Jacob Gluckman; damage, $5.

4:30 P. M.—101 East One Hundred and Thirty-second Street; William Button; damage, $25.

4:50 P. M.—435 West Thirteenth Street; Confen Brothers; damage, $50.

7:15 P. M.—114 Ridge Street; Samuel Breshare; damage, $50.

A Boon in Summer Time

is Glenn's Sulphur Soap—a pure, harmless soap blended with the finest quality of sulphur. Use it in toilet and bath. It quickly heals chafing, prickly heat, and cleanses and cools the skin. For sale by all druggists.

Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c.

PARKS PLACED ON TRIAL

Six Jurors Chosen Thus Far to Sit in Walking Delegate's Case.

Recorder Allows Adjournment Until Monday That Accused Man May Consult Lawyers—Col. D. C. Robinson Retained.

Samuel J. Parks, walking delegate for the Housesmiths, Bridgemen and Structural Iron Workers' Union, was placed on trial yesterday before Recorder Goff in the Court of General Sessions, under the first of four indictments charging him with extortion. When adjournment was taken last night six jurors had been selected from the special panel of 150 talesmen.

At the request of counsel for Parks, the Recorder then allowed the trial to go over until Monday morning, and consented to admit Parks to bail until then, so as to give him every opportunity to consult with his lawyers, who pleaded they had been called in at the last moment, and had not had time to familiarize themselves with the case.

Parks was taken up to Recorder Goff's house in a cab about 8 o'clock last evening. After having been assured that the District Attorney had approved a renewal of the same bonds for $4,000 the Recorder ordered Parks's release on those bonds.

Ex-Magistrate Brann, who has appeared for Parks in all the earlier proceedings, has been superseded by Col. David C. Robinson and Joseph P. and Alexander C. Eustace of Elmira. Mr. Brann is associated with the other lawyers in the defense, but took no part in the proceedings yesterday.

Their first step, for the purpose of staving off the trial, was to go before Justice Freedman in the Supreme Court and ask for a stay pending argument on a motion to have the venue in the case of their client changed. The motion, papers in which were served on Assistant District Attorney Rand just before he went into court, is returnable Aug. 24. Justice Freedman, however, refused to stay proceedings in the meantime on the ground that the motion was made too late.

Mr. Robinson followed up his first effort for a stay by asking Recorder Goff, when the case was called before him, to grant a stay of proceedings until after the argument on the motion for a change of venue, declaring that the conditions which made that motion necessary had been created by the District Attorney and his assistants, who had poisoned the public mind against their client. On the same ground Mr. Eustace later objected to the special jury. Recorder Goff denied the motions on the ground that it would involve action on his part to oust his own court from jurisdiction, a proceeding for which he said there was no precedent.

Parks was then called to the bar, and Assistant District Attorney Rand announced that he would move the case for trial in which Josephus Plenty, a New Jersey contractor, complains that he was forced to pay Parks $200 in order to have a strike on a job on the North German Lloyd pier in Hoboken called off.

Parks looked pale and ill at ease as he took his seat at the table of his counsel within the railing. The courtroom was crowded with talesmen and witnesses in the case. In the corridor many of Parks's friends and followers in the Housesmiths' Union, who had been unable to gain admittance to the courtroom, clustered as near the open door as they were permitted to come. Assemblyman Richard Butler of the Ninth Assembly District, William S. Devery's lieutenant, was in court as usual. The work of getting a jury was begun without any loss of time.

The six jurors selected yesterday were:

JOHN E. KENANE, clerk, 203 West One Hundred and Fortieth Street, foreman.
WILLIAM L. DETMOLD, woolens, 71 Worth Street.
DAVID MAY, salesman, 144 West One Hundred and Eleventh Street.
A. IRVING GRIGGS, treasurer, 311 Water Street.
J. MILTON DOREMUS, Vice President, 46 Park Place.
IRA P. BEARD, salesman, 451 West Twenty-third Street.

Mr. Rand asked comparatively few questions of the talesmen. One standing question was whether they knew any of the following men who Mr. Rand told the Recorder were more or less connected with the case: President McConnell of the Fuller Construction Company, William S. Devery, Richard Butler, Bernard Lynch, in whose saloon Parks made his headquarters, and Timothy McCarthy, John Dolan, and Henry Farrell, all of whom are connected with labor organizations. Mr. Rand used his only peremptory challenge when Charles Schroeder, a tailor of 128 West Forty-ninth Street, said he was making Parks's clothing, but thought that this fact would not prevent him from doing his duty as a juror.

The defense used a number of peremptory challenges and asked many questions of the talesmen in reference to their relations to organized labor, or if they ever had been sufferers from strikes.

Prior to the trial in the Court of General Sessions, Parks was arraigned for sentence in the Court of Special Sessions on the charge of assault preferred by Peter O'Neill of the Plasterers' Union, on which Parks was convicted a week ago. On the motion of Mr. Rand sentence was deferred until Sept. 18.

UNIONS REFUSE TO STRIKE.

Two Bodies Based Their Action on Employers' Arbitration Agreement.

At a meeting of the building trade section of the Central Federated Union yesterday the Board of Painters and Decorators stated that they wanted to order a strike on the Morris High School, at Washington Avenue and One Hundred and Sixty-sixth Street, and asked the Mosaic and Caustic Tile Layers' delegate and the Electrical Workers' delegate if they would go out on sympathetic strike. The response was a flat refusal on the ground that both had signed the arbitration plan of the Building Trades Employers' Association that forbids sympathetic strikes, and because the strike would be aimed principally at the Amalgamated Painters and Decorators' Union, which has also signed.

The delegate of the steamfitters, who are striking for a raise from $4 to $5 a day, made a motion, seconded by the dock builders' delegate, that all delegates that have signed be expelled, but was ruled out by the Chairman, who said such a motion must be presented in writing to the Committee on Grievances.

Officers of the Brewery Workers' organization protested that many beer-wagon drivers, bartenders, and other employes had lost their places, together with clerks in many retail stores in other lines because of the loss of trade through the long building strike.

Samuel Parks said yesterday: "We—and by we I mean the men of the two strongest unions interested in the lockout—told the bosses some time ago that we were going to prolong the lockout, as it was forced on us, and we had no alternative. And we shall stay out so long that the bosses, I am afraid, will become tired of prolonging the tie-up."

He was asked whether it was true that want, hunger, or suffering of any kind exists among the families of the unions, and replied: "Absolutely not. The best contradiction of that story is that on Friday night last, at a meeting of our union, the men unanimously voted $30,000 of the union's money into circulation for the benefit of the members. Our union is financially strong. The men lack nothing. They would tell me if they were in want, just as they tell me all their other troubles. The men are solid—that's my best word for them. And, despite any rumors the other side may set afloat, my men are not starving nor are their families starving."

WILL NOT RECOGNIZE UNION.

Chicago Express Companies Court a Strike, and One May Be Declared.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—The Chicago Federation of Labor will be asked to sanction a strike of 700 locals, members of the Brotherhood of Railway Expressmen, against every express company conducting traffic in and out of Chicago.

Demands relating to wages, hours, and general working conditions were presented by the union to each of the companies on July 15, and thirty days were allowed for a reply. Long before the allotted time the company sent word that they would not treat with the organization.

Frank C. Hill, Secretary of the Brotherhood, called on the managers of the companies involved, and in every instance received the reply that no overtures from any union would be considered.

PORTERS TO ABANDON TIPS.

Extraordinary Manifestation of Organized Labor Movement in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—The spirit of organization which has been putting in something more than the regulation eight hours a day of late, has pressed its work among the porters on the Pullman cars. "We would rather get our living from the Pullman Company than from the public," they say in effect.

A committee is hard at work on rules and by-laws for the organization. A preliminary meeting was held. There the "tipping" system was looked upon with much disfavor and the porters have about decided to join hands with the public in stamping it out. On Aug. 20 a meeting will be held at which a permanent organization will be formed and the union will seek affiliation with the American Federation of Labor.

CHINESE TABLETS RECOVERED.

Three of Them Had Been Purchased by Capt. A. V. P. Anderson.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 13.—Three jade tablets that were taken from the palace of the Chinese Emperor during the occupancy of the Forbidden City by allied troops have been turned over to the Chinese Consul General in this city by Capt. A. V. P. Anderson of the Sixth Cavalry.

Capt. Anderson arrived here on the transport Logan Sunday last. He professed to have little knowledge of the value of the tablets. When told that the Chinese Government had called upon the United States Government to aid in the recovery of a number of jade tablets, he sent those he possessed to the local Chinese Consulate with a letter, in which he says: "The tablets were secured by me in Yang Tsun from a Russian officer."

The tablets are three of twelve pieces of jade that tell the most important part of the history of the present Manchuria dynasty. Each tablet is nine by four inches in size. Two are inscribed in Manchurian characters and the other in Mandarin characters.

CRITICISES LICENSE BUREAU.

Magistrate Hogan, in Discharging Peddlers, Makes Comments Resented by Secretary Reynolds.

Magistrate Hogan has clashed with James Banks Reynolds, Secretary to Mayor Low, and acting head of the License Bureau in the City Hall.

When two Italians were arraigned before the Magistrate in the Tombs Police Court yesterday charged with peddling without licenses, the Magistrate looked annoyed. This annoyance grew as the policeman explained to him that the foreigners often, after obtaining their first citizenship papers, apply for licenses, but are kept waiting several days before they obtain an audience and then have to wait several days more before it is determined whether they can peddle or not.

"What difference does all that make," said the Magistrate. "There is no reason why licenses should be given to some and not to others. There are business men in this city who never have become citizens, some of them never having even taken out first papers. It is an awful state of affairs for these men who are seeking to make an honest living. A few years ago, the man who is giving out licenses at the City Hall acted as the champion of these poor people. Now things have changed. The men are discharged."

Mr. Reynolds was pained deeply when he heard of the happenings at the court, and said he firmly believed the Magistrate had exaggerated matters.

Together with Deputy Chief Merriman he declared the Magistrate was talking hastily in making reflections on the bureau.

"There was a time when graft may have helped in this bureau," said Mr. Merriman, "but that long ago died out, and now we have established a system under which we believe such a thing is not possible. We have found that the Italian and Greek peddlers impose on us, and that the padrone system flourishes among the pushcart men, all of which we have sought to break up. Our object has been to enforce the law, and that alone."

SHIP PLAYTHING OF WINDS.

The Samoena Reaches Port, Unable to Make Her Voyage to Buenos Ayres.

A strange trip was that of the British ship Samoena, which arrived here yesterday under orders from her agent. Her crew told of the vessel being the plaything of the wind for more than 100 days.

The craft sailed out of Norfolk on March 11, bound for Buenos Ayres. On May 1 she crossed the equator, and immediately began to fall off her course. When she failed to keep to it after many hours of effort to have her mind her head, the Captain and his men wondered exceedingly. An examination of the steering gear showed that it was in perfect order.

Then the crew bent to their work of sailing the craft anew. But again she fell away. For seven weeks this continued, and then the Captain gave an order on June 13 that all efforts to proceed further south be abandoned. Accordingly, the wheel was thrown over, so the ship would get in the track for the Barbados. It had been discovered that the vessel was too lightly ballasted. The Captain hoped to obtain the needed ballast at the islands. But on arrival there the ship was ordered to New York, the vessel having been so long out of port as to be amenable to the provision which deprives a craft of her charter for the trip named therein.

WILL OF ELIPHALET W. BLISS.

Projectile Manufacturer in Bequests to Relatives Asks for Continuance of His Kindergarten.

The terms of the will of Eliphalet W. Bliss, the millionaire projectile manufacturer, who died on July 21, filed in the office of the Surrogate of New York on July 30, were first made public yesterday. The will was executed Jan. 20, 1903, and appoints the testator's widow, James W. Lane of Manhattan, and William A. Porter of Sea Cliff, L. I., executors of the estate. They are not to be required to furnish bond, and are empowered to dispose of the real estate.

To his sister, Francis S. Matthews, Mr. Bliss gives the house at Bay Ridge now occupied by her and $25,000. To Lucien H. Gould of Brooklyn, Florence N. Gould, and Fanny G. Gould, Manhattan; Mrs. Mary E. Bowens of Bay Ridge and Mrs. Elsie S. Whittlesey of Montclair, N. J., nephews and nieces, is given $20,000 each.

Christ Episcopal Church of Bay Ridge receives $10,000, and the rest of his estate Mr. Bliss leaves to his widow, Anna M. Bliss and his daughter, Eva M. B. Lane. He especially requests that his heirs make proper provision for the maintenance of the E. W. Bliss kindergarten, now being supported as a branch of the Brooklyn Kindergarten, now being supported as a branch of the Brooklyn Kindergarten Association.

Immigrant Children's Mother Gone.

Two Italian children, Giaconia and Francesca Senia, in the detention room at Ellis Island, under care of one of the matrons, arrived on the Nord Amerika in the care of the ship's officers, their mother having disappeared during the trip from Italy. The family was coming to join Gasparre Gruppoeo of 104 Devine Street, Brooklyn, a brother of the mother. Through the efforts of Father Gambera of the Italian Mission on Bleecker Street, this uncle has been located, and the children will make their home with him.

—Asbury Park Baby Parade prizes are now on exhibition in New York, Broadway and Cortlandt st., at L. E. Waterman Co., manufacturers of Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens.—Adv.

STARTLED BY CRAZY MAN

Supposed to be Safe in Asylum, He Drops in on Relatives.

Geier, Who Thinks Mortal Enemies Lurk in His Ears, Is Kept Good, However, Until Police Arrive.

Samuel Geier, who has been confined for two years in an asylum for the insane at Middletown, and whom his relatives supposed to be there still, yesterday afternoon strolled into the liquor store of his brother-in-law, I. Cohen, at 1,874 Third Avenue, and calmly bade him good day.

"Fine weather—how's business to-day?" he began.

Cohen was scared, but he decided that safety lay in humoring Geier, so he continued the conversation in an off-hand manner. Finally, in order to indicate to Reuben Lentke, a shoe dealer in Third Avenue, near One Hundred and Sixth Street, who happened to be in the saloon, that the new-comer was insane, he began to question Geier about the asylum, and asked him how he happened to leave it.

"Oh, that's a bunch of consumptives up there," replied Geier, "and I didn't want to sleep with them. Besides, I'm as sane as anybody now."

Meanwhile Lentke had taken in the situation and while Cohen held the crazy man in conversation he went to summon Abraham Geier, a brother of Samuel, living at 202 East One Hundred and Fourth Street. Samuel greeted Abraham placidly. He told him that he was cured and so had slipped away from the asylum and taken the train for Newburg, where he had changed his appearance by shaving his beard. From there he had come to New York on foot, walking day and night and begging food at the farmhouses.

Abraham, fearful lest one of his brother's violent attacks might return at any moment, sent to the West One Hundred and Fourth Street Police Station for help, and Policeman Max Fischer responded. Samuel was taken to the Harlem Police Court, where he became excited, declaring to Magistrate Crane that his friends wanted to kill him or else send him back to the asylum.

Magistrate Crane refused to hold the man until the authorities come from Middletown, but committed him to Bellevue Hospital. Samuel's condition grew worse after the excitement of the courtroom, and while in the street car on the way to Bellevue with Policeman Fischer his hallucination that people were following him to kill him showed itself. He saw his enemies coming out of the car seats, and finally declared they were in his ears. He was finally left in Bellevue, from where he will be returned to Middletown.

Abraham Geier says that his brother's mind gave way about two years ago, when he was thirty-six years old. His madness was brought about by two causes. First, his mother died, and he fell into periods of deep despondency. A short time afterward his father became blind, and Samuel gave up his business as peddler so that he might remain at home to care for the aged man. The constant anxiety he felt for his father's condition, added to grief for the loss of his mother, unbalanced his mind.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 13.—Samuel Geier, who escaped from the State Hospital here Wednesday, has generally been a quiet patient, who has had liberty about the grounds, and took advantage of it to walk away. Geier is supposed to have walked to the Summit, on the Erie Railroad, a short distance from the hospital, and there boarded a freight train. An attendant will be sent for him to-morrow.

ELEVATED ROAD'S SHOWING.

Manhattan Company's Increase in Passengers Carried Attributed to Electricity.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company, which has leased the Manhattan Elevated Railway, yesterday made public a report of the operations for the year ended June 30 last, which shows heavy increases in the number of passengers carried, the net income, and other items. As compared with the annual report of the Manhattan for the previous year this year's report shows an increase in the number of passengers carried of 31,327,677. This increase was accomplished in part during the last quarter of the year, when, although the number of passengers carried increased 8,406,188, the operating expenses decreased $99,017, while net earnings increased $513,554. This showing is attributed by the officers of the company to the use of electricity as a motive power and to better service on all the lines of the company.

The report for the year shows as follows:

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Gross earn'g from operating	$12,208,337	$10,665,911	$1,542,426
Operating expen. exc. taxes	5,460,794	5,518,585	*57,791
Net earn. from operating ..	$6,747,543	$5,147,326	$1,600,217
Inc. other sourc.	346,859	625,800	*278,941
Gross inc. all sources	$7,094,402	$5,773,126	$1,321,276
Interest on bonds	1,809,687	1,809,681	6
Taxes	1,011,172	889,990	121,182
Total int. and taxes	$2,820,859	$2,699,671	$121,188
Net income...	$4,273,544	$3,073,455	$1,200,089
Operating %......	44.73	51.74	7.01
Passengers car'd.	246,587,022	215,259,345	31,327,677

* Decrease.

For the last quarter the report shows:

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Gross earn'g from operating	$3,271,787	$2,857,250	$414,537
Oper. exp. (excluding all taxes)...	1,302,089	1,401,106	*99,017
Net earn. from operation ..	$1,969,698	$1,456,144	$513,554
Inc. from other sources	90,187	111,287	*21,100
Gross inc. from all sources ...	$2,059,885	$1,567,431	$492,454
Interest on bonds	451,664	451,664	
Taxes	232,899	204,185	28,714
Total int. and taxes	$684,563	$655,849	$28,714
Net income.....	$1,375,322	$911,582	$463,740
Operating %....	39.80	49.03	*9.23
Passengers car'd.	66,105,436	57,699,248	8,406,188

* Decrease.

The report for the quarter was received with especial interest in the financial district because it covers the first quarter of the Belmont régime.

QUEENS ROAD'S NEW BOARD.

President Turnbull Says He and His Associates Would Operate the Property.

The composition of the new Board of Directors of the New York and Queens County Railroad, the purchase of which caused quite a stir some weeks ago because of the mystery in which the new owners chose to shroud themselves, was made public yesterday.

The board is as follows: Arthur Turnbull, 38 Wall Street, President; E. T. Perine, 55 Cedar Street, Secretary and Treasurer; J. J. Rollins, 32 Nassau Street; Calvert Brewer and W. C. Ivison, 55 Cedar Street, office United States Mortgage and Trust Company; W. K. Matthews, 38 Wall Street; A. J. Elias, 20 Broad Street; V. P. Snyder, President of Western National Bank, all of Manhattan, and Francis Rawle of Philadelphia.

President Turnbull, when asked whom he represented, declared that he and his associates had bought the road for themselves, and would operate it. He denied that the Pennsylvania or the Long Island Railroad had any interest in the property. He was also asked this question:

"Have you bought it for the Belmont or other interests?"

And his reply was:

"We have bought it for ourselves, and are able to operate it."

INSIDE POOL DENIED.

President of Canadian Pacific Repudiates the Reports.

MONTREAL, Aug. 13.—The attention of President Shaughnessy of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, having been called to reports that an inside pool existed for the manipulation of that company's shares, he said:

"You may quote me as stating most emphatically that neither the President nor any member of our board has any connection with or knows anything about any pool of insiders or outsiders for the purpose of trading in our shares. Such operations are now, as they always have been, contrary to the policy of the company and its Directorate."

INTERBOROUGH REPORT.

Operating Cost for Quarter Ended June 30 Smallest on Record.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 13.—The Interborough Railroad Company made a record in operating the system of railroads it controls during the quarter ended June 30. The operating cost for that quarter is the smallest ever known in the conduct of railroads in this country, and demonstrates the cheapness of electricity as a motive power.

The operating cost for the quarter, excluding taxes, was 39.80 per cent., and, including taxes, 46.91 per cent. During only a brief period after April 1, when the Interborough Company took charge of the Manhattan Elevated, a few locomotives were used. Therefore the road may be said practically to have been operated by electricity for the whole quarter.

For the corresponding quarter last year, when the motive power was part steam and part electricity, the operating cost was 49.03 per cent. excluding taxes and 56.18 per cent. including taxes.

For the quarter ended June 30, when the entire system was operated by steam, the operating cost was 53.18 per cent. excluding taxes and 60.96 per cent. including taxes.

ERIE ENGINEERS PROTEST.

New Order Compelling Them to Make Run of 192 Miles Opposed.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Aug. 13.—The Grievance Committees of Division No. 54, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and Deer Park Lodge No. 1, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, with General Chairman Matthew M. Shay and J. W. Milliken of the Boards of Adjustment of the respective organizations, were in conference in New York yesterday with First Vice President Daniel Willard of the Erie, in opposition to a recent order requiring engineers to run passenger trains all the way from Jersey City to Susquehanna, instead of the present custom of changing crews at this village, the terminal of the New York and Delaware Divisions.

The men argued that the run of 192 miles, the distance over the two divisions, would be a superhuman task, and that it was a great risk to require men to run on a division with which they are unfamiliar. Mr. Willard argued that the order was for the purpose of securing better results on the passenger engines. He finally assured the men, however, that the order would not be enforced and they would be consulted before anything else was done. The committee reported at a joint meeting here last night, and the men are in a happy frame of mind.

COLLISION IN THE SOUND.

Yacht of the President's Cousin Badly Damaged by the Fishing Steamer Falcon.

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 13.—The cutter yacht Wenonah, owned by Samuel M. Roosevelt of New York, arrived here to-day in a badly damaged condition, having been in collision last night with the fishing steamer Falcon off Faulkner's Island. The vessels met bow on, and the cutter, being the lighter craft, suffered the more damage, the steamer having no injury to her hull. The Wenonah's bow was crushed in above the water line and her rigging carried away. Immediately after the crash the Wenonah took fire, but the crew quickly extinguished the flames. Several persons on the cutter were more or less burned, but otherwise no one was injured.

The Falcon was bound for New York, while the Wenonah was headed for New London. The steamer stood by after the collision and then took the dismantled yacht in tow and brought her into this harbor. Mr. Samuel M. Roosevelt, who was on board, said that the Wenonah left New York last Friday, putting into Oyster Bay that night and remaining during Saturday, he being the guest of his cousin, the President. The yacht left Larchmont yesterday. Mr. Roosevelt says she was on her sailing course, with lights properly displayed. He places the blame for the collision on the officers of the steamer, as the weather was clear. He said it was a lively few minutes, the mast going overboard, and then fire breaking out in the cabin.

Mr. Roosevelt said that he would continue his trip eastward, and this afternoon, when his own and his guests' baggage had been taken from the yacht, they left by train for New London. The guests were J. Leslie Cotton of 1,123 Broadway, New York City, and Sanford B. Pomeroy, an artist, of Paris.

SUMMONS FOR HAMMERSTEIN.

Horse That Blows Out a Light and Goes to Bed Is Said to Break Sunday Law.

Oscar Hammerstein, the proprietor of the Victoria Theatre and other theatrical enterprises, was summoned to the Tombs Police Court yesterday, charged with violating the Sabbath law in allowing an equestrian performance to be held on the stage in the Victoria Roof Garden.

The complainant was Policeman Finn of the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station. A complaint was made out against Hammerstein, and when it was handed to Magistrate Hogan it was found that B. Hammerstein, a son of Oscar, had been made the defendant. This complaint was dismissed, at the request of the District Attorney. A second complaint was found acceptable, and on this complaint an adjournment of one week was taken.

It was charged that a horse gives a performance on Sunday nights, in which the animal blows out a light and goes to bed. This act is called an equestrian act, but the counsel for Mr. Hammerstein contends that, as the horse is on the stage alone, the act is an equine act, and does not come under the statute.

HAD THE BRIDE ARRESTED.

Pittsburg Man's Revenge on Happy Rival—Also Cost the Groom $33.80 to Hit Him.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 13.—Mrs. Eva Berlin, a bride of three days, was last night arrested on a larceny charge just as she was starting for her new home in New York. She was released from the Allegheny County jail on bail this morning.

Her husband is Dr. Sol Berlin, a graduate of Columbia University and European schools, and they were married here. Samuel Golden, a Pittsburger, had courted Mrs. Berlin, and had given her diamond earrings alleged to be worth $500. Dr. Berlin said:

"My, but it has been an expensive and disagreeable business, this having a rival. He gave my wife a pair of earrings, and then when we were engaged she offered Golden $190 for them. She paid $90 at different times for the jewels, and then when I came here to marry her he demanded that they be returned. She said, 'Give me my $90 and I'll give you the diamonds.' He would not give the money, and she did not return the earrings.

"I had to beat him near my wife's residence. We were arrested, and it cost me $33.80. Now I have to pay $200 more to get my wife out of jail."

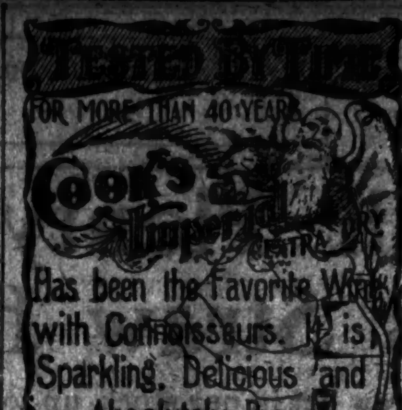
Alexander M. Byers's Estate.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Aug. 13.—Executors of the Alexander M. Byers estate filed their final accounting to-day. The total value of the estate was $1,925,274.50. After deducting expenditures, a balance of $1,895,889.46 remained. The profits from the Girard Iron Works of Girard, Ohio, from April 1, 1902, to June 1, 1903, amounted to $501,279.21. The plant is appraised at $801,146.05.

Considering Police Headquarters Plans.

Commissioner Greene, with Deputy Commissioners Ebstein, Piper, and Davis, Chief Clerk Kipp, the heads of the several departments at Police Headquarters, and the Borough Inspectors, spent two hours yesterday going over the plans for the new Central Office building, which have been approved by the Sinking Fund Commission. The Commissioner said that he wanted the opinion of his subordinates as to the best method of disposing of the floor space.



The Best TONIC

When you are worn out with the day's heat and business cares, there is nothing so refreshing and invigorating as

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

A teaspoon in a glass of water is a delicious thirst quencher and tonic that revives and strengthens the entire system.

Genuine bears name "Horsford's" on label.

CANADIANS LOSE CUP.

Challenger Irondequoit Wins from Strathcona the Deciding Contest for Canada Trophy.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, Ontario, Aug. 13.—The Canada Cup was lost to Canada to-day when the Rochester Yacht Club's challenger, Irondequoit, finished 1 minute and 22 seconds ahead of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club's defender, Strathcona, in the fifth and last contest of the series. The victory of the American by 56 seconds elapsed time was acclaimed by shrieking of whistles from scores of steam yachts that had followed the racers, and by cheers of hundreds of spectators.

The result of the series has been a distinct surprise, inasmuch as the Canadian yacht walked away with the first two races, and gave every promise of making it three straight. On Tuesday, however, Addison Hanan, the clever New York amateur skipper, arrived, having received a message to come the night before. He arrived just in time to reach the Irondequoit as she was starting, and though the boat and the conditions were absolutely new to him, he clearly out-manoeuvred Jarvis, the cleverest of Canada's amateur sailors, and who captured the Cup for Canada in the first contests at Chicago in 1896. This is the fourth contest for the Cup, Toronto losing to Rochester in 1899, and winning from Detroit in 1901.

The contestants this time were as evenly matched as possible, but Irondequoit excelled in the heavier breeze and it was her weather to-day. Interest was at fever heat. A special train loaded with excursionists arrived from Buffalo and Rochester. The race was over a triangular course, seven miles to a leg, and the summary was:

	Start.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Irondequoit	11:15:09	2:40:55	3:25:46
Strathcona	11:15:35	2:42:17	3:26:42

The starting gun was fired at 11:05. Hanan used the better judgment and crossed the line at 11:15:09, 26 seconds ahead of Jarvis, and gained the windward berth. Irondequoit turned the first buoy at 12:48:42 and Strathcona at 12:50:23. At the second buoy the time was: Irondequoit, 1:44:30; Strathcona, 1:45:46.

To-night the cup was formally handed over to the Rochester club representatives at the Royal Canadian Yacht Club island clubhouse. Irondequoit will sail for home to-morrow.

LIPTON FLEET AT ERIE BASIN.

Erin and Cruizer Dry Docked Yesterday—Thirty-three Boats Now in Lipton Navy.

Sir Thomas Lipton's steam yacht Erin and the tug Cruizer were dry docked at the Erie Basin yesterday to receive their final cleaning and burnishing before the yacht races next week. The hulls of both vessels are fouled with much marine growth, and both, besides being cleaned, will receive several coats of paint. Three vessels of the Lipton fleet—Shamrock III., Erin, and Cruizer—are now dry docked in the Erie Basin, Shamrock II. is high and dry in the yard, while Shamrock I. is lying in the open basin, and the latest addition to the fleet, the houseboat Nirodha, which has been fitted out sumptuously for the accommodation of guests at Sandy Hook during the races, is lying near by at Manning's Basin. Including yachts, tenders, and steamboats, the Lipton invading fleet now numbers thirty-three boats, of which six are launches.

The fine weather yesterday much facilitated the work of applying and drying the enamel paint on Shamrock III.'s under body. Sir Thomas Lipton was at the Erie Basin during the afternoon and had as guests John Arbuckle and John C. Calhoun. Sir Thomas has received many mascots lately, including everything from dead four-leafed clover to live whiskered goats, and he now thinks that he has the finest collection in the world. To-day he will be the guest of Commodore Robert E. Tod of the Atlantic Yacht Club at dinner on the flagship Thistle.

ATLANTIC Y. C. RACES.

Fine weather and a good breeze yesterday favored the Atlantic Yacht Club in the second of the club's regatta week series of races, and eighteen boats crossed the starting line. F. M. Smith's Effort defeated C. L. Poor's Mira in Class L. In the thirty-foot class E. F. Luckenback's Bobtail again defeated Bagheera and Vivian II. The closest race was in Class P, in which T. A. Vernon's Vagabond finished one second ahead of J. P. Palmer's Naiad. The winners in the six classes were Effort, Bobtail, Vagabond, Trouble, Sandpiper, and Rascal. Races for power boats will be held this afternoon. Summary:

	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
SLOOPS, CLASS L.—Start, 2:05.		
Effort, F. M. Smith........	4:24:52	2:19:52
Mira, C. L. Poor........	4:36:20	2:31:20
SLOOPS, CLASS M.—Start, 2:10.		
Bobtail, E. F. Luckenback........	5:00:48	2:50:48
Vivian II., S. G. Vernon........	5:06:08	2:56:08
Bagheera, Hendon Chubb........	5:19:30	3:09:30
Abeline, J. B. O'Donohue........	Did not finish.	
SLOOPS, CLASS P.—Start, 2:15.		
Vagabond, T. A. Vernon........	3:33:12	1:18:12
Naiad, J. P. Palmer........	3:33:13	1:18:13
Cockatoo, W. A. Barstow........	3:33:45	1:18:45
Smoke, L. W. Doyer........	3:34:15	1:19:15
SLOOPS, CLASS Q.—Start, 2:20.		
Trouble, W. H. Childs........	3:37:22	1:17:22
Mary, M. Grandner........	3:41:30	1:21:30
Careless, F. J. Havens........	3:43:25	1:23:25
SLOOPS, CLASS R.—Start, 2:20.		
Sandpiper, W. W. Redfern........	3:43:42	1:23:42
Scalawag, G. L. Ludlow........	3:45:07	1:25:07
Apukwa II., E. S. Taft........	3:49:16	1:29:16
CATBOATS, CLASS V.—Start, 2:25.		
Rascal, T. G. Whitlock........	3:55:30	1:30:30
Millie, E. A. Bogert........	Did not finish.	

To-night the members of the club will attend a special exhibition of Pain's fireworks at Manhattan Beach, at which Sir Thomas Lipton and his party will be present.

RIFLEMEN'S CLOSE CONTEST.

The final bull's-eye which assured the Seventy-first Regiment rifle team a victory over the Seventh Regiment in the brigade match at Creedmoor for teams of twelve, was made at the conclusion of the contest yesterday by Lieut. Jenkins. Never since Creedmoor was opened was there a closer contest. Superiority was decided only by the last pair that shot. The total score at the four ranges of 200, 300, 500, and 600 yards was 1,009 for each of the two regiments, but victory went to the Seventy-first, as it had the best total on the highest range, scoring 258 at 600 yards, against 251 by the Seventh.

The poor showing made by the Twelfth Regiment's team caused scarcely less comment than the struggle of the leading teams. Though for years one of the champion aggregations of riflemen in the United States, Col. Dyer's representatives were barely able to defeat the Sixty-ninth's twelve, their place as third being secured only in the last few shots.

The Seventy-first Regiment's winning team made these aggregate scores: Lieut. Casey, 90; Sergt. Doyle, 87; Lieut. Thompson, 80; Private Moore, 76; Capt. Bruch, 89; Capt. Flack, 71; Sergt. Corbett, 84; Lieut. Byars, 86; Lieut. Eben, 81; Lieut. Ranney, 80; Capt. Corwin, 85, and Lieut. Jenkins, 91.

Four Seventy-first men—Casey, Doyle, Byars, and Jenkins—each made a clean score, but only one in the Seventh's team—Capt. McAlpin—did the same. With his 92, Capt. McAlpin was the top man of both teams.

The Twelfth's team won third place with 927, against 912 for the Sixty-ninth. The Eighth was fifth with 844, and the Ninth last with 818.

The Second Brigade match was taken by the team of the Twenty-third Regiment with a total of 970. The order of the other teams was: Seventeenth Separate Company, 924; Forty-seventh Regiment, 881, and Fourteenth Regiment, 863.

The Headquarters prize, shot for by teams attached to Gen. Roe's staff, was captured by the Thirteenth Regiment. Its score was 918. Squadron A was second with 854, and the Twenty-second last with 817. In the contest between the first and the Second Naval Battalions the former won with 856, against 830.

The Major General's match for skirmishing teams of sixteen enlisted men was won by the Seventh with 663. The Twelfth was second with 617, and the Seventy-first next with 572.

To-day the Adjutant General's match for teams of three, and the Governor's competition for individual skirmishers will be shot. To-morrow the great State match will be decided.

Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREETS

AUGUST FRIDAY BARGAINS.

WOMEN'S WAISTS at 95c. and $1.95.

Lawn Waists, trimmed with Val. or embroidery insertions, formerly sold for $1.95 95

Linen, Madras, Lawn and Batiste Waists, formerly sold as high as $3.95 .... $1.95

GOOD KIMONOS AT VERY LITTLE PRICES.

A large assortment of Lawn Kimonos in plain white and figured; light or dark colors; trimmed with embroidery or lace; formerly sold as high as $1.95; to close at 95

Wonderful Values in DRESS GOODS.

5,000 yards Serges and Cheviots; black; good 75c. value, at 59

All-wool Albatross, in 25 shades; regular 50c. quality, at 39

Women's FOOTWEAR—Unusually Low Priced.

Slippers are still here in large variety, for home or dress wear; actually worth $2.50 to $3.50 a pair, at $1.65 and $1.90

Our own $3.50 Shoe in broken sizes; a great bargain at $1.75

We have a large line of Women's Oxfords at greatly reduced prices.

WOMEN'S KNIT UNDERWEAR—Half Price and Less

White Swiss ribbed lisle thread Vests, low necks, sleeveless; great variety of styles; plain and fancy:

Women's Vests, worth up to 35c., at 18
Women's Vests, worth up to 55c., at 25
Women's Vests, worth up to $1.00, at 35

All plain black lisle thread Stockings; regular cobwebs, gauzes, gossamers and Summer lisle; all ingrain blacks; double heels, soles and toes. Original price 50c. a pair; to-day at 35 pair; 3 for $1.00

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—A Friday Snap.

CORSET COVERS; made of good quality cambric; French shape; low, round neck; trimmed with hemstitched ruffle on neck and arm; regular value 29c., at 15

DRAWERS; made of extra fine cambric; full umbrella lawn ruffle; finished with deep hemstitched hem; full width; regular value 45c., at .25

GOWNS; chemise style; round neck, with elbow sleeves; trimmed with hemstitched lawn ruffle on neck and sleeves; fine nainsook; regular value 75c., at 50

PRINTED GOODS—Price for Quick Sales.

Printed Lawn; light medium and dark effects; all sorts of patterns, at, a yard 5

Printed Batiste, Swisses and corded Lawns, in very pretty designs; light effects; also many pretty black with whites; at, yard 9

HANDKERCHIEFS—At Stirring Prices.

Importers' and manufacturers' samples of Men's and Women's Irish Linen Handkerchiefs; assorted width hems; a great Friday special; worth up to 40c. each, at 10c., 15c. and 19

Misses' and Children's Handkerchiefs, pure linen; regular size; plain and initialed; at, each 5

FINE WHITE GOODS—At Little Prices.

White Persian Mull, at, yard 16
White Mercerized Cheviots; basket weave, at, yard 18
White Dotted Swisses; embroidered dots, yard 39
White Duck Suitings 10

CHINA AND JAPAN MATTING—Reduced.

Extra heavy jointless China Matting; in blocks and pin effects; woven from new straw and will not break or chip off; roll of 40 yards; regular value $12; at $8.25

Fancy cotton warp seamless Japan Matting in carpet patterns and inlaid effects; made from selected straw; is reversible and will give excellent service; 40 yards to the roll; regular value $14.00; at $8.75

Half rolls of above at same rate.

WOMEN'S SUMMER WEAR—Two Specials.

Women's Shirtwaist Suits, of splendid quality; striped madras; natty, well-tailored models; made to sell for $3.95, at $1.50

Women's Linen Dress Skirts, correctly made; good hanging, smartly trimmed with tucking or self strapping; made to sell at $4.50, at $1.50

Pommery Champagne

It is all-essential that wine for the sick should be of the very best. For that reason Pommery is the champagne selected.

CHARLES GRAEF & CO., Sole Agents for the United States, 32 Beaver Street, New York.

The Wanamaker Store

Store Opens at 8.30 A. M. and Closes at 5 P. M.
Closes Saturdays at Noon.

The Wanamaker Store

Serge Suits
For Large Men
$10, $12 and $13.50 Kinds At $8.50

Fifty or more suits of good, fast color, dependable blue serge, with single-breasted sack coats, in sizes 36 to 46 stout. They are the regular WANAMAKER lines at $10, $12 and $13.50. Now $8.50 a suit.

Also a number of *large size* Double-breasted Serge Suits, that were $12 and $15, now $10 a suit.

A small lot of Men's Outing Suits of fancy cheviots and homespuns; stylish and serviceable. The $15 kinds; regular sizes; at $10.

Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Men's Shirts 35c; 3 for $1

Good wearing, well-made Negligee Shirts, of plain white and neat printed madras. Perfect fitting, made up over our own patterns.

Splendid shirts to sell at this little price, 35c; 3 for $1.

Ninth street aisle.

Men's Light-weight Suspenders, 25c

Good-looking, well-made Suspenders, of light-weight cotton lisle elastic webbing, such as is regularly used in half-dollar goods. While light in weight, it is strong and durable. Calfskin ends, nickel buckles that will not rust. 25c.

Ninth street aisle.

Boys' Suits Five Dollars

Eight dollars would be a modest valuation. For every mother, and the boy himself, will recognize that such stylish, scrupulously made single-breasted two-piece suits are not often offered at that price.

These are of excellent cheviot—imported and domestic—and are cut from remnants of materials we used in our made-to-order suits for men. Tailored as carefully as the men's suits. Nearly all new. And

$5, instead of $8

Second floor, Ninth street.

Hosiery Happenings

Some good sound, money-saving purchases for you to make, of good, comfortable, lasting hosiery. There is no mediocrity anywhere in the offering. And people who like high quality in these things, even when the prices are low, will not let this mighty good chance escape them.

Foot-notes for men, women and children:

MEN'S HALF-HOSE

At 12½c pair, worth 18c—Of two-thread Egyptian cotton, fast black or tan, with extra strong heels and toes.

At 37½c pair, worth 50c—Of imported lisle thread, black, tan, cadet or navy blue, in pretty designs of openwork.

Ninth st. aisle.

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS

At 12½c pair, worth 18c—Of strong, serviceable fast black cotton, with narrowed ankles.

At 37½c pair, 3 for $1; worth 50c a pair—Of fine black lisle thread; ingrain, Richelieu or small ribs; or plain with white split feet. Also trunk top cotton Stockings at this price.

CHILDREN'S STOCKINGS

At 12½c pair, worth 18c—Of narrow-ribbed fast black cotton, with narrowed ankles; also a wider rib suitable for boys. Sizes 4 to 17 years.

Broadway.

New Felt Walking Hats
For Women and Girls

These are the harbingers of the Fall styles, shown thus early for the benefit of people going away, as well as visitors from a distance.

Vacationers at mountain and seashore will appreciate them.

The hats are of excellent soft fur felt, in new shapes, trimmed in our own workrooms, with panne velvet, crepe de Chine and other silk, with breasts, wings or quills. Prices range from $1.75 to $7.

Second floor, Tenth street.

Still Plenty of the Men's Straw Hats at 75c

Every straw hat in our stock, up to the fine hats that were three dollars each, is included in this August clean-up sale.

Both split and sennit straw, in all the season's smart heights of crown and widths of brim. And we can probably fit you out with your size in the very hat you like. All fresh, perfect goods; just when you want to throw away the one you've soiled so badly. 75c each; worth up to $3.

Men's Hat Store; Annex, 791 Broadway.

Children's Shoes
For Play or Coming School Days

We present in our Main Shoe Store today an unusually fine offering of Shoes for children. It is the round-up of a number of splendid lines of shoes, made by the best makers of children's footwear. And, best point of all, prices are half, and less than half, of the original values.

The shoes are mostly buttoned, and are made of black kidskin, straight goat and tan Tampico goat; some Oxfords are also included. The original prices were $1.50 to $4.50, but they are now grouped without regard to real values, as follows:

75c for sizes 5 to 8 — $1 for sizes 8½ to 10½ — $1.20 for sizes 11 to 5

While the sale starts with about all sizes, children with slim feet will have the widest variety to choose from.

Then here are two items for grown-ups—one for men, one for women:

Men's Shoes and Oxfords, $2.40

Small lots of $3 and $3.90 shoes, many Oxfords included. You can probably find just what you want and save a third.

Women's Oxford Shoes, $1.50

Enameled calfskin and black kidskin, worth $2 to $3, and just right to round out the summer.

Main floor, Fourth avenue.

August Sale of Lace Curtains

When the chance comes to save two to thirty dollars on every pair of curtains you need, it pays you to buy ahead of your plans a little.

If you have Curtains to buy in September or October, it may be quite costly to let this August Sale slip by without profiting by it.

Note the savings:

ARABIAN LACE CURTAINS

Two-pair Lots:

$6.50 kinds at $4.25	$35 kinds at $23.50
$8 kinds at $6	$48 kinds at $32
$24.50 kinds at $16.25	$55 kinds at $36.50
$30 kinds at $20	$80 kinds at $53.50

Three-pair Lots:

$7.50 kinds at $5	$20 kinds at $13.50
$10 kinds at $6.75	$25 kinds at $16.75
$13 kinds at $9.50	$55 kinds at $36.50
$15 kinds at $10	$110 kinds at $75.50

More than Three Pairs:

$6 kinds at $4.50	$15 kinds at $9.75
$6.50 kinds at $4.85	$15 kinds at $11.25
$7.75 kinds at $5.75	$20 kinds at $15
$9 kinds at $6.75	$37.50 kinds at $20.50
$11 kinds at $8.25	$55 kinds at $41

RENAISSANCE LACE CURTAINS

In ample quantities:

$5 kinds at $3.75	$20 kinds at $15
$9 kinds at $6.75	$24 kinds at $18
$9.50 kinds at $7	$25 kinds at $16.75
$16.50 kinds at $12.50	$60 kinds at $40

BED SETS

Ruffled and plain Arabian and Renaissance Bed Sets; some on net, some on mull. Some one-third less original prices, others one-quarter. Mostly one set of each kind only:

$5.50 kind at $3.25	$37.50 kind at $25
$7.25 kind at $5.50	$39 kind at $26
$8.50 kind at $6.25	$41 kind at $27.50
$10 kind at $6	$45 kind at $30
$12.50 kind at $9.25	$50 kind at $32.50
$17.25 kind at $13	$60 kind at $45
$18.50 kind at $14	$70 kind at $52.50
$24 kind at $16	$80 kind at $60
$31.50 kind at $23	

Third floor.

$1.25 and $1.50 Books At 25c Each

And every book a good book to read. Whatever your taste is—light novels, problem novels, or essays—here is the book for you. All copyright editions. Many in the original cloth covers. 12mo.

$1.25 and $1.50 are the publishers' prices; though the books have been sold at 90c and $1.10—

Today 25c Each

Your choice from this fruitful list:

Tommy and Grizel. J. M. Barrie.
The Money Market. E. F. Benson.
Laughter of the Sphinx. Albert White Vorse.
Giles Ingilby. W. E. Norris.
Forest Folk. James Prior.
Sand and Cactus. Wolcott Le Clear Beard.
Glimpse of Three Nations. W. Stevens.
Strangers at Lisconnel. Jane Barlow.
Trooper 3809. Lionel Decie.
The Cure of Souls. Ian Maclaren.
Kismet. Julia C. Fletcher.
On Trial. Zack.
Visits of Elizabeth. Elinor Glyn.
The Dissemblers. Thomas Cobb.
Middle Greyness. A. J. Dawson.
Geber. Kate A. Benton.
Philbrick Howell. Albert Kinross.
The Seven Houses. Hamilton Drummond.
Active Service. Stephen Crane.
Hours With Men and Books. William Mathews.
Mirage. Julia C. Fletcher.
The World and Winslow. Edith Henrietta Fowler.
Jefferson Wildrider. Elizabeth Glover.
Fortune's Tangled Skein. Jeannette H. Walworth.
Pericles and Aspasia. Walter Savage Landor.
Monday Chats. Saint-Beuve. Translated by William Mathews.
The Pentameron. Walter Savage Landor.
Wine On the Lees. J. A. Stuart.
Mixed Essays. Matthew Arnold.
The Decoy. Francis Dane.
Broken Array. Beatrice Grimshaw.
Severance. Thomas Cobb.
The Command of the Sea. Spencer Wilkinson.

Book Store, Ninth street.

Women's Bathing Suits
And a Dive in Prices

August is *the* month for bathing; and there is more than half of it left. Furthermore, a bathing suit doesn't go out of fashion readily, but is good until used up. So that women who buy these pretty suits now have next summer to look forward to, as well as the rest of this.

And the suits are charming, distinctive and fairly priced, as you'll admit when you see them. Descriptions of three:

At $6—Suits of blue or black brilliantine, with white duck collar; trimming of narrow braid; pleated skirt.

At $4.50—Suits of blue or black brilliantine, with collars of blue-and-white and red-and-white striped galatea; pleated skirt.

At $5—Suits of blue or black surf cloth; Russian blouse waist; stock collar; trimming of white braid; pleated skirt. Same style, all black, suitable for mourning.

Surf Suits, $2.25 to $5.
Mohair Suits, $8 to $12.
Complete Suits of black Taffeta, at $19.50.

Bathing Suits Reduced

We have rounded up a group of Suits of various attractive styles, in which sizes are broken. Of blue and black brilliantine. And regular

$4.50 to $6 Suits at $3.50 Each

Also some strikingly stylish imported Bathing Suits, of white, red or light blue striped flannel, pongee and navy blue serge; at *half price*;

Now $3.50 to $20
Formerly $7 to $40

Second floor, Broadway.

Shirt-Waists and Petticoats
For Early Fall

The first Fall Shirt-waists are here. New models, in madras, etamine and flannel—just the weight to be worn next month in town, or right now by the sea or in the mountains.

The patterns are very attractive—smart, tailored effects that give graceful lines. The colors are rich and beautiful. The tailoring is perfect. Altogether a group of shirt-waists it will give you pleasure to see:

At $2.25—White madras waists, with black polka-dots or figures; stitched yoke effect with plaits below; French back, plaited sleeves, tab stock.

At $5—Etamine waists, in solid colors; pointed yoke effect, with stitched plaits and inlaid vest, trimmed with buttons; French back, plaited sleeves.

At $5—French flannel waists, in solid colors; full front, with large double box plait, trimmed with buttons; French back; fancy turnover stock.

Medium-weight Flannelette Petticoats, too, to wear on the first crisp days. Soft, light, just warm enough. Cut liberally—you know the discomforts of the scant under-skirt. Trimmed as daintily as the skirts of muslin. White, solid colors, stripes and checks.

Remarkably low prices:

At 25c—Two styles, in colored stripes.
At 35c—Neat stripes or checks; three styles.
At 50c—Solid colors or stripes; seven styles.
At 75c—Solid colors or neat stripes; three styles.
At 85c—Two styles; deep ruffle with scalloped edge, or pointed ruffle trimmed with torchon lace.
At $1—Solid colors; three styles; umbrella ruffle, trimmed with embroidered edge, or pointed ruffle trimmed with torchon lace.
At $1.50—Solid colors; deep ruffle, trimmed with lace and insertion.

Second floor, 10th st.

Utility Bags

Handy bags to put all sorts of things in. Decorative, and helpful in keeping the room tidy.

Today's offering includes a manufacturer's sample line of Laundry Bags, Shoe Bags, Cabin Bags, Night Dress Cases, and the like.

Regular prices would be 25c to $2.25. Today 10c to $1.

Tenth street.

An Unusual Movement of Pianos in August

The makers of these pianos are the most famous in the trade, as the original names on the instruments prove.

More than half of the number of instruments are
the best— the fine—
the very fine— the remainder, medium.

The reductions are made, not because of any actual impairment of value in the instruments, but because of small touches of rough hands on the cases, natural to removings from place to place upon our overcrowded floors.

To really save seventy-five or a hundred dollars is that much in hand towards the Christmas present surely approaching.

Fifth floor.

Home Is What the Furniture Makes It

Someone some day will probably write a famous book on the Philosophy of Furniture as Carlyle wrote about clothes. Certain it is that furniture has much to do with, not only the disposition, but also the physiognomy of people. High, straight-backed chairs reared gaunt, straight-laced Puritans; while the cabinet-maker's subsequent generosity has allowed the development of the luxury-loving New Yorkers of today.

Today people not only require an abundance of furniture, but they demand that it be highly artistic as well as broadly comfortable and luxurious.

This August sale presents just such likeable and enduring furniture; and enables you to pick out on the average

A Full Half More Than the Money Would Ordinarily Buy

And the furniture you pick from is as choice, as handsome and as well made as if you paid the full regular prices.

No wonder the Sale is such an ever-growing success.

Here are some sample values:

$14 Mahogany Hall Chairs at $7
Four Mahogany Hall Chairs, with boxed seat, shaped legs, carved back; small size, highly polished.

$12 Gilt Roman Chairs at $8
Eleven Roman Chairs with gilt frames, carved and shaped legs, spring seat, upholstered arms, damask cover.

$32 Parlor Suites at $16
Ten three-piece Parlor Suites; sofa, arm and wall chair; imitation mahogany finish, with mahogany veneer panels, highly polished; nearly moulded frames, tapestry cover.

$12.50 Oak Dressers at $8.50
Fifteen golden oak Dressers; straight front base; top 40 x 18 in., two small and two large drawers; upright oval beveled edge mirror, 20x24 in.

$24 Mahogany Toilet Tables, $16
Six mahogany Toilet Tables; moulded edge top 36x20 in.; two drawers, shaped legs, landscape oval mirror 20x16 in.; carved and highly polished.

$35 Extension Tables at $25
Eight quartered golden oak Extension Tables, Colonial design; round top 52 inches in diameter; moulded edge, deep moulded rim, tapered legs; eight feet long when extended.

$47 China Cabinets at $33
Sixteen quartered golden oak China Cabinets; full swell front and ends, moulded edges, claw feet, three shelves; carved top with one shelf and two pattern plate mirrors.

$30 Dressers at $20
Forty-four quartered golden oak Dressers; oval pattern; top of base 46x22 in.; two long and two side top drawers; long mirror, 40x18 in.; moulded edges, highly finished.

$50 Music Cabinets at $25
Four mahogany Music Cabinets; shaped top, 22 x19 in.; 41 in. high, one door, one outside drawer; lacquered brass trimmings, porcelain plaques, hand-painted.

$13.50 Arm Chairs at $9
Eighteen mahogany Arm Chairs, Colonial design; turned legs, genuine rush seat.

$6.50 Chiffonniers at $5.50
Twenty-two golden oak Chiffonniers; shaped top, 31x18 in., two shaped front top drawers, four large drawers; moulded edges, paneled ends.

$22 Toilet Tables at $15
Five quartered golden oak Toilet Tables; straight moulded edge top, 36x20 in.; shaped legs, two drawers, pattern plate mirror in carved standard, 18 x 20 in.; highly polished.

$14 Bookcases at $10.50
Six golden oak Bookcases, quartered oak front and top; moulded edges, two sliding doors, shaped legs, adjustable shelves; 48 in. high, 32 in. wide. Three of these cases can be had in imitation mahogany.

$50 Dressers at $36
Thirty-three mahogany Dressers; straight front with moulded front top drawers; two large drawers, top 49x23 in.; pattern plate mirror, 36x30 in.; carved frame and standard, fine construction and finish.

$35 Chiffonniers at $22
Five quartered golden oak Chiffonniers; serpentine front, moulded edge top, 34x21 in., paneled ends, shaped legs; two small and four large drawers; pattern plate mirror, 24x16 in.

$11 Chiffonniers at $8
Four golden oak Chiffonniers; straight front; top 34x17 in., paneled ends; beveled edge mirror, 20 x12 in.

$33 Toilet Tables at $22
Five Bird's-eye maple Toilet Tables; straight edge top, 36x20 in., French legs, four drawers; pattern plate mirror, 26x22 in., carved frame and standard.

$43 China Cabinets at $28
Four imitation mahogany China Cabinets; full swell front and ends; moulded base; carved top; four shelves; mirror back of top shelf.

$30 Buffets at $20
Three quartered golden oak serving tables; Colonial design; tapered legs; two small and one large drawer; top 44x19 in., with back; selected quartered oak stock, highly finished.

$10 Roman Chairs at $7
Ten gilt Roman Chairs; spring seats; carved frames; damask covers; finely finished.

$42 Dressers at $31
Six Bird's-eye maple Dressers; serpentine front; top 44x21 in., moulded corner posts; round French plate mirror, 20 in., in diameter; two long and two short drawers.

$7.50 Center Tables, $5
Nine quartered golden oak Bedroom or Center Tables; shaped top, 24x24 in.; moulded edges; lower shelf with fancy brackets; shaped legs; highly polished.

$18 Extension Tables, $12
Five golden oak Extension Tables; square top, 42x 42 in.; moulded rim; shaped legs with claw feet; 6 ft. long when extended; well made and finished.

$35 Dressers, $24
Six mahogany Dressers; moulded edges; top, 48x21 in.; two shaped top drawers; two large drawers; landscape oval mirror, 30x24 in.; carved frame and standard.

$85 Extension Tables, $52
Five mahogany Extension Tables; square top, 54x 54 in.; deep rim with beaded edge; corner legs, fluted and carved; 10 ft. long when extended; selected mahogany stock and highly polished.

$15 Parlor Suites, $10
Seven three-piece Parlor Suites; imitation mahogany frames; moulded and paneled; spring seats; figured tapestry covering; pretty design and well finished.

$35 Chiffonniers, $24
Seven Bird's-eye maple Chiffonniers; large size; top, 37x40 in.; four large and two small drawers; shaped legs; moulded edges; pattern plate mirror, 16x22 in.; highly finished and polished.

Fourth floor.

Sale of Mirrors
Half Price and Less

Hand mirrors, triplicate mirrors, traveling mirrors, stand and wall mirrors of a multitude of sorts in metal, burnt wood, ebony and ebonized frames:

Hand Mirrors—At 35c, worth 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c.
At 85c, worth $1 and $1.25.
At $1, worth $1.50, $1.75, $2.
Triplicate Mirrors—At $1.50, worth $2.50 to $8.75.
At $2.50, worth $4.50.
At $4, worth $7, $7.50, $8.

Mirrors in square and oblong wood frames, in sizes ranging from 4 in. square to 8x10 in., at 5c, 10c and 15c; worth double.

Tenth street Elevator Counter.

Most Comfortable Gloves
Reduced

Chamois Gloves that wash without shrinking or spreading. Guaranteed. The pleasantest, most sensible gloves for a coolish day's outing or to wear throughout the Fall. Especially when they are of fine, soft French chamois as these are.

50c a pair; reduced from 75c

Two clasps. Two pearl buttons. White. Natural chamois color.

Tenth street.

A Flurry in Handkerchiefs

The same story—a timid manufacturer with too large a stock, an alert WANAMAKER buyer, and the public's benefit.

These all-linen, all *good* linen, faultless, beautiful handkerchiefs for men and women, will be offered at smallest prices—

But we can't tell you the simple facts TOO SOON:

HANDKERCHIEFS FOR WOMEN

With hand-worked initials; unlaundered; at $1 a dozen or 10c each.

With neat script letters, or elaborate openwork; laundered; box of six, 75c or 12½c each.

With hand-worked initials, bow-knot and open-worked circle around letters; unlaundered, worth 50c, at 12½c each.

Plain hand-drawn hemstitched; fine quality linen; best finish; ⅛, ¼, ½ and 1-inch hems; sell regularly for 20c and 25c, now $1.50 a dozen or 12½c each.

HANDKERCHIEFS FOR MEN

Full size; pure linen; smooth, soft laundry finish; ¼ and ½-inch hems; better quality than we sell regularly for 20c; now $1.50 a dozen or 12½c each.

Pure linen hemstitched, in ¼ and ½-inch hems; $1 a dozen or 10c each.

Tape border with pretty colors woven in; strong, durable linen; $1 a dozen or 10c each.

Extra large, hemstitched hems; extra fine quality linen; in ½, 1 and 1¼-in. hems; worth 35c and 50c; now 25c each.

Fine linen, hemstitched; with pretty corded and tape effects inside hemstitch and across center; imitating the French styles that sell for $1 each, at 25c each.

Broadway.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets.

BILLY BUCK WON EASILY

E. F. Geers's Trotter Took $5,000 Stakes in Fast Straight Heats.

Major Delmar Lowered His Record to 2:04 in an Exhibition Mile at Empire City Track.

Favored by a track that was at its fastest, and with clear, bright weather to aid them further, heat winners stepped to new records straight through the grand circuit trotting and pacing at the Empire City course yesterday, and made excellent sport for a large crowd of patrons of the light harness racing. The features of the afternoon were the race for the $5,000 Mount Vernon Stakes, for 2:12 trotters, which was captured in easy style and fast straight heats by the favorite, Billy Buck, and the effort of the fleet-footed trotter, Major Delmar, against his own record of 2:05¼, in which the horse beat time by three-fourths of a second and in taking his new mark also established a track record for Empire City.

In the betting on the Mount Vernon Billy Buck sold at $100 against $120 for the six horses that opposed him, bunched in the field. Driven by Geers, Billy Buck never left the result of the contest in doubt for a moment after the word. Major Delmar's exhibition was delayed until late in the afternoon, when the breeze that blew earlier had died away. Then, paced by a galloping horse, he went out for a trial against his own mark instead of racing against the world's record, held by Cresceus, 2:02¼, which it had been announced originally he would do. Well handled by his owner, A. P. McDonald, Major Delmar trotted with splendid smoothness and at an even clip, and finished his task cleverly in 2:04, the manner of the performance being such as to indicate that Major Delmar will go faster before many weeks pass.

The closest race of the day was that for the 2:08 class pacing, for which Joe Pointer was a hot favorite at $200 against $120 for the field, which included eleven other starters. In the first heat Joe Pointer had to race with about every other horse in the contest, and the struggle found him tiring a bit at the end, Nervola then beating him out in a nip-and-tuck fight to the wire. The favorite went straight out for the second heat, and had just another such struggle, with the result that Sufreet then beat him home in a close finish. The two hard heats told on Joe Pointer in the third, and Nervola, who had an easy mile in the second, took the heat and the race, with Sufreet second. Judge Green, a warm choice for the 2:23 class, trotting, captured the opening race in straight heats, and Al Bock, favorite over the field for the 2:17 class, pacing, last on the card, duplicated the performance by simply jogging home in the two heats of that event. The Empire City meeting will close to-day, and Saturday there will be no racing, horsemen having that day in which to move their stables to the Brighton Beach track for the grand circuit meeting, which opens there Monday. Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—2:23 class; trotting; purse $1,200; best two in three heats.
[illegible]

SECOND RACE.—2:08 class; pacing; purse $1,200; best two in three heats.
Scott Hudson's Nervola [illegible]
[illegible]

THIRD RACE.—2:12 class; trotting; the Mount Vernon Stakes of $5,000; best two in three heats.
E. F. Geers's Billy Buck, b. g., by St. Clair—Cleveland mare, (Geers) ... 1 1
[illegible]

FOURTH RACE.—Special exhibition against time, to beat 2:05¼.
A. P. McDonald's Major Delmar, b. g., by Del Mar (McDonald) ... 1
Time by quarters—0:31¼; 1:02¼; 1:33½; 2:04.

FIFTH RACE.—2:17 class; pacing; purse $1,000; best two in three heats.
R. J. Woodward's Al Bock [illegible]
[illegible]

Entries for Empire City Harness Races.

FIRST RACE.—2:18 trot; purse $1,000; best two in three. [illegible]

SECOND RACE.—2:13 pace. Purse $1,000; best two in three. [illegible]

THIRD RACE.—2:19 Trot; purse $1,200; best two in three. [illegible]

FOURTH RACE.—2:20 Class Pacing; the Yonkers Stake, $3,000; best two in three. [illegible]

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES

First Three National Teams Won—New Yorks Got Two Games—Local Americans Lost.

The three leading baseball teams in the National League championship race won their games yesterday, but New York gained ground by winning both games of the double header from St. Louis at the Polo Grounds. Pittsburg scored an easy victory in Brooklyn, and Chicago beat Boston very handily.

The New York Americans got a setback, as they were beaten in both games by the Cleveland team yesterday, the winners jumping up to third place, forcing the New York men back to fourth position. Boston and Detroit also played a double header, but each won and lost a game, while Philadelphia defeated Chicago by the score of 5 to 1.

Following are the scores of the games in the National and American Leagues, respectively:

New York, 6; St. Louis, 3.
New York, 9; St. Louis, 7; (second game.)
Chicago, 7; Boston, 3.
Pittsburg, 14; Brooklyn, 6.

Cleveland, 5; New York, 2.
Cleveland, 3; New York, 2.
Boston, 6; Detroit, 1.
Detroit, 10; Boston, 1.
Philadelphia, 5; Chicago, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New Yorks Won Two Games from St. Louis—Pittsburg Beat Brooklyn.

Patrons of baseball at the Polo Grounds were treated to another double victory by the New York Nationals yesterday. Double-headers seem to be right in line for McGraw's men, as they have won three within a week. Last Friday they took the honors from the Philadelphias, and on Saturday McGinnity pitched two victories over the Brooklyn players. Yesterday the St. Louis experts were twice defeated, first by Mathewson and then by Miller.

Mathewson and Brown pitched well in the earlier game, which was a pitchers' battle for five innings. In the sixth inning Brown weakened and the local men hit him freely, scoring four runs. This inning was the undoing of the visitors, as they only made two runs in the following inning, while the home team tallied another, making the score 6 to 2, which remained unchanged at the finish.

Roscoe Miller, who has not had many opportunities of showing his skill in championship games this season, was selected by Manager McGraw to pitch for the home club in the second game, and Currie was the opposing pitcher. The support given Miller by the New York fielders in the opening inning was so glaringly careless and wretched that the St. Louis men tallied four times, and the spectators, who were quick to see the listless work in the field, began hissing the players, while they cheered and encouraged Miller. It was one of the most peculiar demonstrations ever seen on the Polo Grounds, and it had the desired effect, as during the remainder of the game there was very little cause for unfavorable comment so far as the New York players were concerned.

Currie was not very successful in his box work against the local batsmen, and Browne and Bresnahan hit him for two bases each at the start, and he became so nervous that he fumbled an easy pop fly and followed with three passes, forcing in two more runs. Then Murphy relieved him, but the change was not very effective, as the home team scored in each of the four following innings, after which Murphy held them pretty safely. St. Louis did not add to the first four runs until the sixth inning, when two hits and an error netted one run, and in the final inning the visitors tallied twice on two singles and a double. The score:

NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E	ST. LOUIS.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Browne, rf.	0	1	1	0	0	Farrell, 2b.	0	0	4	2	0
Bresnah'n, 1b.	0	0	7	0	0	Donovan, rf.	0	3	1	0	1
V'Haltren, cf.	0	1	2	0	0	Smoot, cf.	0	0	2	0	0
Mertes, lf.	2	0	1	0	0	Burke, 3b.	1	1	2	1	1
Babb, ss.	0	0	2	2	0	Barclay, lf.	0	1	0	0	0
Dunn, 3b.	2	2	0	6	0	Demont, ss.	1	1	1	6	0
Gilbert, 2b.	1	2	4	3	0	Hackett, 1b.	0	0	6	0	1
Bowerman, c.	1	0	10	1	0	O'Neil, c.	0	1	7	1	0
Mathews'n, p.	0	2	0	1	0	Brown, p.	0	0	0	2	0
Total	6	9	27	9	0	Total	2	7	24	11	2

New York ... 0 1 0 0 0 4 1 0 x—6
St. Louis ... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 [illegible]

Earned run—St. Louis. Left on bases—New York, 6; St. Louis, 5. Sacrifice hits—Mertes, Smoot. Stolen bases—Dunn, (2;) Gilbert. First base on errors—New York, 2. First base on balls—Off Mathewson, 1; off Brown, 2. Struck out—By Mathewson, 10; by Brown, 5. Hit by pitched ball—By Mathewson, 1; by Brown, 1. Wild pitch—Mathewson. Passed ball—O'Neil. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Emslie and Johnstone.

SECOND GAME.

NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E	ST. LOUIS.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Browne, rf.	2	2	2	0	0	Farrell, 2b.	1	1	2	2	1
Bres'han, 1b.	1	1	8	0	1	Donovan, rf.	2	1	1	0	0
V. Halt'n, cf.	1	2	4	0	0	Smoot, cf.	1	1	2	0	0
Mertes, lf.	1	0	3	0	1	Burke, 3b.	1	2	2	3	2
Babb, ss.	0	0	2	3	0	Barclay, lf.	0	1	3	0	0
Dunn, 3b.	1	1	1	0	2	Demont, ss.	0	1	3	3	2
Gilbert, 2b.	1	1	2	5	1	Hackett, 1b.	0	0	6	0	0
Bow'man, c.	1	1	5	1	1	Ryan, c.	0	0	4	2	0
Miller, p.	1	1	0	1	0	Currie, p.	0	0	0	2	0
						Murphy, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	9	9	27	11	7	Total	7	7	24	12	7

New York ... 3 2 1 1 1 0 0 0 x—9
St. Louis ... 4 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2—7

Left on bases—New York, 7; St. Louis, 7. Two-base hits—Browne, Dunn, Burke. Double plays—Ryan and Hackett; Gilbert, Babb and Bresnahan. First base on balls—Off Miller, 2; off Currie, 3; off Murphy, 1. First base on errors—New York, 2; St. Louis, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Murphy, 1. Struck out—By Miller, 4; by Murphy, 2. Passed ball—Bowerman. Balk—Murphy. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Emslie.

PITTSBURG, 14; BROOKLYN, 6.

Pittsburg's champion baseball team experienced very little difficulty in winning the second game of the series from the Brooklyn players at Washington Park yesterday. Philippi, for the visitors, pitched none too effectively, but Schmidt was very wild, and in the third inning his erratic work was mainly responsible for the five runs made by the opposing side. They hit him in the fourth for another tally, and again in the sixth for three more. Then Doescher was sent in to replace, but the change was not very effective, as three runs were made off the new-comer in the last two innings. The score:

PITTSBURG.	R	1B	PO	A	E	BROOKLYN.	R	1B	PO	A	E
B'mont, cf.	2	2	0	0	0	Strang, 3b.	1	2	2	1	0
Clarke, lf.	2	2	2	0	0	Sh'kard, lf.	0	1	1	0	1
Leach, 3b.	3	2	2	2	1	Dobbs, cf.	1	0	1	0	0
Wagner, ss.	2	2	2	4	0	Doyle, 1b.	1	2	12	2	0
Br'f'd, 1b.	2	3	10	2	0	Dahlen, ss.	1	0	1	5	1
Ritchey, 2b.	1	1	2	4	0	McCr'ry, rf.	1	0	1	0	0
Sebring, rf.	1	2	3	0	0	Flood, 2b.	1	2	1	3	0
Phelps, c.	0	1	4	0	1	Ritter, c.	0	1	4	0	0
Philippi, p.	0	0	1	3	0	Schmidt, p.	0	1	1	1	0
						*Gessler	0	0	0	0	0
						Doescher, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	14	15	27	15	2	Total	6	11	27	16	4

*Batted for Schmidt in the sixth inning.

Pittsburg ... 0 0 5 1 0 3 0 1 2—14
Brooklyn ... 1 1 0 3 0 0 0 1 0—6

Earned runs—Pittsburg, 4; Brooklyn, 3. Left on bases—Pittsburg, 9; Brooklyn, 8. Two-base hits—Sheckard and Doyle. Three-base hits—Clarke and Leach. Sacrifice hits—Bransfield and Ritter. Home run—Sebring. Stolen bases—Bransfield and Doyle, (2.) Double play—Wagner, Bransfield, and Phelps. First base on errors—Pittsburg, 1; Brooklyn, 2. First base on balls—Off Philippi, 3; off Schmidt, 6; off Doescher, 4. Hit by pitched ball—By Schmidt, 1. Struck out—By Philippi, 2; by Schmidt, 1; by Doescher, 2. Time of game—Two hours and thirteen minutes. Umpire—Mr. Hurst. Attendance—2,300.

CHICAGO, 7; BOSTON, 3.

BOSTON, Aug. 13.—Boston was outplayed to-day, though luck was with the visitors. The hit and run game in Chicago's fourth and fifth innings was never more successful. Chance made the star play of the local season, vaulting a low fence and catching the ball with one hand at the same time. Attendance, 1,014. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	7	10	2
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	11	4

Batteries—Weimer and Kling; Willis and Moran.

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	64	32	.667	Brooklyn	44	50	.468
New York	59	37	.615	Boston	36	58	.383
Chicago	60	41	.594	St. Louis	35	65	.350
Cincinnati	52	45	.531	Philadelphia	31	61	.337

Games Scheduled for To-day.

St. Louis in New York.
Pittsburg in Brooklyn.
Chicago in Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York Beaten in Two Games by Cleveland—Latter Advances in Championship Table.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 13.—The local Americans captured third place in the pennant race to-day by defeating the New York team in both games of a double-header. Errors by Elberfeld and Conroy in the sixth inning of the first game, and a temporary weakening on the part of Tannehill practically gave the home team the victory. The visitors got one run off Moore in the opening inning, and another in the sixth, but the locals added two more in the eighth, winning out by the score of 5 to 2.

Joss and Deering were the rival pitchers in the second game, but the latter was batted out of the box in the first inning and Howell replaced him. Howell was in fine form up to the eighth inning, when four hits off him netted three runs. The visitors were outplayed in both contests at bat and in the field, and they lost the second game by a score of 3 to 2. The scores:

CLEVELAND.	R	1B	PO	A	E	NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Flick, rf.	1	2	0	0	0	Conroy, 3b.	1	3	0	0	1
Bay, cf.	1	1	2	0	0	Keeler, rf.	0	0	1	0	0
Bradley, 3b.	1	1	2	1	0	Elber'ld, ss.	0	0	3	5	2
Lajoie, 2b.	1	1	4	4	0	Will'ms, 2b.	0	1	4	5	0
Hick'n, 1b.	0	2	6	0	0	Gansel, 1b.	1	1	10	1	0
McCarthy, lf.	0	0	3	0	0	McFar'd, cf.	0	1	1	1	0
Abbott, c.	0	1	8	1	0	Davis, lf.	0	1	1	1	0
Gochn'r, ss.	0	0	2	3	0	O'Connor, c.	0	1	5	0	0
Moore, p.	0	1	0	5	0	Tanneh'l, p.	0	0	1	2	0
Total	5	9	27	14	1	Total	2	7	24	15	3

Cleveland ... 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 2 x—5
New York ... 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—2

Bases on errors—Cleveland, 2; New York, 1. Sacrifice hits—McCarthy, Bay, Keeler, (2.) Davis. Double plays—Bay and Abbott; Gochnauer and Lajoie; Williams, Elberfeld and Ganzel. Bases on balls—Off Moore, 3; off Tannehill, 2. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; New York, 8. Struck out—By Moore, 6; by Tannehill, 3. Time—1:40.

SECOND GAME.

CLEVELAND.	R	1B	PO	A	E	NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Flick, rf.	1	1	0	0	0	Conroy, 3b.	0	0	3	1	0
Bay, cf.	1	2	3	0	0	Keeler, rf.	0	0	3	1	0
Bradley, 3b.	0	0	0	5	0	Elberfeld, ss.	0	0	2	1	1
Lajoie, 2b.	2	2	1	4	1	Williams, 2b.	1	1	3	0	0
Hickman, 1b.	0	2	16	1	0	Gansel, 1b.	1	3	9	1	0
McCarthy, lf.	2	2	0	0	0	M'Farl'nd, cf.	0	1	1	0	2
Abbott, c.	0	2	2	2	0	Davis, lf.	0	1	1	0	0
Gochnauer, ss.	0	0	3	1	1	Beville, c.	0	0	4	2	0
Joss, p.	0	0	1	4	0	Deering, p.	0	0	0	1	0
						Howell, p.	0	1	0	1	0
Total	3	10	27	12	2	Total	2	7	24	10	3

Cleveland ... 4 0 0 0 1 0 0 3 x—3 [illegible]
New York ... 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2

Earned runs—Cleveland, 6; New York, 1. Two-base hits—Lajoie, Hickman, Gansel. Sacrifice hit—Bay. Stolen base—Bay. Double play—Bradley, Lajoie, and Hickman. First base on balls—Off Joss, 1; off Howell, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Howell, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 4; New York, 7. Struck out—By Joss, 3; by Howell, 5. Passed ball—Abbott, 1. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Sheridan. Attendance—5,868.

TWO GAMES IN DETROIT.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 13.—Detroit and Boston broke even to-day in a double header, with no points of resemblance between the two games. The first was a pitchers' battle and Dineen had the better of it, especially in tight places. With the score tied in the ninth inning, Collins batted in the winning run. The fielding of Lush and Parent was very clever.

In the second game Detroit made 8 as a starter, Gibson being wild and giving way to Winters, whose control was no better. Kitson pitched carefully and was finely supported. Barrett and Collins made very long hits. Attendance, 4,473. Scores by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6—2	7	1
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0—1	4	4

Batteries—Dineen and Criger; Mullin and McGuire.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	6
Detroit	8	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	x	10	9	0

Batteries—Kitson and Buelow; Winters, Gibson, J. Stahl, and Criger.

PHILADELPHIA, 5; CHICAGO, 1.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—Philadelphia won to-day's game by scoring 3 runs in the fourth inning on a single, a triple, and Greene's error. The local players could do nothing with Bender until the eighth inning, when they scored their only run on three consecutive singles. Attendance, 1,885. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	3
Philadelphia	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	5	8	1

Batteries—White and Slattery; Bender and Powers.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Boston	61	35	.635	Detroit	47	46	.511
Philadelphia	55	41	.573	St. Louis	42	49	.462
Cleveland	53	46	.536	Chicago	42	53	.442
New York	47	45	.522	Washington	29	64	.312

Games Scheduled for To-day.

New York in Cleveland.
Boston in Detroit.
Philadelphia in Chicago.
Washington in St. Louis.

Eastern League Games.

AT JERSEY CITY.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	1	4	3	0	4	0	0	1	x	13	15	1
Rochester	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	9	4

Batteries—McCann, McManus, and Dillon; Leary and Steelman.

AT BALTIMORE.

									R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3
Newark	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	2	1	1

Batteries—Adkins, Burchell, and Robinson; Walsh and Spiesman. Umpire—Mr. Kelley. Game called on account of darkness.

N. Y. State League Games.

At Gloversville—A., J. & G., 17; Binghamton, 16.
At Albany—Albany, 6; Ilion, 3.
At Schenectady—Syracuse, 10; Schenectady, 4.

COLLEGE GOLF TEAMS EVEN.

English Players Won in the Morning and Americans in the Afternoon.

MANCHESTER, Mass., Aug. 13.—The golfing honors were even to-day between England and America in the contest over the Essex County links, the Oxford and Cambridge team beating the All-Massachusetts aggregation in the four-ball match in the morning by a score of 3 points to 2, and being defeated in the afternoon in a two-ball match 6 to 5. The score at the end of the day's play was 8 points for each side.

The English players' victory in the four-ball match in the morning was by a close margin, the deciding point being won on the twentieth green by the last pair. For the afternoon two-ball competition, however, the hard work of the past three days told on the visitors, and they tired perceptibly toward the end. The English players will leave in the morning for Chicago, playing one of their Western matches at Wheaton on Monday. The following is the result of the matches in the order of their starting:

Morning Foursomes.—Ranson, Cambridge, and Allison, Oxford, beat Cory, Wollaston, and Selfridge, Vesper, 7 up and 6 to play; T. M. Hunter, Cambridge, and Barne, Oxford, beat Ripley and T. P. Curtis, Oakley, 5 up and 4 to play; Ellis, Oxford, and Leathart, Cambridge, beat Thorp and Chick, Oakley, 1 up, (twenty holes;) Lockwood, Allston, and Shaw, Myopia, beat Bramston, Oxford, and N. F. Hunter, Cambridge, 1 up; Wheelock, Country Club, and J. F. Curtis, Essex County, beat Beveridge, Oxford, and Low, Cambridge, 1 up. Oxford-Cambridge, 3 points, 18 holes; All-Massachusetts, 2 points, 2 holes.

Afternoon, Two-Ball Contest.—C. B. Cory, Wollaston, beat H. W. Beveridge, Oxford, 1 up, (20 holes;) G. H. Wheelock, Country Club, beat D. F. Ranson, Cambridge, 1 up; F. E. Small, Albemarle, beat C. N. Day, Oxford, 5 up, 3 to play; H. Selfridge, Vesper, beat C. H. Allison, Oxford, 2 up; N. F. Hunter, Cambridge, beat A. L. Ripley, Oakley, 3 up, 2 to play; A. G. Lockwood, Allston, beat A. J. T. Bramston, Oxford, 4 up, 3 to play; G. D. Barne, Oxford, beat J. G. Thorp, Oakley, 3 up; T. M. Hunter, Cambridge, beat Q. A. Shaw, Jr., Myopia, 3 up, 1 to play; W. C. Chick, Oakley, beat F. W. Leathart, Cambridge, 3 up, 2 to play; H. C. F. Ellis, Oxford, beat T. P. Curtis, Oakley, 4 up, 3 to play; J. L. Low, Cambridge, beat J. F. Curtis, Essex County, 2 up, 1 to play.

ALL-MASSACHUSETTS.	Pts.	Hls.	OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE.	Pts.	Hls.
Morning score	2	2	Morning score	3	18
Afternoon score	6	16	Afternoon score	5	18
Grand total	8	18	Grand total	8	26

Philadelphian a Golf Champion.

Special to The New York Times.

POLAND SPRINGS, Me., Aug. 13.—The annual amateur tournament for the Poland Springs Golf Championship ended to-day with a series of interesting matches, and resulted in a victory for H. B. McFarland of Philadelphia over Dr. Lee L. Harban of Washington, the runner-up, by a score of five up and three to play.

Match Polo at Newport.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 13.—There was a good attendance at the polo grounds to-day. The match, which aroused the greatest interest, was between teams known as Green and Red, made up as follows: Green—A. S. Burden, Reginald Brooks, R. L. Agassiz, and G. H. Norman. Red—O. Mills, Jr., R. J. Collier, L. Waterbury, and L. W. McCreery. The former received a handicap allowance of one goal, but through good team work they won on even play in two fifteen-minute periods by the score of 6 goals to 5. The goals were made as follows: Brooks, 3; Agassiz, 1; Burden, 1; Norman, 1. Total, 6. Waterbury, 2; McCreery, 2; Mills, 1. Total, 5.

Jeffries and Corbett Meet To-night.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 13.—Visitors from all parts of the country have been coming throughout the day to see the battle for the pugilistic championship between the present holder of the title, James Jeffries, and the ex-champion, James Corbett, and interest in the contest extends to all classes. From the training quarters of the rivals the announcement has been made that both men are in perfect physical condition and ready for the struggle to-morrow night.

Bets continue to be made with Jeffries the favorite at 2 to 1, but the betting is comparatively light. Owing to the methods of Jeffries's trainers, who avoided all vitality-sapping work in heavy clothing, the champion will probably enter the ring heavier than ever before.

The attendance promises to exceed 12,000, and so fast have the tickets been sold, notwithstanding the big prices asked, that additional seats have been placed in the pavilion.

TENNIS AT SOUTHAMPTON

English and American Experts in Hotly Contested Matches.

H. L. Doherty Secured a Place in Final of Singles by Defeating W. J. Clothier in Straight Sets.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., Aug. 13.—Exciting matches in the semi-final round of the singles and doubles produced stirring sport to-day in the lawn tennis tournament on the courts of the Meadow Club. The play marked the highest point of the meeting. In the singles H. L. Doherty gained his place in the finals by defeating the Harvard student, William J. Clothier, in straight sets by the score of 6—1, 6—3. The other match in this event was regarded more in the nature of an exhibition, for it brought together as opponents the Larned brothers. The elder brother, William A. Larned, defeated the young Princeton title holder, Edwin P. Larned, by the score of 6—4, 6—4.

Both of the semi-finals in the doubles were spectacular. Against the Doherty brothers played the American-English combination, Ollie S. Campbell and Harold S. Mahony. This pair volleyed so strongly that they had the Dohertys in difficulties in the first two sets, but the English champions finally won by the score of 8—6, 3—6, 6—1. Beals C. Wright and William A. Larned were also hard pressed through three sets by the Harvard pair, composed of Edgar S. Leonard and William J. Clothier. The former won at 9—7, 4—6, 6—3.

The H. Doherty-Clothier match was the first to be decided, and in this the performances of Clothier on the previous day, when he beat Mahony, caused the experts to believe that he would make a strong play against the little Briton. At the outset it was evident that Doherty was not giving his opponent any opportunities to reach the net, from which position he is deadly in his volleying. Doherty drove his returns deep into the opposing court, and passed Clothier on every attempt that the latter made to get to the net.

Ollie Campbell, the old-time American champion, gave a splendid exhibition of American tennis in the first and second sets of the doubles match against the Doherty Brothers. Had Mahony then assisted his partner, Campbell, the English champions would have been defeated in straight sets. After twenty-three games played at top speed Campbell began to fade from the contest, and with his weakening the Englishmen were able to take the final and deciding set at 6—1.

Only the beautiful kills scored by Beals C. Wright saved the team of Wright and Larned from defeat at the hands of the Harvard team, Leonard and Clothier. In this competition there was little play close to the net. The summary:

Men's Invitation Singles.—Second Round—Edwin P. Larned, Princeton University, defeated Arthur Torrence, Englewood Field Club, 6—2.

Semi-Final Round—William A. Larned, Orange Tennis Club, defeated Edwin P. Larned, Princeton University, 6—4, 6—4; H. L. Doherty, England, defeated William J. Clothier, Harvard University, 6—1, 6—3.

Men's Invitation Doubles.—First Round—Harry Torrence, Jr., and Arthur Torrence, Englewood Field Club, defeated T. W. Porter and H. W. Talmage, Meadow Club, 6—3, 6—3; Edgar S. Leonard and William J. Clothier, Harvard University, defeated Russell Sard and D. Humphrey, Harvard University, and Meadow Club, by default; Robert P. Huntington and Ford Huntington, Meadow Club, defeated George Howard and H. H. Whitman, Harvard University, 6—0, 6—3; Ollie S. Campbell and Harold S. Mahony, Meadow Club and England, defeated Benson Prentice and F. De Rahm, Harvard University and Meadow Club, 6—4, 6—0; A. W. Post and Louis E. Mahan, Columbia University, defeated C. W. Blair and Guy Livingston, Harvard University, 6—3, 6—4; Theodore Roosevelt Pell and Harry F. Allen, West Side Tennis Club of New York and Belmont Cricket Club of Philadelphia, defeated C. F. Watson, Jr., and Edwin P. Larned, Orange Tennis Club and Princeton University, 7—5, 6—3; Beals C. Wright and William A. Larned, Harvard University and Orange Tennis Club, a bye.

Semi-final Round—Beals C. Wright and William A. Larned, Harvard University and Orange Tennis Club, defeated Edgar S. Leonard and William J. Clothier, Harvard University, 9—7, 4—6, 6—3; H. L. Doherty and R. F. Doherty, England, defeated Ollie S. Campbell and Harold S. Mahony, Meadow Club and England, 8—6, 3—6, 6—1.

Mixed Doubles (First Round)—Miss Barnes and George Howard defeated Miss Camp and Theodore Roosevelt Pell by default; Miss Hess and R. F. Doherty defeated Miss J. Meyer and F. De Rham, 6—1, 6—1. Miss Jones and Ford Huntington defeated Miss Street and S. Van Rensselaer Kennedy, 6—4, 6—1; Miss Fanny Howland and Edwin P. Larned defeated Miss Waller and H. H. Whitman, 3—6, 6—3, 6—4; Mrs. Hoadley and Harold S. Mahony defeated Miss Van Rensselaer and Chester Griswold, 6—0, 6—1.

VIRGIN SOIL WON THE STAKE

Filly Was First in a Sharp Finish for the Chief Event at Saratoga.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 13.—The attendance at the races of the Saratoga Association to-day was large and the sport offered was fair, although the fields were much depleted by reason of withdrawals. Only three horses went to the post in each of two races, while four ran in another, and six in each of two more events.

The Amsterdam Stakes, a mile event for three-year-olds and upward, with selling allowances, was the chief contest of the day. Six horses faced the starter for this, but only five figured in the race, as the ill-tempered Highlander was left at the post. As the horses came out of the chute Tam o'Shantar and Elsie L. showed in front and raced together into the stretch. Near the finish Callahan, riding Virgin Soil, found an opening between them and went through, Virgin Soil then winning by three parts of a length from Elsie L., who was a length and a half in front of Tam o'Shanter.

In the second race Wizard, ridden out, took first money from Grenada by a length, with Hoceo, a head further back, third. Yardarm and Wotan won easily in the third and fifth races respectively. Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Handicap, for all ages; seven furlongs.
E. R. Thomas's Hermis, ch. c., 4 years, by Hermence—Katy of the West, 126 pounds, (Odom,) 1 to 2 and 1 to 5 ... 1
S. Sanford & Son's Molly Brant, ch. f., 3, 103, (Jenkins,) 7 to 1 and 7 to 5 ... 2
J. R. Keene's Rigodon, br. c., 3, 114, (Gannon,) 5 to 1 and 4 to 5 ... 3
Time—1:28 2-5. Won cleverly by a length; four lengths between second and third. Ingold also ran. Winner trained by W. Shields.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling allowances; scale from $5,000 down to $1,000; five and a half furlongs.
F. P. Keene's Wizard, ch. g., by Horoscope—Lady Invercauld, 105 pounds, (Gannon,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2 ... 1
S. Paget's Grenada, b. g., 111, (O'Neil,) 4 to 5 and 1 to 3 ... 2
C. F. Waterhouse's Hoceo, br. f., 94, (Coleman,) 150 to 1 and 50 to 1 ... 3
Time—1:10. Won, ridden out, by a length; neck between second and third. Tower, Sailor Knot, Auf Wiedersehen, Monster, Latheron, Destiny, Mildred L. M., and Banderilla also ran. Winner trained by James Rowe.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds, non-winners at the Saratoga meeting, with allowances; one mile.
E. R. Thomas's Yardarm, ch. c., by Henry of Navarre—Yeoult, 108 pounds, (Odom,) 13 to 5 and 2 to 5 ... 1
H. R. Bradley's Bad News, br. g., 101, (O'Neill,) even and 1 to 4 ... 2
W. C. Whitney's Payne, ch. g., 105, (Redfern,) 13 to 5 and 3 to 5 ... 3
Time—1:42 2-5. Won easily by six lengths; three lengths between second and third. Only three horses ran. Winner trained by W. Shields.

FOURTH RACE.—The Amsterdam Stakes, for three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; scale from $3,500 down to $1,000; one mile.
W. Showalter's Virgin Soil, b. f., 3 years, by Top Gallant—Alfalfa, 96 pounds, (Callahan,) 12 to 1 and 4 to 1 ... 1
J. C. Yeager's Elsie L., b. f., 4, by St. Leonards—Elsie, 91, (Reed,) 16 to 5 and 6 to 5 ... 2
J. R. Keene's Tam o'Shanter, b. or br. c., 3, by Kingston—Ben My Chree, 108, (Gannon,) 13 to 5 and even ... 3
Time—1:42. Won ridden out by three parts of a length; a length and a half between second and third. Counterpoise, Irascible, and Highlander also ran. Highlander was left at the post. Winner trained by E. L. Graves.

FIFTH RACE.—Handicap for two-year-olds; six furlongs.
W. M. Scheftel's Wotan, b. c., by Wagner—Undecided, 118 pounds, (Hicks,) 3 to 5 and 2 to 5 ... 1
C. F. Waterhouse's Toledo, ch. c., 115, (Bullman,) 11 to 5 and 4 to 5 ... 2
Julius Fleischmann's Long Shot, b. c., 117, (J. Martin,) 13 to 5 and even ... 3
Time—1:17 2-5. Won easily by four lengths; six lengths between second and third. St. Jolly, Blackamoore, and Don John also ran. Winner trained by Bud May.

SIXTH RACE.—For fillies, mares, and geldings, three years old and upward, with allowances; one mile and a sixteenth on the turf course.
Woodford Clay's Flying Ship, b. f., 3 years, by Flying Dutchman—Phalls, 100 pounds (O'Neill,) even and out ... 1
F. R. Doctor's Stamping Ground, b. f., 3, 111, (Fuller,) 3 to 2 and out ... 2
R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, Carbuncle, b. g., 6, 106, (Redfern,) 6 to 1 and 4 to 5 ... 3
Time—1:50. Won handily by a length and a half, twelve lengths between second and third. Only three horses ran. Winner trained by owner.

Saratoga Entries for To-day.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds, and upward, non-winners at the Saratoga meeting; selling allowances, scale from $3,000 down to $500; one mile. Satire and Rocky, 111 pounds each; Locust and Regal, 106 each; Chanate and Flara, 100 each; Trinity Bell, 104; The Dancer, Lapidus, and Moslerto, 103 each; Col. Padden, Dark Planet, and Lucent, 101 each; Goldsby and Scoffer, 100 each; The Regent and Bob Hilliard, 98 each, and Lady Radnor and Past, 96 each.

SECOND RACE.—For maidens three years old, special weights; six furlongs. Prince of Pleasure, Russell Garth, Toboggan, Fan Longin, and Innsbruck, 115 pounds each; The Skater, Avignon, Lenarka, Fleetful, Caraman, Prince Ching, Partnership, Dr. Bissell, and Puget, 112 each, and Bolino, Albany Girl, Nun, and Rockmart, 110 each.

THIRD RACE.—Handicap for all ages; one mile and a furlong. Major Daingerfield, 126 pounds; Caughnawaga, 115; Lord Badge and Gold Bell, 102 each; Irascible, 94, and Agnes D., 90.

FOURTH RACE.—The Troy Stakes, for two-year-olds; selling allowances; scale from $3,000 down to $1,000; five and one-half furlongs. Hylas, Monastic, Namcold, and The Lady Rohesia, 107 pounds each; Avenger, 106; Bath Beach, 105; Divination, 102; The Bowery and Reveille, 100 each; Dick Turpin, 97, and Tendercrest, 92.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling allowances; scale from $3,000 down to $1,000; one mile and a sixteenth on the turf. Easy Street, 111 pounds; Lord Advocate, Satire, and Forward, 106 each; Trinity Bell, 104; Birch Broom, 103; Flara, 101; Anklet, 91, and Diakeda, 98.

SIXTH RACE.—For maidens, two years old; special weights; five and one-half furlongs. Bluish, Otto Stifel, Signet Ring, Juvenal Maxim, Firxion, Dutiful, Rockaway, Exclamation, Gold Saint, and Auf Wiedersehen, 112 pounds each, and Brierthorpe, For Luck, Coal Black Lady, Experience, Redman, and Dolly Spanker, 109 each.

PHILADELPHIANS END TOUR.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GRANTHAM, England, Aug. 13.—The tour of the Philadelphia cricketers was wound up here to-day. The visitors were the guests of Arthur Priestley, M. P., and in the general jollification which prevailed they agreed to be called A. Priestley's team, while their opponents represented Lincolnshire.

Some fine batting was witnessed in the match, and J. B. King did some tremendous hitting in an innings of 178. Turner, for Lincolnshire, also batted in fine style for 117, while N. Z. Graves, J. A. Lester, F. C. Sharpless, and H. A. Haines were all in form with the bat. Owing to the heavy scoring there was not time to finish the match, and the result was a draw. The score:

LINCOLNSHIRE.

FIRST INNING.		SECOND INNING.	
Brook, b. King	7	b. King	12
Ward, b. King	43	c. Haines, b. Clark	0
Turner, c. Graves, b. King	21	c. King, b. Morris	117
Wynne, c. Lester, b. King	29	not out	16
Redgate, c. Lester, b. King	0	c. Graves, b. Clark	24
Bowles, b. Clark	20	not out	2
Hudson, b. King	21		
Thompson, run out	5	b. King	3
Harrison, l. b. w., b. King	0	retired	21
Melbourne, b. Cregar	15		
Hedworth, c. Graves, b. King	19		
Short, c. Sharpless, b. King	7		
Neville, b. King	1	c. Clark, b. Morris	4
Foster, c. King, b. Cregar	11		
Daybell, c. and b. King	1		
Bingham, not out	17		
Extras	37	Extras	20
Total	249	Total, (7 wkts.)	320

A. PRIESTLEY'S TEAM.

N. Z. Graves, b. Turner	78
F. C. Sharpless, c. Foster, b. Turner	65
J. A. Lester, run out	53
J. B. King, b. Turner	178
P. H. Clark, run out	4
E. M. Cregar, b. Harrison	0
H. A. Haines, not out	43
C. C. Morris, E. N. Le Roy, C. C. Jordan, T. Crowhurst, A. Priestley	Did not bat.
Extras	42
Total, (declared)	463

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SPORTING EVENTS.

BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, To-day, 4 P. M. ST. LOUIS vs. NEW YORK. Adm. 50c.

INSTRUCTION.

MANHATTAN.

The Merrill-vanLaer School. BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Formerly The Peebles and Thompson School, 30, 32, and 34 East 57th Street, New York City.

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New York City, 13 and 15 West 86th St. MRS. LESLIE MORGAN'S Boarding and Day School for Girls.

THE GARDNER HOME BOARDING AND DAY School for Girls. 607 5th Av., N. Y. City.

NEW YORK STATE.

THE SISTERS OF ST. JOSEPH of Flushing will open their new Academy in Brentwood on Tuesday, September eighth. Excursion tickets at reduced rates can be purchased at St. Joseph's Academy, Flushing, or St. Joseph's in the Pines, Brentwood. For further particulars send for prospectus or visit the Flushing or Brentwood Academy.

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SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

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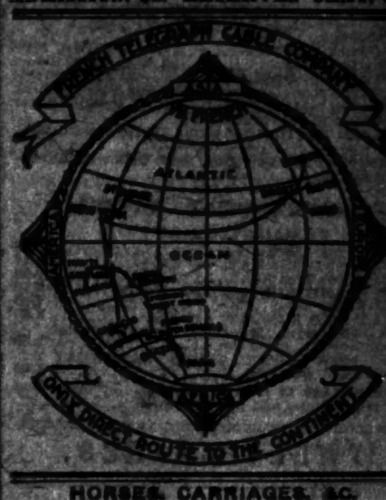

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SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—CLARENCE A. BLANCHARD, Nellie B. Hoyt and Hattie B. Fuller, Plaintiffs, against CHARLES D. INGERSOLL, sole surviving executor under the will of George E. Blanchard, deceased; Ada B. Skinner; Charles D. Ingersoll and George Holmes, executors under the last will and testament of Delia A. Blanchard, deceased; Ada B. Skinner, John M. Suffrins, Sarah G. Comly, Elma C. Maxwell, Elma Van Heusen, Louise Garrard, Mrs. W. W. Richards, Mrs. Charles A. Doremus, William O. Thompson, Mark C. Thompson, Lewis D. Suffrins, Frank B. Thompson, Blanchard Suffrins, Edythe Suffrins, Mrs. Clifton Comly and G. B. Comly, beneficiaries named in the last will and testament of Delia A. Blanchard, deceased; and William O. Thompson, Mark C. Thompson, John M. Suffrins and Lewis D. Suffrins, heirs at law and next of kin of Delia A. Blanchard, deceased, Defendants.—Supplemental Summons.—(Trial in New York County.)

To Charles D. Ingersoll and George Holmes, executors under the last will and testament of Delia A. Blanchard, deceased; Ada B. Skinner, John M. Suffrins, Sarah G. Comly, Elma C. Maxwell, Elma Van Heusen, Louise Garrard, Mrs. W. W. Richards, Mrs. Charles A. Doremus, William O. Thompson, Mark C. Thompson, Lewis D. Suffrins, Frank B. Thompson, Blanchard Suffrins, Edythe Suffrins, Mrs. Clifton Comly and G. B. Comly, beneficiaries named in the last will and testament of Delia A. Blanchard, deceased; and William O. Thompson, Mark C. Thompson, John M. Suffrins and Lewis D. Suffrins, heirs at law and next of kin of said Delia A. Blanchard, deceased, named as defendants herein with others as above:

You are hereby summoned to answer the amended and supplemental complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and, in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated July 8, 1903.

HAZELTON & HAZELTON, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Office and Post Office address: 220 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To John M. Suffrins, Sarah G. Comly, Elma C. Maxwell, Elma Van Heusen, Louise Garrard, William O. Thompson, Mark C. Thompson, Lewis D. Suffrins, Frank B. Thompson, Blanchard Suffrins, Edythe Suffrins, Mrs. Clifton Comly and G. B. Comly, beneficiaries named in the last will and testament of Delia A. Blanchard, deceased; and William O. Thompson, Mark C. Thompson, John M. Suffrins and Lewis D. Suffrins, heirs at law and next of kin of said Delia A. Blanchard, deceased:

The foregoing supplemental summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Francis M. Scott, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated July 15, 1903, filed with the supplemental summons and complaint on that day in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the City and County of New York, in said State, the original summons and complaint having been filed there on February 17, 1903.

HAZELTON & HAZELTON, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
Dated July 15, 1903. jy17-law6wF

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—HERBERT A. ST. GEORGE, plaintiff, against A. JOSEPH PEPPIATT, ELEANOR B. PEPPIATT, his wife, and NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY, defendants.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within 20 days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated December 29th, 1902.

TALLMADGE W. FOSTER, Plaintiff's Attorney, Office and Post Office Address, No. 30 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

To the defendant Eleanor B. Peppiatt:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Samuel Greenbaum, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 24th day of July, 1903, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

Dated August 12th, 1903.

TALLMADGE W. FOSTER, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 30 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City, N. Y. au14-law6wF

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—ELIZABETH S. VAN BEUREN, Henry S. Van Beuren, Emily A. V. B. Reynolds, Frederick T. Van Beuren, and John W. A. Davis, as administrator of Mary Louise V. B. Davis, deceased, plaintiffs, against GEORGE Le BOUTILLIER, and Isabella G. Le Boutillier, defendants.

To the above-named defendants and each of them: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New York, June 19th, 1903.

MITCHELL & MITCHELL, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address, Nos. 44 and 46 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To George Le Boutillier and Isabella G. Le Boutillier: The foregoing summons is served on you and each of you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the twenty-fourth day of July, 1903, and filed with the complaint on the twenty-ninth day of July, 1903, in the office of the Clerk of New York County, at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.—Dated New York, July 29th, 1903.

MITCHELL & MITCHELL, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Nos. 44 and 46 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR ORDER TO CHANGE NAME.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Trust Company of the Republic, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City of New York, County of New York, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at the Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the City of New York, County of New York, on the seventh day of September, 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to the "Commonwealth Trust Company of New York."

Dated New York City, July 15th, 1903.

TRUST COMPANY OF THE REPUBLIC, By WINTHROP E. SCARRITT, President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Arlington Apron Co., a domestic corporation having its principal business office at 155-157 Wooster Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held in the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 24th day of August, 1903, at 10:30 in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to the Arlington Underwear Co.

Dated New York, July 9th, 1903.

ARLINGTON APRON CO., By William Guinsburg, President.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

TO THE CREDITORS OF GEORGE BERGEN, late of the Town of Montgomery, Orange County, deceased.

An application having been made to the Surrogate's Court of Orange County for letters of administration upon the estate of said deceased and to have the penalty of the administratrix's bond fixed at double the amount of the claims of the creditors presented to the Surrogate, not, however, for an amount less than $5,000.00, pursuant to the provisions of Section 2664 of the Code of Civil Procedure; you will therefore present to said Surrogate at his office in Goshen, on or before the 1st day of September, 1903, your claim against the estate of said deceased.

Dated July 22, 1903.

C. F. HOWELL, Surrogate.
R. C. COLEMAN, Petitioner's Attorney, Newburgh, N. Y.

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, AUG. 14, 1903.

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LAWLESSNESS AND "LABOR."

Those were bitter words, but not more bitter than true, that Mr. PARRY, President of the National Association of Manufacturers, uttered yesterday at Chautauqua upon "The Mob Spirit in Organized Labor." It was in continuation of the discussion on lynching that he spoke, and when he said that the most dangerous mob in this country is the mob of organized labor, he spoke words not only of truth but of soberness.

For an occasional eruption of the mob spirit in the murder by a crowd of a man who has committed a crime particularly adapted to excite popular indignation, though very deplorable and very properly punishable, is a far less serious symptom than the existence of what may fairly be called a permanent mob. That is a fair description of organized labor as now, in very many cases and very many communities, it is managed. It does set itself above the law. It relies not in the least upon reason and justice, but upon lawless force and lawless intimidation for the accomplishment of its object. It deliberately and avowedly sets itself to weaken the forces that make for the maintenance of law and order, and chief among them of that "well-regulated militia" which the Constitution of the United States declares to be "essential to the security of a free State."

And all this for what? Practically to support without manual labor a band of demagogues who call themselves labor leaders. They have been encouraged by political demagogues of a higher class until they have waxed exceeding bold and come out into the open with their demands. That is all that is necessary to call the public attention to the dangerous and criminal character of so many of the labor organizations, and to the dangerous and criminal spirit which, we are sorry to have to say, is coming to characterize labor organizations. When the public once fairly understands the danger with which it is threatened by the leaders of standing mobs, it will find means of maintaining order in spite of them, and of crushing them if they resist.

A SITUATION, NOT A THEORY.

The story that Mr. JOHN C. SHEEHAN is going back to Tammany, taking the Greater New York Democracy with him, had its rise and its collapse in the space of a day and a night. Mr. SHEEHAN himself declares it to be a midsummer absurdity. "I am not going back," he says, "and I have never once wanted to go back since I got out. I have only one political aim in the world, and that is to aid in the defeat of Tammany Hall. I am not so blind as to think that the Greater New York Democracy can defeat the Tammany organization, but I do feel sure that when the next election takes place Tammany will be defeated."

This is good news for Fusion and the Fusion candidate. We know that there are those who are prone to look with scorn and indifference upon the Greater New York Democracy and the pronouncements of its leader. But candidates are elected by getting votes and holding them, not by driving votes away. It is possible to dissent sharply from the political philosophy of Mr. JOHN C. SHEEHAN and yet honor his decision to labor for the defeat of Tammany Hall.

It is better, we think, to welcome Democratic aid for the Fusion cause rather than to revile it and seek to drive it away by a frowning face and contemptuous epithets. It is better, because anybody can see that a very determined effort will be made this Fall to induce the Democrats of New York City to vote for a Democratic candidate for Mayor. In the far-off States of the West and South the Democracy knows very little, cares very little, about our struggle for reform. If it hears that a Tammany Mayor has been elected it feels that New York has gone Democratic. When it hears that a Strong or a Low has been elected it feels that New York has gone Republican. The National leaders of the party, many of them, consider that the election of a Democrat as Mayor of New York this Fall would be an event full of encouragement for Democrats in other States next year. They do not insist that the next Mayor should necessarily be a Tammany Democrat, but it would gratify them if the Fusion Party should make a Democrat its candidate. There would then be no talk about New York having gone Republican. The Democrats of other States have not particularly liked Tammany Democrats when they have met them in National Conventions, but all over the Union it is felt that to elect a Democratic President it will be necessary to carry New York, and the carrying of New York for the party will be much easier if first the city be carried this Fall.

That is the situation. Democrats of sagacity and experience here may dissent from the reasoning and the conclusion of the National leaders. It ought to be easier to carry the State of New York for a Democratic Presidential candidate in 1904 if the city at that time shall be under a clean and honest reform government than it would be if it were under a Tammany Government controlled by Mr. SULLIVAN. Tammany, should it be successful this Fall, would be very apt to return to its old and odious practices with such promptness that the resulting disgust and revulsion of feeling would by November, 1904, unfavorably affect the fortunes of the Democratic National candidate in this city. If no scandal or corruption in New York City arises to affect the judgment of the voter, he will be free to let considerations of party and National affairs determine his action a year hence. But this is not the view of many Democrats of great influence, whose attention is fixed not upon the local but upon the National field of battle.

It is, therefore, not so much individual theories of Mr. SHEEHAN's motives of action as it is the actual situation which should be taken into account in determining the Fusion policy. In particular, the Republican supporters of Fusion will have to be warned against attempting to give a too strong Republican color to the Mayoralty canvass. If they seek to gain purely partisan advantage by representing it to be purely a fight of Republicans against Democrats, they will make Fusion success much less probable. There is, moreover, a consideration of ordinary respect for truth. It is not a fight of Republicans against Democrats, and a Republican candidate for Mayor as a Republican could not be elected in this city. While it is true that the largest single organized body of support is Republican, it is no less true that only by great Democratic and independent reinforcement, by a fusion, in short, of all anti-Tammany political bodies, can a majority of the votes be assured to a reform candidate. Party politics must be kept out of the Mayoralty canvass. Otherwise the Tammany candidate will win the fight.

GEN. MILES AND THE GRAND ARMY.

For some reasons that will appear more readily to the politician than to the statesman the coincidence of the dates of the retirement of Gen. MILES from active service and of the convention of the Grand Army of the Republic at San Francisco does not seem to promise to add to the popularity of the Administration with the Grand Army of the Republic or to detract from the popularity of Gen. MILES with the veterans of the war of the rebellion.

Before Gen. MILES's retirement was noted by the formal and cold-blooded order issued by the War Department there had been but little talk about candidates for Commander of the Grand Army. Gen. JOHN C. BLACK of Illinois, who is understood to desire to wear the honor for a year, had perhaps acquired a considerable following, and Gen. MILES appears to have been of the number preferring him to others.

But the Grand Army of the Republic is sometimes moved by sentiment. A sentiment of very pronounced character almost prevailed upon it a short time ago to denounce the Administration for refusing to sacrifice to it a Commissioner of Pensions, and the veterans were only appeased by an implied promise to make the desired sacrifice at a more convenient season. Since then a new Commissioner of Pensions has been put in office, but there are some reasons for believing that he has not proved entirely satisfactory to the spirit of criticism that brought about his appointment. This state of things may be qualifiedly creditable to the Commissioner, but it does not lessen the danger to which the Administration may be exposed in the encampment that is assembling on the Pacific Coast.

Gen. MILES has always been a popular man with the veterans. They remember what he did to entitle him to advancement, how the "Superb" HANCOCK complimented him as few soldiers ever praise their subordinates, how Gen. GRANT personally observed and noted his courage, promptness, and "bulldog" tenacity in the movements below Petersburg just before the close of the war, and his long career as an Indian fighter and a convincer comprehensible to the savage mind that the Indian could no longer profitably contend with the white man. Most Grand Army men know more about the details of Gen. MILES's career than most other people at this time will take time to learn.

Already, in his travels across the continent to attend the Grand Army Encampment, Gen. MILES has repeatedly been indicated as a possible candidate for Commander. He has expressed his own preference for Gen. BLACK, possibly because Gen. BLACK has intimated a wish that he should have the countenance and vote of Gen. MILES. But it will not be necessary, if sentimental regard for Gen. MILES, stimulated by official disregard, amounting almost to insolence, of his great services to his country, should develop the existence of a strong, suddenly aroused preference for Gen. MILES, to ask Gen. BLACK to get out of the way. Gen. BLACK is a politician. It is not necessary to say to him, "That is a band wagon; get a front seat!" He knows a band wagon, and he has been in the habit of occupying front seats.

Is the Grand Army perfectly satisfied with the administration of the Pension Office by Commissioner WARE? Has he not failed to expend the whole sum appropriated by the last Congress for the pension expenses of 1902-3, when he might have expended the entire amount appropriated? Have not some applicants for pension been rejected? If there should chance to be a feeling among the veterans at San Francisco that they had not been accommodated with the sort of Pension Commissioner they wanted, is it at all unlikely that it would find cheerful expression in the sort of indirect censure to be implied by the election as Commander of Gen. MILES?

It is possible that other considerations will go to make weight for Gen. MILES at San Francisco. Throughout the Grand Army there is much discussion of the proposed advancement of Brig. Gen. WOOD to be a Major General. As a matter of fact it ought not to be associated with the question of what Gen. MILES deserved in ceasing to be an active officer of the army. But as a matter of feeling it is apt to be seized upon as a pretext for premature blame, Gen. WOOD not yet having been advanced to be a Major General over the heads of those officers who won their laurels leading the Grand Army men thirty-five years ago.

At all events, there will be but one opinion if Gen. MILES should be elected to head the Grand Army of the Republic. And it is inconceivable that the possibility and importance of such an event should have been overlooked at Washington or Oyster Bay.

RUSSIA IN THE FAR EAST.

The London Times reprints the substance of a gloomy article on the position and prospects of Russia in the Far East from the Viedomosti of St. Petersburg. The Times justly observes that the jeremiad is the more significant from the fact that the journal in which it appears has heretofore strongly advocated the eastward expansion of the empire.

The article sets forth that any benefits that Russia may ultimately derive from her policy must be postponed to a more or less remote future, and that a balance struck now between the great sacrifices she has made and the enormous expenses she has incurred, and the results she has to show for them would be very much against her. We have disgusted the Chinese, says this candid friend to his countrymen, and in their distrust of Russia they have thrown themselves into the arms of their hereditary enemies, the Japanese. The Japanese are striving to organize Pan-Mongolism under the leadership of Japan. The yellow peril is advancing, not in the shape of armed force, but in that of peaceful and enterprising traders. The Japanese are even invading Russian territory and endeavoring, with prospects of success, to turn to their own account the labors of Russia. As for Korea, the writer sets forth that "it has practically become a Japanese colony" and that the Russian hope that the hermit kingdom would turn for support to its powerful northern neighbor has been defeated.

It is to be hoped that these doleful prognostications may be realized. Nations which are seeking in the Far East not territory but trade are perfectly aware that they have far more to hope from Japanese than from Russian control. It would be a strange as well as a gratifying instance of the whirligig of time bringing in its revenges if it should turn out that the interference of Russia to prevent the enforcement of the treaty under which Japan endeavored to open the trade of China not only to herself but to all the world had defeated itself, and if, after all, the bear's paw had been put forth simply to pull the Japanese chestnuts out of the Asiatic fire.

THE BUILDING TRADES CONFLICT.

The decision of the associated employers to make the contest with the unions refusing arbitration "a fight to a finish," is perhaps the wisest which could be reached. It does not change the situation materially, since this appears to have been the determination of those who have thus far refused to come in under a plan satisfactory to the great body of labor interested, and presumably satisfactory to a majority of the membership of the unions which are holding out. In the struggle in its present aspects we have a conflict between the men who work for wages and their leaders, who are reluctant to surrender their delegated powers. In such organizations there is always a disposition on the part of those elected to executive positions to become dictators. They pack meetings with their mercenary following, howl down opposition, mark for persecution any member who has the courage to speak or vote against their plans for self-advancement, and so arrange it that revolution is impossible unless it begins with secession. PARKS is a type of this kind of labor leader. Discredited as a barroom brawler, under indictment for blackmail and extortion, and known of all men as a self-seeking tyrant, willing to strike friend and foe alike to accomplish his ends, he is still potent, through his control of the machinery of the unions he manipulates, to prolong a futile struggle for no better reason than that with its termination he and his associates of the Board of Building Trades will be again relegated to the ranks of the wage-earners and become subject to discharge for cause in the shops from which, with a snap of the finger, they once could "pull out" every union member.

With men of this sort in such a position negotiation is useless. They are not amenable to reason, and the interests of those affected count no more with them than they would with a band of outlaws rounded up in a fortified position by a Sheriff's posse. As long as they are recognized as parties to be treated with and if possible conciliated they will maintain their present attitude. Only by ignoring them, refusing recognition to the unions they represent, and dealing exclusively with new unions which accept the plan of arbitration, can they be relegated to the oblivion which awaits them. The walking delegates cannot long hold in leash men who have rent to pay and children to feed and clothe when those who have abandoned them are earning good wages.

Much as all who have the interests of New York at heart deprecate an industrial struggle in which both victory and defeat will be disastrous, it is difficult to see how the Employers' Association could reach any other conclusion than that they have expressed. The existing condition is intolerable. It will remain so as long as the Employers' Association continues to pay any attention to the remnant of the Board of Building Trades. The plan of favoring the formation of new unions is wise and well considered, and the determination of the employers to stand by the men who have stood by them is right. An honorable and permanent peace in the building trades is impossible until everything which savors of the "graft" is eliminated from the relations of employers and the unions.

SAFE AUTOMOBILE SPEEDS.

In an article on "Speed and Public Safety" contributed to The Electrical Review, Dr. LOUIS BELL, the well-known electrical expert, expresses some very sane and well-considered views in a discussion of the subject of the abuse of highways by reckless chauffeurs which lead to the following conclusion:

There is just one way in which a speed limit can be enforced—by absolutely forbidding the use on public highways of motor vehicles capable of operating, above the limit on level ground, under penalty of permanent forfeiture of license and fine if necessary. The maximum speed of a vehicle can be tested before licensing and re-examined if there is reason to suspect fraud. This would be drastic, but effective, and it is "up to" the law-abiding majority of automobilists to see that it is made unnecessary.

It gives us pleasure to record anticipatory concurrence with this very sensible and practical suggestion. More than two years ago THE TIMES announced the same conclusion, and discussed at some length the simple mechanism of speed regulation by which it could be made impossible for a motor vehicle to go faster than the rate for which the governor was adjusted. Statutory regulation of speeds will be ineffectual as long as motor cars are permitted on the streets which, by a turn of the wrist, can be made to leap forward with the velocity of an express train. Any one who is about the up-town streets and avenues in the evening, especially the Boulevard, Eighth Avenue above Fifty-ninth Street, and in the asphalted streets running east and west, will see these road locomotives dashing by at speeds of twenty to thirty miles an hour whenever the chauffeur thinks he has an unobstructed stretch of road ahead of him. The temptation to travel very fast when the opportunity exists is probably irresistible. Almost any one would yield to it in handling a familiar machine. No one can be trusted with this dangerous pleasure within his reach, and for that reason no motor vehicle should be licensed which can be driven faster than the legal limit.

As to what should be the legal responsibilities of reckless chauffeurs, Dr. BELL says with force and judgment:

From the standpoint of public safety, one of the most serious matters is the insuring of automobilists by casualty companies against damages resulting from killing or injuring their fellow-travelers. If this practice continues, the risks, even at moderate speeds, will be greatly increased. It comes as near to putting a premium on criminal carelessness as anything well can. The only proper rejoinder is to make a special criminal statute to cover injuries inflicted by vehicles of all sorts due to carelessness of the driver, or his master, if a co-occupant of the vehicle. A moderate term in the penitentiary for a few offenders would settle the present difficulties more speedily than anything else, and the average jury can be trusted to convict the criminally reckless and release the innocent. Fines are worse than useless against the offenders, particularly if insured, but imprisonment would not be a nice thing to contemplate.

To this it might be added that writing policies covering the homicidal liabilities of motor vehicle owners is no more legitimate than would be the insurance of other lawbreakers against arrest and conviction. It is gambling of a very objectionable and vicious character, and we very much doubt if it has any standing under the insurance laws of any State. The companies which write this kind of policies should have an opportunity to show cause why their authorization to do an insurance business in the State of New York should not be revoked.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—In a day or two it will be in order to estimate the number of lives and the amount of property saved by the timely warning of the Weather Bureau in regard to the hurricane the worst effects of which have as yet been felt in Martinique and Jamaica. The destruction wrought in those islands was so great that at first thought it may seem that the warning was of no value, but that is a very superficial view of the matter, for even great losses would certainly have been greater if the hurricane had been unheralded. As it was, some preparations must have been made for its approach, even where its havoc was worst, and undoubtedly many a big ship and little one is now afloat that would have been ashore or at the bottom of the ocean if the hurricane had not been detected while it was still to the eastward of Barbados, and its motions followed and widely published as it advanced to the north and west. These advantages are not obtained without cost. The appropriations for the bureau in the past year were $1,250,000, a not inconsiderable sum, but there are 6,000 sailing vessels and as many steamers engaged in the transatlantic trade that reach our ports in a year, and 17,000 sailing vessels and 4,000 steamers annually ply between our ports on the Atlantic Coast. Marine insurance people estimate that one West Indian hurricane, if it were to sweep up the Atlantic Coast unannounced, would leave wreckage to the amount of $2,000,000, without considering the loss of life. There has not been a storm of marked violence along the coast in the past eight years warnings for which were not issued from eight to twenty-four hours in advance of its approach. The warnings of the Mississippi flood of 1897 were four to five days in advance, and enabled $7,000,000 worth of property to be saved. In the same way the warnings of the cold wave of 1896 saved over $3,500,000. There is, of course, a good deal of guesswork about these figures, but it is not likely that they are too large. With all its faults, or, rather, all its imperfections, the Weather Bureau is still a great and beneficent institution—far too great and too beneficent to be, as it is, the constant target for derisive jokes by people whose own weather prophecy is based on the tingling of corns or the strength of wishbones.

—There are a thousand persons in the leper colony on the Island of Molokai and five times as many dogs. So numerous have the animals become of late that the authorities found their support a heavy burden—they ate more than the lepers—and decided that they were a serious menace to the sanitary and economic condition of the colony. It has therefore been decided by the Board of Health not, as might be expected, that all the dogs must go, but that their number must be reduced to equality with that of the human inhabitants. In other words, each leper will be permitted to have one dog. There is pathos in the reasoning by which this decision was reached. It seems that the lepers are extremely fond of dogs, since the affection which they get from these animals to a degree makes up for the repulsion their malady creates among more fortunate men and women. The dog draws no line anywhere, and treats a leper master exactly as he would another. Hence was it considered too cruel to think of expelling all the dogs from the colony, though even in their reduced numbers they are something of a nuisance and no small expense.

—What must, of course, be taken as the last word on the refusal of a railway pass by Representative BAKER has been spoken by The Springfield Republican. That arbiter of morals and policies decides that they were wrong who gently gibed the Brooklyn statesman for striking a noble attitude and ululating shrilly over his act of common honesty. "His offense," it says, "consists not so much, apparently, in returning the pass as in making public the act of giving and returning it. If he had said nothing about it these journals would have had no complaint to make, and so we must conclude that what stirs them particularly is the exposure of a railroad corporation in an act of lawlessness, and the fear that it may have a bad effect upon the business of bribing Congressmen on behalf of corporate interests. So far at least as the remarks of these journals have any effect at all, it must be to encourage Congressmen to accept and keep free passes and other perquisites, or at any rate to keep dark the attempted act of corruptly influencing public servants in favor of special interests." Thus are the hidden motives of the gibers discovered and held up to the horrified gaze of a shocked world! You cannot fool The Springfield Republican—it can find crime in a jest, and don't it like to find it! Incidentally, The Rochester Post-Express has been looking up Mr. BAKER in the Congressional Directory. It finds: "He is one of the most extraordinary men that ever held high official position in this country. Possibly it will be sufficient for us to say at this time that JOSEPH G. CANNON, who has served twenty-eight years in Congress and who will be the next Speaker, requires six and a quarter lines for his autobiography; that Mr. ALLISON, who has served continuously for forty years, requires eight and one-eighth lines, and that Mr. BAKER, who has not yet had the felicity of taking the oath of office, requires exactly seventy-five lines!" Wait till The Republican gets after this ribald fellow!

Mexican Central Bonds.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As the unfortunate holder of certain income bonds of the Mexican Central Railroad Company, I am naturally interested in the attempt now being made by the company to cancel all its liabilities of that kind by inducing the holders of the bonds to exchange them for certificates of indebtedness of the company for nominal amounts, payable in five years.

No new security is offered for the payment of even such nominal amounts, and, so far as I can see, the proposed exchange is simply a scheme of the stockholders, devised solely for their own benefit, and by which, without a dollar of cost to themselves and without consideration to the other side, it is sought to wipe out a vast amount of liabilities of the company now taking precedence of the stock.

No wonder the stock is now actually selling higher than the bonds in question! The plan is certainly novel, even in these days of financial juggling in high places. W.

New York, Aug. 12, 1903.

NUGGETS.

The Professional Man He Needed.

Mike—Are ye much hurted, Pat? Do ye want a docthor?

Pat—A docthor, ye fule! Afther bein' runned over be a throlley car? Phat Oi want is a lawyer.—Judge.

First Serious Trouble.

Mother—So you and Harry have quarreled, have you, Hortense? What is the matter? Did he find fault with the cooking?

Young Wife (sobbing)—No, m-mamma. My c-cooking suits him well enough, but he s-says I'm—I'm all wrong on the subject of baptism.—Chicago Tribune.

Civic Jealousy.

Visitor—You haven't got half as nice a cemetery here as we have in Elmville.

Prominent Citizen (of Hawville)—No; I've always heard that the cemetery is the only part of your town that holds out any inducement for permanent residents.—Chicago Tribune.

Simple Explanation.

"Yes, Sir; before we accept your donation we want to ask you a serious question."

"Go ahead. What is it?"

"We want to know how you acquired it."

"Acquired what?"

"Your money."

"But what difference does that make?"

"It makes just this difference. If you acquired it by what is known as questionable means, it isn't nearly large enough. If it was made in a legitimate pursuit it is munificent."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

ABOU T. LIPTON.

William F. Kirk in Milwaukee Sentinel.

Abou T. Lipton (may his tribe increase!)
Awoke one night from a deep dream of peace
And saw an angel with a fountain pen,
Scribbling upon a sheet of foolscap. Then,
Regaining his composure, Tom sat up
And asked the angelic one to have a cup
Of his best tea. The angel shook his head.
"I'm on the water wagon now," he said.
Abou T. Lipton waved his hand: "I see,
But, by the way, what writest thou?" said he.
The heavenly vision answered, "Well, I write
Here on this little sheet, in black and white,
The man whose boat will get the needed place—
The winner in the coming yachting race."
The gallant Lipton brightened up. "Pray tell,"
He queried, "does the name begin with L?"
"I'm sorry," said his guest. "It is a shame,
But as things stand, I cannot write your name."
T. Lipton made reply, "Would I were it,
But put me down as one who never quit!"
The angel wrote and vanished. The next night
He called on Tom again, but not to write.
Said he, "I have, on this large, handsome chart,
(A fine example of the engraver's art,)
The names of some true sportsmen—just the best."
And lo, T. Lipton's name led all the rest!

MOB SPIRIT IN UNIONS

D. M. Parry at Chautauqua Arraigns Organized Labor.

Declares That the Unions Constitute a Standing Mob and Override the Constitution.

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., Aug. 13.—At to-day's discussion of the mob violence question the subject was "The Labor Unions and the Mob Spirit," and an address was delivered by D. M. Parry, President of the National Association of Manufacturers. He said, in part:

"Mob spirit is a relic of the barbarous stage of human development. It harks back to the time when the race relied upon the purely physical for maintenance. In essence it is a hatred or contempt for all regulations of government, and an attempt by the vicious and ignorant to impress their will upon others by the exercise of physical force.

"Mobs may be spontaneous in growth or their formation may extend over a long period. They may be poorly organized or they may be under good discipline. In this country in the last year there have been many mobs of different kinds, but to my mind the most dangerous of them all is the mob of organized labor. No man, I take it, can object to any kind of an association, labor or otherwise, which is organized for lawful and beneficent purposes, but organized labor, as it is conducted to-day, stands convicted by its own leaders as a lawless organization.

"In that it seeks by physical force to override individual rights and its continual by railing against the laws and denouncing courts and public officials for enforcing these laws it fulfills all the requirements of the definition of mobocracy. Unlike the lynching bees and the vigilance committees it is what might be termed a standing mob, under fair discipline by its officers, and ready upon occasion to commit the overt acts of outrage and destruction which are the outward manifestation of the mob spirit. It declares in effect that its will is superior to customs, traditions, government regulations, and even the Constitution of the country. It asserts that the individual has no inherent rights that cannot be taken from him, and that, therefore, it has the right to say that no man shall work and that no industry shall run without its consent.

"In its attempt to compel a recognition of its pretensions to sovereignty it relies not on reason, but upon coercion, intimidation, and the bludgeon. In its continual pronouncements against law and its constant appeal to the baser passions of men it is doing more than any other agency to inculcate the mob spirit and to encourage the unfurling of the red flag of anarchy.

"The President of the Chicago Federation of Labor recently declared in an interview: 'The President deals a death blow to organized labor when he declares that he cannot discriminate in its favor. It sounds fair on the face of it, but without discrimination we are just where we started. What we have been fighting for is union labor to the exclusion of all others.'

"These are the words of a conservative among union leaders, and they voice the sentiment of the agitators the country over. To their mind if you deny the right of their organization to commit illegal acts you are attempting to crush it. If organized labor has only lawless purposes it ought to be crushed.

"During the last year the attempts to force men to give allegiance to strike bosses in their plans to set up an oligarchy that will control industry independent of the laws of the country have resulted in mob conditions in many of the leading centres. Not only has the supremacy of law and order sustained many severe shocks, but the Nation has also lost millions of dollars by the organized idleness of thousands of men. This loss must fall heavier upon the man who depends upon his daily wage than upon those who have something to fall back upon. It is time that the workmen of this country were learning that for the millions of dollars they pay in salaries to the agitators they are receiving in return nothing but continual trouble, enforced idleness, and loss of the comforts of life. They are also bidding for the destruction of their most precious possession—that of industrial liberty. Their investments in mobocracy are mighty poor investments."

In the discussion which followed Mr. Parry's paper, Thomas Kidd said that thousands of workingmen have been embittered by the conditions of their childhood and that experiences in later life with the company store and the other evidences of greed and power arrayed against them have made them more desperate.

Mr. Kidd insisted, however, that the percentage of riot in labor troubles was very small, saying that records of 25,000 strikes in seven years show less than 1 per cent. attended by riots. He did not believe Mr. Parry correctly represents the employers of the country.

The employment of detectives and agents who excite the men to violence, said Mr. Kidd, places much responsibility upon certain employers.

RURAL DELIVERY EXTENSION.

Three Thousand New Routes Established, but Thousands of Requests Must Be Denied.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Postmaster General Payne has prepared a statement showing the status of the Rural Free Delivery Service throughout the country. It shows that during the month of July, the first month of the present fiscal year, almost 3,000 new routes have been established. The appropriation made for the entire service for the year was $12,000,000, or a little less than $8,000,000 more than necessary to maintain the existing service. This is only sufficient to justify the establishment of about 6,000 new routes. There are now on file petitions for about 11,000 more routes.

VETERAN RETURNS BOUNTY.

After Thirty-four Years He Becomes Convinced He Was Not Legally Entitled to It.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The Secretary of the Treasury to-day received a check for $100 from a firm of attorneys in Philadelphia with the following explanation:

"Inclosed please find $100, being the amount of money which was paid on the tenth day of December, 1869, by the United States Government as additional bounty to a soldier. He considers that he was not entitled to this money by reason of an act of July 28, 1866, which debarred all men from participation in this bounty who had re-enlisted, which he had done. He wishes to make restitution of this amount."

TO SELL MANILA ICE PLANT.

Government Will Accept a Bid of $1,000,000 Under Certain Conditions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The Philippine Government has for a year and a half been engaged in the business of making ice for the people of Manila. This was a necessity for the American population, the successful occupation of the city, and the government of the archipelago. The plant is one of the largest capacity and is up to date in every respect. It cost nearly a million dollars, including the ground on which the buildings stand.

The Government having installed the plant and kept it in operation until its success has been fully established, does not desire to continue in the business of making ice. This is a private occupation in which the Government properly has no interest, and it has been decided to sell the whole establishment to private parties as soon as a buyer can be found who will comply with the terms which the authorities have decided to impose.

A Pittsburg syndicate which had a monopoly of the street railroad franchises of Manila is anxious to buy the ice property, and has made several offers. The highest offer made is $850,000, which Gov. Taft promptly refused, as the Government has expended more than this amount on the machinery and ground. To bring matters to a focus the Philippine Commission has adopted a resolution placing the price of the property at $1,000,000, with the privilege of paying one-third in cash and the balance in two equal payments, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum.

The ice plant was authorized by Congress some years ago, and the cost of the plant was paid for out of the revenues of the Philippine Government.

SILVER SPRAY INCIDENT.

No Serious Question Likely to Arise from Firing on Poacher.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The State Department received no protest to-day from the master or owners of the fishing boat Silver Spray, reported to have been fired upon yesterday on Lake Erie by the Canadian cruiser Petrel.

It appears that it is not an infrequent occurrence for American fishing boats to run against the Canadian revenue boats on the lakes. This comes from the violation of the treaty and laws governing the navigation of the lakes, the taking of fish out of season and poaching on Canadian preserves. Poachers in United States vessels have been subjected to the fire of Canadian revenue boats before, and have not made formal complaint, for the reason that they were properly made to feel the effect of police prosecution.

From the facts reported in the newspapers it is believed the Silver Spray was unlawfully engaged in taking fish, and was consequently liable to arrest and seizure by the Canadian cruiser. Owing to the depredations of fishermen Canada has enacted stringent laws for the protection of fish and game, and Michigan and some of the other States bordering on the lakes have enacted similar laws. It is not believed any serious question will arise from the firing on the Silver Spray by the Canadian cruiser Petrel.

KISHINEFF RELIEF FUND.

Committee on Russia Reports on Receipts and Expenditures—More Money Needed.

A letter received by the Kishineff Relief Committee from the local Relief Committee of Kishineff gives a report of income and expenses in rubles July 20 as follows:

INCOME.

America	[illegible]
Argentina	[illegible]
Bulgaria	1,000.00
Germany	[illegible]
England	[illegible]
Italy	[illegible]
Canada	[illegible]
Austria	[illegible]
Roumania	1,000.00
Russia	[illegible]
Turkey	112.00
South Africa	[illegible]
Holland	[illegible]
France	[illegible]
Russian newspapers	[illegible]

EXPENSE.

Distributing food	[illegible]
Money to direct victims of the riot	[illegible]
Money to indirect victims of the riot	[illegible]
To thirty-five orphaned families	[illegible]
To two families, crippled	4,000.00
To the Ladies' Aid Committee	4,000.00
To colonize fifty families in Palestine	[illegible]

The letter says that the committee has been compelled to withdraw any further assistance from those who have only indirectly suffered from the riots, but still there are among them cases where the need is so urgent that the committee must have at least from 40,000 to 45,000 rubles to relieve the misery. About 150,000 rubles more is needed to help the direct sufferers of the riots, besides other expenses which cannot be foreseen. The committee makes an appeal for further contributions.

The letter says that a list of those who intend to emigrate to America cannot be furnished as the committee has no right to encourage emigration even indirectly. The letter is signed by Dr. Mutchnick, Chairman, and S. Perlmutter, Treasurer.

INJURED WHILE HUNTING.

Plainfield Man Badly Burned by Powder Ignited from Defective Match.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Aug. 13.—Joseph MacCallum, twenty-one years old, an employe of the Pond Machine Tool Works, was badly burned yesterday while out hunting with Moses Foster and Allan Murphy.

MacCallum, Murphy, and Foster had been in the woods all day. At 6 o'clock MacCallum unloaded his gun and emptied about two pounds of powder on the ground. While waiting for his friends to get ready to start for home he struck a match to light a cigar. The head of the match flew off and struck the pile of powder.

There was a flash and the next moment MacCallum lay unconscious over the smouldering heap of powder, his face and arms terribly burned. His coat caught fire and his body was blistered before his companions could extinguish the flames. He was then removed to a near-by house, where his wounds were dressed.

All his hair was burned off and some of the powder flew into his eyes, with the result that he may lose his eyesight. The man is now at his home in a dangerous condition.

CARNIVAL ON WESLEY LAKE.

Electrical Effects Make the Annual Fete a Dazzling Display.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 13.—Wesley Lake, the stream dividing Asbury Park from Ocean Grove, was ablaze with electric lights, electric fountains, fireworks, and Greek fires to-night, when the boat boys held their annual carnival. The young boatmen had gone to considerable expense in decorating and illuminating their craft, and the result was that the 30,000 onlookers who lined both banks of the lake were treated to a dazzling spectacle.

In the centre of the lake two electric fountains played, and there was also a make-believe yacht, "The Twin Cities," riding at anchor between the two bridges. The rigging and spars of the yacht were formed of tiny electric lights. Extending both sides of the lake were large white columns capped with crossed flags, from which were strung ropes of incandescent lights.

The boat procession passed slowly up and down the stream, with Conterno's Band seated in a float in the lead.

Cash prizes were offered for original designs in boat and cottage decoration. The judges included Congressmen Howell of New Jersey and Hitt of Illinois, Mayor Doremus of Newark, former Mayor Smith of Philadelphia, State Senator McClelland of New York, ex-Senator Stokes of Trenton, and C. M. Burt.

In the throng of spectators were Summer residents from all the resorts in the vicinity.

OBJECTS TO SHAW'S METHOD.

Henry Ives Cobb of 135 Broadway, who was removed Wednesday as special architect for the Federal Building in Chicago by Secretary Shaw, said yesterday:

"I was appointed as 'Special Architect' under a special act of Congress and served under Secretaries Carlisle and Gage. As to the rupture between Secretary Shaw and myself, I have only to say that his methods do not conform with my ideas, and it is better that he should work with some one with less professional reputation at stake."

There have been many complaints about the building by the business men of Chicago, who said that the construction was entirely too slow. Delay in the completion of the work was assigned as the cause of Mr. Cobb's removal.

First Bale of South Carolina Cotton.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Aug. 13.—The first bale of the South Carolina cotton crop was sold in Augusta to-day for 30 cents per pound. It was bought by A. B. Baxter & Co. of New York. H. H. Cabaniss of The Chronicle was the auctioneer. It was consigned to Pope & Fleming of this city. It was made the occasion of a great gathering of the cotton men, who cheered the opening of the season.

New York Preacher Accepts a Call.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, N. J., Aug. 13.—The Rev. Wendell Prime Keeler, assistant pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York, has accepted a call to the Presbyterian Church at this place.

Woman's One Hundredth Birthday.

Special to The New York Times.

BOONTON, N. J., Aug. 13.—Mrs. [illegible] Hall Doremus, affectionately known throughout this section as "[illegible]," celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of her birth at the old Doremus homestead at Parsippany to-day. The day was spent quietly, the centenarian being surrounded by her son and daughter, several grandchildren, and great-grandchildren. Many farmers from the surrounding country called upon her.

MACEDONIANS TAKE TOWNS

Occupy Klisura and Pissordera, and Still Hold Krushevo.

A GENERAL RISING EXPECTED

Salonika Authorities Believe It Will Begin To-day — President of Macedonian Committee Arrested in Bulgaria.

SALONIKA, Aug. 13.—Information from Monastir is to the effect that the insurgents have occupied Klisura and Pissordera. Klisura is the chief town of the Sanjak of Nakis, vilayet of Monastir.

Four thousand Turkish troops are bombarding Krushevo, which is still in the hands of the insurgents, and the Bulgarians in the Krushevo and Resna districts are suffering severely.

The civil and military authorities at Salonika wired to Constantinople on Tuesday stating that a general insurrection was expected on Aug. 14, and disclaiming all responsibility unless they were reinforced. Constantinople replied by ordering the immediate enrollment of 2,000 exclusively Mussulman gendarmes for service in Salonika.

The insurgent banner was unfurled on Aug. 10 at Konsko, near Ghevgeli, showing that the insurrection is spreading eastward.

It is reported that the Bulgarian insurgents have massacred the inhabitants of the large Turkish village of Kenali, near Monastir. Only twenty are said to have escaped.

Insurgent bands frequently visit Kastoria.

A big fight is proceeding at Diavat, near Monastir. Fighting is also proceeding at Chernareka, near Gumenje, to which place reinforcements have been sent.

Great movements of troops are proceeding at Mitrovitza, Salonika, and Sesovitch.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 13.—In diplomatic circles grave concern is shown at the news from Macedonia, where the whole population seems to be becoming involved, even the women participating in the fights against the Turkish troops. It is realized that, even with the best intentions, the Bulgarian Government will have difficulty in stemming a popular outbreak in Bulgaria in the event of the continuance of the movement in Macedonia.

There is little news from Monastir and other parts of the disturbed area. Telegraphic communication is no sooner re-established than it is cut again.

SOFIA, Aug. 13.—Gen. Zontcheff, President of the Macedonian committee, and his friend, Col. Jankoff, both of whom are ex-officers of the Bulgarian Army, have been arrested by the Bulgarian police near the Macedonian frontier under the suspicion that they were on their way to join the revolutionists.

The report that the revolution has broken out in the Vilayet of Adrianople is premature.

Complete tranquillity reigns everywhere in Bulgaria.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Daily Mail prints a dispatch from Belgrade which says that Turkish troops have destroyed the village of Leskovats and fourteen other places in the district of Uskub, and that the insurgents have burned the villages of Nakolets and Kruni, inhabited by Albanians, and the Turkish village of Keshani.

OTHER CONSULS IN PERIL.

SALONIKA, Aug. 13.—Trustworthy information from Cheganl, in the district of Florina, says the Turks have decided to murder the Austrian Consul.

Great anxiety prevails at Monastir, owing to the threatening attitude of the Turkish soldiers. It is stated that the French and Italian Consuls are in danger of their lives.

ACCUSES AMERICAN PAPERS.

A Macedonian Leader Says They Have Been Bought with Turkish Gold.

SOFIA, Aug. 13.—The Macedonian leaders express themselves as greatly disappointed with what they assert is the distinctly hostile attitude of America toward their cause, as manifested in the utterances of the press.

Dr. Christo Tartarcheff, one of the Presidents of the Central Internal Macedonian Committee, to-day told a representative of The Associated Press that his party was convinced that American newspapers had been bought with Turkish gold. He said:

"There seems to be no other explanation of the tone of their articles. They are not only unsympathetic toward the movement, but decidedly inimical to it. It is impossible that such an attitude could arise from ignorance of the true state of affairs in a country so intelligent as America, and it is also difficult to believe that the impression created by the Stone affair could have so prejudiced the American press.

"In regard to the present situation, only real practical intervention by the powers can stop the fighting of the insurgents. Failing in such intervention, the campaign will be prosecuted to the bitter end. The bands now fighting in the vilayet of Monastir consist of 9,000 to 10,000 men, mostly young and enthusiastic, and trained in the use of arms. Their number could be quadrupled were it not that the difficulty of feeding such an army renders its increase inadvisable. The Turkish troops are badly clothed and are demoralized. They have repeatedly refused to march against the insurgents, who are well supplied with arms and ammunition, chiefly purchased from Turkish soldiers, who sell their guns for cash almost within sight of the barracks at Monastir. By the plentiful employment of money, insurgent bands have been enabled to smuggle any quantity of guns across the frontier, and the highest Turkish officials have readily accepted insurgent gold."

Dr. Tartarcheff concluded by saying that the committee lived in daily hope that the powers would recognize the justice of their cause and intervene. He said the friends of the cause looked chiefly toward England, as the pioneer land of liberty, to assist them.

RUSSIAN PRESS MUCH EXCITED.

Wants Vengeance on Turkey for the Killing of Consul Rostkowsky—Public Execution of Murderer Demanded.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Times's Russian correspondents say that the Russian press is greatly indignant in regard to the murder of M. Rostkowsky, the Consul at Monastir.

The Novoe Vremya says the satisfaction given by Turkey must be exceptional and capable to some extent of soothing the offended national feeling of Russia. Turkey should know that this offense given to Russia may powerfully influence the fate of the Turkish Empire.

The Petersburg Viedomosti asserts that it is time to expel from Europe those [illegible] violators who invaded a continent which did not belong to them like a pack of ferocious wolves, and who for five centuries have cruelly oppressed races of superior civilization. The Viedomosti asks what is to prevent the occupation of Macedonia by a Bulgarian army supported by an international [illegible] representing the powers interested. Turkey, says the Viedomosti, would have to agree to this or risk a [illegible] war on European territory.

The Sviet remarks that either Turkey is a member of the European concert, in which case such occurrences ought to be impossible, or else she has ceased to exist as a power and represents merely a fiction, a plaything for her own savage soldiery. Therefore there is no place for her on the map of Europe.

By The Associated Press.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 13.—The pourparlers at the Yildiz Kiosk with M. Zinovieff, the Russian Ambassador, relative to the murder of M. Rostkowsky, the Russian Consul at Monastir, continue.

The Turks apparently desire to avoid the execution of the murderer, the gendarme Halim, while the Russians insist that he shall be publicly executed in order to serve as a warning.

The Russian Embassy also considers that the indemnity of $40,000 offered to M. Rostkowsky's widow is insufficient. The settlement of the affair, however, will probably not be long delayed.

All Riza Pasha has been dismissed from his post as Vali of Monastir, and has been exiled to Tripoli.

SALONIKA, Aug. 13.—According to the latest advices from Monastir, dated Aug. 10, the Bulgarians are elated at the death of M. Rostkowsky.

ALBANIAN REBELS ROUTED.

SALONIKA, Aug. 13.—Advices from Monastir state that the Albanian rebels have been disastrously defeated in the Debyrsko region.

INSURGENTS GOT $125,000?

LONDON, Aug. 14.—A dispatch from Belgrade to The Daily Mail says it is stated that when the Macedonian insurgents captured the Turkish mail a few days ago they carried off $125,000.

IMPROVEMENT AT KISHINEFF.

New Governor Polite to Jews—Notary Concerned in the Massacre Commits Suicide.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Times's Russian correspondents say that private advices from Kishineff ascribe the notable improvement that has taken place there to the agitation in the foreign press.

The new Governor of Bessarabia graciously received a deputation from the Jewish community and individually returned each delegate's visit. Such acts of courtesy are very rare where Jews are concerned.

There is reason to believe that genuine measures, instead of sham prosecutions, will be taken against some of the authors of the recent massacre. It is probably in consequence of the arrival of a high official from the Ministry of Finance that a notary who was compromised has committed suicide.

A proposal to expel all Jews from the local club has been withdrawn at the instance of Vice Gov. Ustrogoff.

IRISH BILL FINALLY PASSED.

It Now Only Awaits the Royal Signature to Become Law.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The House of Lords yesterday agreed to the Irish Land bill in the form finally approved by the House of Commons. The latter House on Wednesday accepted all the amendments save two unimportant ones added to the bill by the Lords.

The measure now only awaits the royal assent to become law.

DR. W. S. PLAYFAIR DEAD.

Famous English Physician Was in 1896 Mulcted in £12,000 Damages for Slander.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Dr. W. S. Playfair, the noted specialist in women's diseases and authority on obstetric medicine, died at St. Andrews, Scotland, this morning.

Dr. Playfair was the defendant in a slander suit which created considerable stir several years ago, when he was mulcted in £12,000 damages.

The case of Kitson versus Playfair, heard in March, 1896, attracted a great deal of attention not only in England, but all over Europe and America, and led to prolonged controversies as to the ethics of the medical profession.

Dr. Playfair informed his wife of particulars observed by him in the case of Mrs. Kitson, a patient and a connection by marriage, and then, at his wife's request, communicated them to Mrs. Kitson's brother-in-law, Sir James Kitson, with the judgment which Dr. Playfair had formed, as a result of his diagnosis, unfavorable to Mrs. Kitson's character. This statement to Sir James was the basis for the suit for libel and slander against Dr. Playfair, it having caused Sir James to withdraw an annual allowance of £400 which he had been paying to Mrs. Kitson for her support.

The question of the truth or falsity of Dr. Playfair's statements was not considered by the court. The physician's plea of privilege was not sustained, and the jury awarded the plaintiff £12,000, an unprecedented sum for libel damages in the English courts. The decision established the principle that a medical man reveals at his own peril a secret that he has gained in his practice. In extreme cases, for great ends of protection, he may be justified by the law, but he takes the risk of being unable to prove the justifying facts.

Dr. Playfair was born in 1835, being a son of the late George Playfair, Inspector General of Hospitals in Bengal. There were two other sons, Lord Playfair and Sir Lambert Playfair. Educated at St. Andrew's and Edinburgh, taking his M. D. at the latter university in 1856, he entered the Bengal medical service and served in Oude during the mutiny, also serving as professor of surgery in the Medical College at Calcutta.

Because of ill-health he was obliged to leave India, and in 1863 began practice in London as an obstetric physician, being attached to King's College Hospital. For twenty-five years he was Professor of Obstetric Medicine in King's College, retiring in 1898, after which he was consulting physician to the General Lying-in Hospital and to the Evelina Hospital for Children. He was the author of many works and papers on subjects connected with gynecology and obstetrics, many of which were translated and widely circulated in various countries. He was a Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians of London and of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh, as well as an LL. D. of St. Andrews. He served as physician-accoucheur to the Duchess of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, (Duchess of Edinburgh,) to the Duchess of Connaught, and to the Crown Princess of Roumania. From the King of Roumania he received the insignia of a Grand Officer of the Crown of Roumania.

In 1864 Dr. Playfair married Miss Emily Kitson.

GERMAN MINERS' GRIEVANCE.

Wages Reduced, Though Companies Have Been Earning Good Dividends.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—There is some anxiety, says the Berlin correspondent of The Times, in consequence of the threatened strike of the coal miners in the Ruhr district. Wages have been reduced there in the last two years from 4 marks 13 pfennigs to 3 marks 83 pfennigs a day, though the companies have been earning good dividends, and, according to the Socialist paper Vorwaerts, eight companies, with a total capital of 316,000,000 marks, have in the past five years paid 180,000,000 marks in dividends, added 71,000,000 marks to their reserves, and written off 103,000,000 marks.

The correspondent says the situation is interesting because, according to some observers, the days of cheap labor, which contributed so much to German commercial prosperity, are gradually passing away.

THE CHICAGO HOME AGAIN

Capt. Cornwell Tells of Visits with Hospitable Royalty.

Emperor William Not Only Enjoys a Good Story, but Can Tell One—King Edward as a Host.

The United States cruiser Chicago, the second of the warships participating in the international festivities at Kiel, Portsmouth, and Lisbon to arrive in a home port, dropped anchor off Tompkinsville at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, having on board, besides her regular complement of men and Capt. Charles C. Cornwell, who is in command, Capt. Powell of the Marine Corps and Herr Brumski. The latter is a Russian bear which sailors of the Chicago picked up at Kronstadt a year ago, and which bids fair to become the most popular mascot in the navy.

The Chicago had made 2,950 miles from Lisbon, where she cleared Aug. 1, in twelve days and two hours. This was done while running under only five of her ten boilers, and the ship arrived in port in condition to start out again at a moment's notice for five days more, for she had used only 560 tons of coal on the voyage out of her total capacity of 850 tons. The trip across was made on the "great circle" route, and while four days of thick fog interfered somewhat with the time record, the Chicago had generally calm weather, with a single day of heavy sea.

Ordered away from the Lisbon fête when the latter was at its height, Capt. Cornwell had not the slightest knowledge yesterday of the prospective movements of his vessel, although he expects orders to come this morning. The report that the Chicago was destined for the Asiatic squadron, the Captain could not discuss, but he said that, since the ship had been in commission constantly since 1898, it was probable that she needed attention.

The Captain was enthusiastic over the experiences at Kiel and Portsmouth and Lisbon. He took occasion to deny again the reports circulated from Lisbon, and previously from Kiel, that 200 of the sailors from the fleet had deserted in the latter place and that a serious clash had occurred between the men on shore leave and the police at the former city. The facts were, said Capt. Cornwell, that at Kiel just two men had been left behind out of the combined crews of the American vessels, while at Lisbon a single sailor had become involved in a row with a policeman, for which he was properly punished.

Capt. Cornwell told something of the personal side of the meeting at Kiel with Emperor William, at London with King Edward and Queen Alexandra, and at Lisbon with King Carlos and Queen Amelie of Portugal.

"Emperor William was cordial to the last degree," said the Captain, "and so was Prince Henry. The Emperor showed himself a remarkable man, if in no other way, by the manner in which he inspected the Kearsarge and the far-seeing questions which he asked about all the working parts of the vessel.

"One of the most charming occasions of the whole visit at Kiel was the day we spent on the Emperor's yacht Meteor at the races. There we met him in the most informal way, and he showed himself as the courteous host entertaining a party of friends. Nothing could have been more delightful or better calculated to express his evident friendship for the American people. Also, I may remark that the Emperor is more than fond of a good story, and can tell one himself in capital style."

Capt. Cornwell told in detail of the entertainment extended in England to the American officers and men. On the day after the Court ball and following the luncheon given by the Pilgrims of London, the King entertained the American commanders and Rear Admiral Cotton at dinner at the Palace.

"Most of the members of the Government were there," said the Captain, "and I had the very great pleasure of sitting next to Joseph Chamberlain, with whom I had a long talk on his latest policy, the preferential tariff. The King made a most happy speech, in which he expressed the friendship of England for America, and Ambassador Choate responded in exactly the right words.

"The dinner was set for 8:30 o'clock, and although it was over long before midnight, the King did not leave the hall, to which we adjourned for our cigars, until 12:30. In the meantime King Edward chatted with almost all of our party, as did the Prince of Wales."

The Lisbon visit, with a state dinner and an informal luncheon, as guests of King Carlos and Queen Amelie, at Pena Castle, in Cintra, was but a repetition of courtesies that had been extended at Kiel and in England.

During the first four days of the Portugal visit all the world was in mourning for the death of the Pope and the American ships, following the custom set by native vessels, fired guns every fifteen minutes, ending the third day by a volley of twenty-one guns.

SERVIAN CABINET RESIGNS.

King Peter in a Difficult Position—Is Reported to Have Threatened to Abdicate.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—A dispatch from Vienna says the entire Servian Ministry has resigned in consequence of the strained relations between the army officers who participated in the assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga and those who took no part in the murders.

The Daily Telegraph prints a dispatch from Vienna which says that there is an unconfirmed report that King Peter has threatened to abdicate, as he is virtually a prisoner in the hands of the military party.

VIENNA, Aug. 13.—It is stated that King Peter of Servia has invited Jovan Avakumovitch, the Premier both under the late King and himself, to reconstruct the Servian Cabinet with the idea of excluding the three Ministers whose irreconcilable attitude precipitated the crisis, as they refused to consent to the military credits unless all State officials who enjoyed the late King's confidence were dismissed.

It is said that the discipline of the army had been gravely shaken and that a difficult task confronts King Peter unless he is able to get the upper hand of the military ground in the struggle with the blood-stained Pretorians.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Servian Ministerial crisis, says the Vienna correspondent of The Times, arouses anxiety, as affording evidence that King Peter is gaining no ground in the struggle with the blood-stained Pretorians.

Whether or not M. Avakumovitch succeeds in reconstructing the Cabinet, there are signs that the military conspirators are tending to make common cause with the extreme Radicals and that King Peter's personal influence and prestige are being put to severe proof.

NEWS OF THE PLAYHOUSES.

It seems that the "Wizard of Oz" is going to have a great celebration to-morrow night when Sir Thomas Lipton visits the Majestic. Sir Thomas himself has spoken for the "Sammy" box, which, as everybody knows who has been to the "Wizard of Oz," is the one toward which Lotta Faust directs her fetching appeal to "Sammy." To-morrow she will sing a new version of the song dedicated to the cup lifter and written for the occasion by John S. Grey, ex-Commodore of the Cork (Ireland) Yachting Club. Two hundred members of the Larchmont Yacht Club have purchased seats. At the end of the second act the entire company will sing an Irish song entitled "Flag of My Native Land." Little flags will be presented to the women in the audience as souvenirs.

Having undergone extended improvements during the few weeks it remained closed, the Dewey will open to-morrow night with the Eagle Burlesquers. In this organization are a troupe of performing lions, Ida Emerson, Albini the Great, and many more wonders. Two musical travesties will be produced.

With "The Evil Men Do," a new drama by Theodore Kremer, the American Theatre will open Saturday, Aug. 29. During the coming season, the management announces the prices at the American will range from 25 cents to $1.

The last melodrama announced for opening in the early part of September is "Beware of Men," which will be produced under the direction of Samuel Blair.

Weber & Field's West End Theatre will open Aug. 22 with a revival of "A Gentleman of France," which was seen at Wallack's about two years ago. The house has been completely redecorated and refurnished and the color scheme has been changed to mahogany and cherry. In the foyer have been put comfortable lounging seats. There is a smoking room fitted up with antique furniture.

Isabel Irving will return to New York early next month to begin rehearsals of "The Crisis." She is now supervising the building of a bungalow at Siasconset, on the Island of Nantucket.

Nelson W. Page, who wrote the music for Mrs. Patrick Campbell's "Mme. Chrysanthemum," has been engaged by Klaw & Erlanger to compose the music for their coming production of "A Japanese Nightingale." Nathaniel Roth yesterday engaged Edward S. Abeles for a principal part in "My Wife's Husbands," which is to be offered at the Madison Square Theatre.

M. J. Gordon has been re-engaged for Mrs. Fiske's company to play Caiaphas in "Mary of Magdala."

Richard Bennett will support Robert Edeson in "The Rector's Garden," which is to open in Boston Aug. 31.

W. M. Hale will be acting manager of "Ben Hur," which will be produced by Klaw & Erlanger in the New York Theatre on Sept. 14. Rehearsals have already begun. More than 400 persons will be seen in the elaborate production.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

The week will bring only a few house parties and small entertainments at the resorts with the usual dances at the different country clubs. To-morrow there is the dance at the Meadow Club at Southampton, and on Saturday the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club holds its dance at Oyster Bay, and there will also be a celebration at the Atlantic Yacht Club, where a week of regatta has just ended.

The wedding of Miss May Brown, daughter of ex-Gov. Frank Brown of Maryland, and Gordon Taylor Hughes of this city will take place in the early Autumn in Baltimore. Miss Brown, who is well known in New York, having been here on visits during the Winter, has left Seabright, N. J., where she has been spending the Summer, and has returned to Baltimore. Mr. Hughes is a young lawyer, and is associated with Frank R. Lawrence, President of the Lotos Club. He is a Harvard graduate. This Summer he has been driving the four-in-hand running from Deal to other resorts on the Jersey coast.

Edmund L. Baylies has returned from Europe. Mrs. Baylies did not accompany him, but will come home later, after she makes a visit to Scotland.

The engagement is announced of Miss Eleanor S. Patterson, daughter of Judge and Mrs. Edward Patterson, to Harris Robbins Childs, son of Harris C. Childs. Mr. Childs graduated from Columbia in 1892. Since then he has traveled in the Far East and in Zanzibar.

The Meadow Brook Juniors are a polo team now playing a series of games at Saratoga. In the team are Raymond Belmont and August Belmont, Jr., sons of August Belmont, Harry Page, and Smith Hadden.

The marriage announcement in yesterday's Times of the wedding of Miss Isabel Erhardt, daughter of Joel B. Erhardt, and Lowell Mason Lee, at San Francisco, Cal., was a surprise to many of the bride's friends here. Mrs. Lee, who was a very pretty and attractive girl, made her debut only about two winters ago. The engagement, while known to a few of the personal friends of the young couple, had never been formally and publicly announced.

Shepard—Doland.

Special to The New York Times.

BELMAR, N. J., Aug. 13.—Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Doland and William Henry Shepard of New York were married yesterday at the cottage of the bride on Eleventh Avenue. The Rev. Dr. D. Everett Lyon, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Belmar, officiated. The wedding was attended only by the immediate friends, and was followed by an informal reception, after which Mr. and Mrs. Shepard left on a wedding trip to New England. Mr. Shepard is a member of the law firm of Shepard & Prentiss in New York City. He is a member of the Society of the Genesee.

An Engagement Announced.

The engagement is announced of Miss Emilie Florence Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Jones of 40 West Fifty-seventh Street, to Henry C. Hopkins. Mr. Hopkins was cashier of the United States National Bank for many years, and later was a member of the firm of Beebler, Keech & Hopkins.

BAR HARBOR NOTES.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 13.—Things are not very lively here in society now that the North Atlantic fleet has gone for good. Everybody seems to be resting from the strenuous three weeks which were spent entertaining the fleet.

Mrs. Pearson gave a luncheon to-day at her cottage.

Mrs. William P. Diston of Philadelphia entertained a small party at dinner to-night. Her guests were Dr. and Mrs. Madison Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Margarges White, Miss Conover, Miss Taylor, Miss Wiggs, C. Brun, and C. Hague, Mr. Goodrich, Phoenix Ingraham, and Wheatly Stuart.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and Miss Gladys Vanderbilt are stopping at the Malvern for a few weeks.

Mrs. Harvey T. Inglis entertained a party of ladies at luncheon at the Kebo Valley Club this noon. The guests were Miss Lawrence, Miss Draper, Mrs. Hutchinson, Mrs. C. K. Wright, Mrs. Platt Hunt, Mrs. T. G. Condon, Mrs. Stuart, Mrs. G. B. Newbold, Mrs. Sheber, Miss Lathrobe, and Miss Smith.

Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Seely entertained at dinner to-night.

Mr. and Mrs. Lars Anderson of Washington joined Mrs. Nicholas Anderson at the Geranium cottage to-day.

AT NARRAGANSETT PIER.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 13.—The promenade and beach pavilion were gay with life to-day and the beach was lively with scores of bathers. Probably the largest throng of the season visited the beach to-day.

To-night many dinners were given at the Point Judith Country Club. Among those entertaining at dinner were Mrs. D. Murray Bohlen, Mrs. R. C. Drayton, Mrs. J. R. Perwind, Mr. S. H. Shipman, Mr. Sherlock Swan, H. R. Roberts, Miss Evelyn W. Howell, and Mr. John McGowan.

At the Mathewson concert original compositions by Purdon Robinson were rendered and many cottagers were present. Judge T. M. Anderson of Washington, D. C., has returned to the Gladstone.

Late arrivals at the Mathewson are Mr. and Mrs. L. H. White of Tarrytown, N. Y., Mr. and Mrs. A. Craig of Philadelphia, Mrs. Louise A. Hunt of St. Louis, Miss Armstrong of Hampton, Va., George W. Taylor of Norfolk, Va., and J. W. Barber of New York.

THE NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Aug. 13.—To-day has been a busy one for the society people of Newport. The tennis games were interesting enough to keep the people at the Casino a little longer than usual; then came a hurried drive to Bailey's Beach for a bath and a look at the bathers, a reception, luncheons, and a polo match in the afternoon, a number of dinners for some and a visit to the minstrels or vaudeville for others, and last a dance at the Casino, continuing the round of pleasure until after midnight.

The principal dinner of the evening was given by Mrs. I. T. Burden at Fairlawn in honor of Miss Alice Roosevelt, who is this week the guest of the Burdens. Mrs. William R. Travers gave a dinner for twenty-two guests in the palmroom at the Casino. Dinners were also given by Mrs. Payne Whitney, Mrs. Charles Hall, and Mrs. Charles H. Baldwin. The guests from several of these dinners went to the weekly hop at the Casino. Mrs. C. F. Hoffman, Jr., gave her weekly reception at her cottage, at Reef Point, and Mrs. E. L. Ludlow and Alexander S. Clarke gave luncheons.

There was a good-sized gathering of society folks at the Westchester Polo Club grounds this afternoon to see a match game between the Greens and Reds. Among those present were:

The Misses Iselin,	Mrs. A. L. Agassiz,
Mrs. N. de Whitehouse,	W. P. Burden,
Mrs. J. A. Burden,	Miss Jones,
Charles Wetmore,	Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Sherman,
E. La Montagne,	The Misses Sherman,
Mr. and Mrs. De Lancey Kane,	Mrs. F. D. Martin,
Capt. Woodbury Kane,	Miss Beatrice Mills,
Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Mortimer,	Willing Spencer,
Mrs. E. M. Robinson,	Mrs. Ogden Mills,
Mrs. Herman Oelrichs,	Miss Evelyn Burden,
J. F. D. Lanier,	Mrs. W. Cutting,
Mrs. Belmont Tiffany,	Miss Drayton,
Mrs. Maxwell Stevenson,	Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Hutton,
Austin Gray,	Miss Gladys Mills,
Mrs. R. J. Collier,	Miss Barger,
The Misses Thayer,	Miss Cynthia Roche.

To-morrow night Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont will give her large entertainment, and to-day mechanics, electricians, and florists took charge of the place, and under the personal direction of Mrs. Belmont began the preparations. The courtyard between the house and the stable has been covered in, making a large room in which the seventy guests will be seated for dinner. For the further entertainment of her guests Mrs. Belmont will bring on a number of musical artists from New York, including a celebrated organist, who will render selections on the grand organ which is a part of the equipment of the estate. For dancing the mammoth carriage house will be cleared of all vehicles.

The Summer residents have subscribed liberally for the entertainment to be given at Wakehurst to-morrow afternoon for the benefit of the local Army and Navy Young Men's Christian Association. The children who are to participate in the tableaux had their final rehearsal this afternoon, and this feature of the entertainment is an assured success.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Lehr have issued invitations for dinners on Aug. 21, 25, and 30.

Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt expect to move out to Sandy Point Farm to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden, Jr., who have been several weeks at Hilltop cottage, have gone to Lenox.

H. R. Winthrop is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry O. Havemeyer, Jr.

Miss Fannie Iselin, who has been the guest of Mrs. Delancy Kane, is now visiting Mrs. Burke-Roche at Elm Court.

The steam yacht Corsair, J. P. Morgan, arrived this afternoon.

H. R. Winthrop, Winfred Kimball, C. W. Chapman, Miss Fannie Iselin, and Mrs. F. B. Stevens, Jr., are registered at the Casino.

John La Farge, the artist, has bought of Prof. Wolcott Gibbs the building formerly used by the latter as a laboratory and will alter the building for a studio, intending, during the Summer months, to do his professional work there. The alterations will be made from plans by Mr. La Farge's son, C. Grant La Farge, of the firm of Heins & La Farge, the New York architects.

IN THE SHOPS.

Men say it is the best thing ever invented, and they only cost 45 cents; so that if a really good invisible suspender has been found it is at least worth a trial. They are not unlike the ordinary suspender, with the cross piece at the back and the straight ones in the front; but the change is in the ends, which are secured to a belt of the suspender material. There is a small metal button on the outside of the belt at the place where each strap is secured, and there are four "velvet grip" metal loops, as many as there are buttons, with pins to fasten them in place. These fasten to the buttons over the negligée shirt—or any other, for that matter—under which the new invisible suspender is worn. An outside belt then becomes only a matter of ornament, and can be worn comfortably loose.

Men nowadays come as nearly as possible to wearing the chatelaine which delights the feminine heart by its numberless trinkets. To his key chain the man hangs anything he might lose—a knife, very likely, and certainly a matchbox of silver. Knives with handles of silver and gold have a ring at the end for the key chain. A handsome silver-handled pocket knife, made of the best silver, showing a good hallmark, can be had for $4.25. One of gold will not cost less than $17.50.

Some of the smaller matchboxes are perfectly oval in shape, and but for the line across showing where the cover raises might be taken for lockets. Others in plain heavy silver are of the more usual shape, a couple of inches or more long by about half the width, with well-rounded corners. All of these are to be found with the silver ring at the top.

Many of the men's key chains are long enough to wear around the waist. One, which is an attractive chain, has what is known as the braid mesh, the silver closely woven over a cord in the centre. This is one of the softest and most flexible. One of these to go around the waist and then into the pocket will cost $6.50. Other chains are of the regular links in varying sizes, and will cost from $4 to $12.

A key ring of silver that is popular, particularly at the holiday season, has an initial at the opening of the ring. These are of heavy silver, and cost $3.

Nothing is more attractive for either match or cigarette cases for men than those of gun metal with the monogram set on in silver. In some of these it is put on in comparatively large letters in the centre of the body of the case, but prettier than this is a cigarette case which has on one side of the cover a small monogram in silver. It stands out distinctly on the gun metal, but is free from that aggressiveness monograms in metal sometimes have.

One of the things that have been popular this season has been the cocktail trays with sporting scenes in the bottom. The tray is a foot or so in length, with the frame of dark wood, the bottom of glass, with the hunting scene beneath, making the tray useful as well as ornamental. At the back of the tray is a tall silver standard, formed of heavy silver wires or rounded bands, these holding six tall-stemmed cocktail glasses. They are of the finest glass, and give a delightful silvery sound when touching each other or the silver standard. The tray with glasses costs $45.

A cocktail set which is used for making the beverage is apparently more elaborate and costs less. In a case is a tall silver cup, a silver strainer with a handle to put over it in pouring out the liquid, the small silver measuring cup, and two simply cut glass bottles with silver stopples. The set is $42.

The hunting man takes all his paraphernalia when he is going to a hunting lodge or whatever is its equivalent in this country, and among the other things the bootjack for removing his hunting boots. This is an adjustable affair that may be folded into convenient space. The heel part is faced with buckskin that the boots may not be scratched, and the hooks for drawing on the boots are fitted into the jack ready for use.

One of the most attractive of the hunting pins for the man are the lead bars made in silver and enamel. A scarfpin in this design will cost $12.50. There are not many parts of a riding or driving outfit that are not to be found on scarfpins.

FUNERAL OF W. E. DODGE

Simple Services in the Church Near His Riverdale Home.

Many Prominent Men Pay Last Tribute to Their Friend—Organizations Represented.

The funeral of William E. Dodge, who died Sunday afternoon near Bar Harbor, Me., took place yesterday morning in the Presbyterian Church near his old country home at Riverdale on the Hudson. The services were as simple and quiet as the surroundings. They began about 10:30 o'clock, and continued little more than a half-hour.

A short prayer was said over the body at the residence, and then the family followed the body to the church, which had been decorated with ferns, palms, and roses. On the black coffin lay orchids and a sheaf of wheat. The service began with the singing of "Nearer, My God, to Thee," by the Mendelssohn Quartet. Then the Rev. Dr. A. Woodruff Halsey of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions read selections from the Psalms and from Revelations. After a song and a prayer by Dr. Cuthbert Hall of the Union Theological Seminary, the Lord's Prayer was repeated by all and a benediction closed the service. The body soon afterward was accompanied by the family and a few friends to Woodlawn Cemetery, where it was placed in the family vault.

Many expressions were heard in praise of Mr. Dodge, J. P. Morgan being among those to speak of his friend.

"I used to live in this neighborhood a good many years ago," he said. "Mr. Dodge was the last of the original colony. He was a charitable man and did much good for art in this country."

Those members of the family present were Mrs. Dodge, Cleveland H. Dodge, her son; Miss Grace H. Dodge, daughter; Mrs. W. Church Osborn, daughter; three brothers, Gen. Charles C. Dodge, the Rev. D. S. Dodge, and Norman W. Dodge. A fourth brother, Anson G. Dodge, is ill at Danville, Ill., and consequently was unable to attend. Miss Mary M. H. Dodge, a daughter, is in England. Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge and Mrs. Stephen H. Olin, the widow of Mr. Dodge's son, also were present, as were several grandchildren.

Among others present were Charles Lanier, James G. Cannon, Gustav H. Schwab, and A. Foster Higgins, all representing the Chamber of Commerce; D. Willis James and James McLean, business partners of the deceased; Bayard Henry of Philadelphia, Harry Thomas of Delaware, Mrs. George Perkins with Mrs. M. B. Carse of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Edmund D. Randolph, John D. Crimmins, William Appleton, Gen. Alexander Webb, several members of the Delafield family, the Rev. D. Erskine N. White, and James D. Hague.

The New England Society was represented by Clarence E. Stedman, George H. Sargent, Osgood E. Fletcher, and Gen. Thomas Hubbard; the Metropolitan Museum of Art by Gen. L. P. di Cesnola, S. P. Avery, John Bigelow, T. D. Duncan, and Dr. L. Roversi; the International Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, by A. D. Morling, Cephas Brainerd, and W. E. Longley; the Metal Trade Association by Frank Dickerson, S. C. Van Dusen, Charles S. Trench, Edmund Hendricks, John J. Williams, Russell W. McKee, and E. A. Caswell; the scientific staff of the American Museum of Natural History by Profs. R. P. Whitfield, Anthony Woodward, F. M. Chapman, William Beutenmüller, and the New York Botanical Gardens by N. L. Britton.

Death of a Civil War Spy.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Aug. 13.—Charles E. Sage died at his home in Union village this morning. He had been ill for nearly a year. He was born in Middletown, Conn., in 1837, and enlisted from there in the civil war. He served during the entire struggle and during the greater part of the time was a spy attached to Gen. McClellan's staff. He is survived by a widow and three sons—Walter, Edmund E., and Frederick.

ARNOLD WHITE LIBERATED.

His Fine of £100 Paid by Public Subscription.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Arnold White, the author, who was fined £100 by the High Court for contempt of court in writing an article just prior to Whitaker Wright's arrival in England, which it was alleged was calculated to prejudice Wright's trial, has been liberated.

Mr. White's fine was paid by public subscription.

Not to Give Up Shanghai Reformers.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—In the House of Lords yesterday the Marquis of Lansdowne, the Foreign Secretary, in reply to a question by Earl Spencer, the Liberal leader, announced that definite instructions had been given by the British Government that the native journalists of Shanghai should not be surrendered to Chinese justice.

Moroccan Pretender Alive Again.

ORAN, Algeria, Aug. 13.—It is stated that the Pretender to the Moroccan throne, "Bu Hamara," who was erroneously reported killed on Aug. 3, has been routed near Teza by the Sultan's troops.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

E. & W. Tebo. E. & W.
A new collar.

MARRIED.

LEE—ERHARDT.—At San Francisco, Cal., on Aug. 11, Isabel, daughter of Joel B. Erhardt, to Lowell Mason Lee.

SHEPARD—DOLAND.—At Belmar, N. J., Aug. 12, 1903, by the Rev. Dr. D. Everett Lyon, Mary Elizabeth Doland to William Henry Shepard, both of New York City.

DIED.

BLUM.—Aug. 12th, 1903, at her late residence, 448 Central Park West, Caroline Blum, widow of Simon Blum, in the 67th year of her age. Funeral on Friday, Aug. 14th, at 1 o'clock, from 448 Central Park West.

BURT.—At Warwick, N. Y., on Aug. 12, 1903, Jane, daughter of the late Hon. Grinnel Burt and Sarah S. Van Duzeer. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CAVAGNARO.—On Wednesday, Aug. 12, 1903, Angelo, beloved husband of Mary Cavagnaro, aged 60 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 205 Ocean Av., Jersey City, N. J., on Sunday, Aug. 16, at 2 P. M.

DARLEY.—At East Orange, N. J., Aug. 12, 1903, Grace, daughter of the late John Ferrier and Phebe Boyce Darley, and sister of George E. Darley. Funeral services were held at the residence of Mrs. John S. Richards, Arlington Av., Thursday, at 8 P. M. Interment at Fishkill Rural Cemetery, Fishkill Village, N. Y., Friday, 1:30 P. M.

GOODLIFFE.—Aug. 11, 1903, at Goshen, N. Y., Jane E., widow of James T. Goodliffe, aged 74 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at Amity Baptist Church, 54th St., near 8th Av., Friday, Aug. 14, at 12 noon. Interment at Evergreens Cemetery.

HARTSHORNE.—At Eastern Point, Groton, Conn., on Tuesday, Aug. 11, 1903, Sidney Genin Hartshorne of New York City. Funeral services from Galilee Chapel, Eastern Point, on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment in Greenwood at convenience of family.

ROBINSON.—At East Hampton, L. I., Thursday, Aug. 13, Mary C., beloved wife of James A. Robinson. Funeral service at her late residence, East Hampton, Saturday, Aug. 15th, at 11:30 A. M.

SANDS.—On Aug. 13th, after a lingering illness, at her Summer home, Neilson Av. and Mills St., Far Rockaway, L. I., Esther, widow of the late Abraham Sands, aged 69 years. Funeral services at Far Rockaway, L. I., Friday, Aug. 14th, at 10 A. M. Interment Salem Fields. Denver (Col.) and Boston (Mass.) papers please copy.

SPAULDING.—Suddenly, Aug. 11, 1903, Henry Foster Spaulding, son of Thomas F. Spaulding, aged 25 years. Funeral private from the residence of Ricardo Strailer, 260 Gregory Av., West Orange, N. J., on Friday, the 14th, at 12 o'clock noon. Interment in Woodlawn Cemetery.

"Cravenette"

UMBRELLAS

ARE RAIN-PROOF.

EVERYONE HAS THE TIE.

For Sale Everywhere.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Mrs. Elizabeth H. Purdy.

ONEONTA, N. Y., Aug. 13.—Mrs. Elizabeth H. Purdy, a sister of the late Collis P. Huntington, died at her home here to-night.

Lieut. Ralph Miller.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 13.—Second Lieut. Ralph Miller, Company I, Sixth Cavalry, died to-day at the Army General Hospital after an operation. Lieut. Miller returned from the Philippines with his squadron by the transport Logan. He was appointed a Second Lieutenant Feb. 2, 1901. He rose from the ranks. His home was in Indiana.

Henry H. Hallowell.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—Henry H. Hallowell, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer of the Pennsylvania Mutual Life Insurance Company, died suddenly to-day at Atlantic City. He was forty-six years old. Mr. Hallowell had been in poor health for some time and was spending the Summer at the seashore. He was a member of the Union League and the University Club.

Col. William H. Stratton.

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 13.—Col. William H. Stratton, prominent in insurance and manufacturing circles in New England and New York, died this afternoon at his residence, of Bright's disease. He was taken sick while in England in July.

Col. Stratton was manager of the Factory Insurance Association, a member of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the British Fire Prevention Committee, and Chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Fire Protection Association. He belonged to many clubs, including the Army and Navy Club and Underwriters' Club of New York.

The Rev. Dr. J. G. Cleveland.

A cable dispatch received at the office of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church in this city yesterday announced the death on Aug. 8, in Japan, of the Rev. Dr. Joseph Gilbert Cleveland, Presiding Elder of the Sendai District, Japan Conference. Dr. Cleveland was born Jan. 7, 1857, at Brunswick, N. Y. He married, June 4, 1882, Miss Ella Townsend of Round Lake, N. Y., a daughter of the Rev. G. H. Townsend. He was graduated from Syracuse University, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts, in 1880.

Dr. Cleveland was licensed to preach in 1878 and joined the Troy Conference in 1880, locating at Pittstown, N. Y. In 1887 he and his wife were appointed missionaries to Japan, and have been in that field since then with the exception of one year's furlough in America in 1894. He was elected reserve ministerial delegate to the General Conference of 1900 from Japan Conference. He was Assistant Secretary of the last session of Japan Conference, and also a member of the Board of Managers of the Anglo-Japanese College at Tokio. His wife and four children survive him.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM M. PENNIMAN of Watertown, N. Y., aged sixty-two, one of the best-known insurance men in that section of the State and a prominent Democrat, dropped dead while sitting in his office.

DEATHS REPORTED AUG. 13.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down as 1.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Aug.
ALTER, Joseph, 62 Avenue B.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ANDERSON, A., Blackwell's Island	[illegible]	[illegible]
BARNES, Henry, 10 Gansevoort St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BALDERNICHIE, C., 229 E. 30th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BUSCHMAN, Regina, 346 W. 47th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BLADES, W., 38 Av. and 134 St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BROWN, J. J., 239 W. 60th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BREMER, Carrie, 488 Cherry St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BLUM, Caroline, 448 Central Park West	[illegible]	[illegible]
BRENNAN, Annie, 2036 1st Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BROWN, W., 322 3d Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CRANDALL, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CUSACK, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHEESEMAN, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CURST, Alfred, 250 W. 16th St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
COLLINS, Julia, 385 Cherry St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DENNELY, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
DONOHUE, P., 110 Madison St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DONDERO, Louise, 24 City Hall Pl.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DWYER, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
EVANS, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
FERRY, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GILCHRIST, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GOERTLER, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GARVEY, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GILLESPI, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GRIFFIN, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GOTTLIEB, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
HARRIS, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
HENLEY, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
HENRY, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
IVES, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
JONES, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
KREMPEL, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
KNEBEL, Morris, [illegible] Monroe St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
KESSLER, Joseph, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
LEVIN, [illegible] Henry St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LINN, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
LOHE, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
LATHROP, Walter [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MAHURSKY, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MARSHALL, Bridget, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MELIN, Annie, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MELLER, Alfred, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MIANE, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MAYER, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MALLOY, Patrick, [illegible] Broadway	[illegible]	[illegible]
McDERMOTT, Patrick, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McNALLY, Mary, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McMUNN, Annie, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
NEILSON, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
OGIN, Charles, 47 New Bowery	[illegible]	[illegible]
O'CONNELL, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
PFEIFFER, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
PAPST, Theodore, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
PACHER, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
RYAN, John, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
REINER, Louis, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCOTT, Agnes, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHWENDT, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHNEIDER, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHARF, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHROEDER, Catherine, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
STRAHAN, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SHARDT, Anthony, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
THOMSON, Margaret, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
VICTOR, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
VOGEL, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
WELLBROOK, Margaret [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
WATSON, Blanche C., [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
WILSON, John, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
WEIL, Esther, 687 Columbus Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
YOUNG, [illegible] St. Nicholas Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
ZINKE, Margaret G., [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Aug.
BUCHNER, Wilhelmina, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CALLAHAN, M., 2,460 Hughes Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HOGAN, Bridget, St. Joseph's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JOHANSMEYER, Paul, Edenwald	[illegible]	[illegible]
LYNCH, Leo F., [illegible] Alexander Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MAMESI, David, Seton Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]
MURPHY, [illegible] Lincoln Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
PIERCE, D. J., University Heights	[illegible]	[illegible]
RECKDENWALD, Mary [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SMITH, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHWARTZ, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SPLAIN, Edward, Hart's Island	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCHOEN, [illegible] Hospital	[illegible]	[illegible]
SHEA, John H., [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
WARD, Herbert, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
WHALEN, Adeline, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
LYNCH, Leo F., [illegible] Alexander Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Brooklyn.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Aug.
ANDREAE, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
BEDELL, Annie A., [illegible] Bergen St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BADDOUR, Catherine, 406 Clinton St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
BERMAN, Vincent, [illegible] Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CLUE, Lawrence, St. Cath's Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CLINE, John, [illegible] Kings Co. Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
CODDAO, Mary, [illegible] Myrtle Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DESSER, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
DELEGIO, Antonio, [illegible] Stillwell Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
DESTEFANO, Amelia, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
DARCY, Thomas, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GIMIE, Joseph, [illegible] Nassau St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
GREENSKY, Leo, [illegible] Montrose Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HENNICKE, H. H., [illegible] St. Mark's Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HANSEN, [illegible] India St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
JONES, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
KNOEHR, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
KRAUS, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
KING, Mary, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
LOUCKES, [illegible] Hull St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LOUCHES, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
LAHEY, Sarah A., [illegible] Putnam Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MULDOON, [illegible] Stockton St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
STRANKEL, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SCOTT, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
STEWART, [illegible] Lafayette Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
TOHAN, Patrick, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
VAN DIEN, Catherine, [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
WILTSEY, Lester, [illegible] Cambridge Pl.	[illegible]	[illegible]

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks very strong.

Money easy, 1½@2

It was quite like old times on 'Change yesterday. Everything "went," and prices boomed, while Olympian laughter shook the old hands as the stories were brought in to explain why the bears ran. The irresponsible gossip is hardly worth reproducing. But there was no lack of authentic intelligence worthy of boom times. A few days ago Rock Island's bond proposal was received with coolness springing from chastening experience and submission to counsels of those thinking that economic principles were being violated by unlimited security issues. Yesterday there were only welcoming words for fresh adventures by these boldest of promoters who "do things." When Rock Island advances upon new amalgamation schemes it is hardly necessary to say everything else advanced, too. Over a million shares were sold, enabling many bears to cover and many investors to absorb floating stock to an uncertain but large total. The most notable concessions were in St. Louis and San Francisco and Lackawanna issues. Substantially everything else was higher, the maximum 15 for Brooklyn Union Gas. Consolidated Gas and the electrics added to their handsome gains of Wednesday, and the Grangers, the trunk lines, the coal stocks, industrials—briefly, all active properties made a very good advance. Reading was the most active property, over a quarter million shares of it alone being sold. The bond market was of the same general character, active and strong, but with distribution of business rather more noticeable than advances, although prices were excellently maintained with no important exception.

None of the day's reports extended to the alteration of the underlying conditions upon which the long decline has been based. A volume of securities has been digested which, considerable in itself, is nevertheless inconsiderable as a reform of the general situation. More attention is likely to be paid to the intrinsic factors which have been overlooked by victorious bears, but there seems danger of reversion to the previous error of exaggerating reports circulated by bulls who have taken fresh courage. There is no denying the change of sentiment. It is apparent in every broker's office. Just as a little while ago announcements were made of the stocks next to fall, stories are now going around about the next to advance, and deals are promised, as though deals were not one cause of the broken boom. The signals flown by the quotations in Wednesday's Times have been answered by others less authoritative than zealous in their words. It is gratifying to see prices falling more into line with continuing factors of solid values, but the equally enduring factors of doubt regarding the future also remain. The crops have not been harvested; Congress has passed no financial legislation; the Autumn pinch in the money market has not been averted—and so the list might be extended. The change in sentiment is faithfully and cheerfully recorded, and its force is undeniable. But the greater the progress made, the more certainly will be invited attack by those who do not hesitate to sell the market when more conservative people are content to offer warnings.

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Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

Amal. Copper	2⅝	Minn. & St. L.	1¼
Am. Cot. Oil pf.	1½	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	4
Am. C. & F. pf.	1½	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	2
Am. Cotton Oil	2	Missouri Pacific	1½
Am. Hide & L.	1½	National Biscuit	1½
Am. H. & L. pf.	2½	Nat. Biscuit pf.	1½
Am. Linseed	2½	Nat. Lead	2
Am. Locom.	2	Nat. Lead pf.	2½
Am. Locom. pf.	2½	Nat. R. of M. pf.	2½
Am. Smelting	1½	Nat. R. of M. 2d pf.	2
Am. Smelting pf.	1½	N. Y. Air Brake	4
Am. Sugar	1½	N. Y. Central	1½
Am. Sugar pf.	1	N. Y., C. & St. L.	2
Am. Tobacco	1½	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	1
Amalgamated Copper	1½	Pf., Cin. & W.	3
At., T. & S. F.	1	Norfolk & West.	1½
At., T. & S. F. pf.	2½	North American	1½
Balt. & Ohio	2	Pacific Mail	1
Balt. & Ohio pf.	2	Penn. R. R.	1
Brklyn. R. T.	1	People's Gas	1
Brklyn. Union Gas	15	Pierce, Butler & M.	10
Buff., R. & P.	5	Pres. Marquette	1½
Canadian Pacific	3	Pullman	1½
Cent. of New Jersey	10	Reading	2½
Chic. & Ohio	1½	Reading 1st pf.	1½
Chic. & Alton	1½	Reading 2d pf.	1½
Chic. Gt. West.	1	Rep. Steel pf.	2
Chic. & E. Ill. pf.	2½	Rock Island	1
Chic. & W. Ind.	1½	Rubber Goods pf.	2
Col. Fuel & I.	2	St. J. & G. I.	2
Col. Southern	1½	St. L. & S. F.	1½
Col. So. 1st pf.	1½	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	1½
Del., L. & W.	3½	St. L. & S. F., C. E.	1
Consol. Gas	1½	St. Louis Transit	1
Con. Tobacco pf.	1½	St. L. S. W.	1½
Corn Products	1½	St. L. S. W. pf.	1
Corn Prod. pf.	2½	Southern Pacific	1½
Distillers' Sec.	1	Southern Ry.	1½
Den. & R. G.	1½	Southern Ry. pf.	1½
Den. & R. G. pf.	2	Tenn. Coal, I. & R.	2
Detroit Sou. Ry.	1½	Texas & Pacific	1
Dist. Sec.	1½	Tex. Pac. L. T.	1
Dul., S. S. & A.	1½	Tol., Ry. & H.	1
Dul., S. S. & A. pf.	1	Tol., St. L. & W.	2
Erie	1	Twin City	1½
Erie 1st pf.	1½	Union Bag & P.	1½
Erie 2d pf.	1	Union Bag & P. pf.	1½
General Electric	1½	Union Pacific	1½
Illinois Central	1½	Ut. Sys. Inv. pf.	2
Int. Paper	1½	U. S. Leather	2½
Int. Power	1	U. S. Leather pf.	2½
Iowa Central	1½	U. S. Rubber	1½
Iowa Cent. pf.	1½	Wabash	1½
Kan. City So.	2½	Wabash pf.	2
Kan. City So. pf.	2	West. Union	1
Lake Shore	1½	Wheel. & L. E.	2
Lou. & Nash.	1½	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	1½
Manhattan	1	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	2½
Met. Sec. Co.	2½	Wis. Central	1
Met. St. Ry.	2½	Wis. Cent. pf.	½
Mexican Central	½		

Stocks Declined.

Pat., L. & W.	4	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	5
Detroit Sectn. pf.	4	St. L. & S. F., C. E.	1
Hocking Valley pf.	2	J. S. Off.	5
Lake E. & W. pf.	1	U. S. Rubber	½
Md. Coal pf.	2½		

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Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

Cent. Pac. 35s	1½	Nat. R. R. of M. 4½s	1
Cal. Fruit exp. 6s	1	Nat. R. R. of M. 4s	1
Del., L. & W. 7s	2	Norf. & W. con. 4s	1½
5½s	2	Ore. S. L. cert. 4s	1
Erie Penn. col. 4s	1	Pac. S. East. 1st	1
Grand Rap. Inv. 5s	2½	Peoria & East. inc. 4	2
Ill. Cent. Louis Div.	1	San A. & A. P. 4s	1
3½s	1½	St. L. & S. F. 6s	1
Lake S. & M. S. con.	1	St. L. & S. F. ref. 4s	1½
4½s	1	St. L. S. W. 2d inc.	4
Met. Street Ry. 4s	1½	Union Pac. conv. 4s	1
Mex. Cent. con. 4s	1	Va. Southwest. 5s	1
Mo., K. & T. 1st	1	Wabash deb. B	1½

Bonds Declined.

Ft. W. & D. C. 1st 6	1	Seaboard A. L. 4s	1

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
Aug. 13	1,110,204
To date this year	104,112,646
Corresponding date last year	108,659,314

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

Aug. 13	$4,248,500
To date this year	$427,924,000
Corresponding date last year	$570,094,100

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Chicago Great Western Railway—Preferred stock.

People's Gas Light and Coke Company of Chicago.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg Railroad—On common and preferred stocks.

Jefferson and Clearfield Coal Company—Common and preferred.

TWO HALVES OF A STORY.

"It will tell in time that the leading houses in Boston who represent the investment clientage of New England are shipping into the country from 50 to 100 certificates of shares nearly every day.

"One leading house says that it has shipped daily for several days more than fifty lots of certificates to investors on cash orders, and that daily it has bought for several weeks twenty to thirty different lots of Pennsylvania stock.

Another investment house, with large connections throughout New England, has been working its clerks overtime for three weeks shipping baskets full of certificates into the country."

The above quotation from The Wall Street Journal finds confirmation in a Boston telegram bulletined in Wall Street yesterday, as follows:

"The heavy investment buying of securities continues to be a feature of the situation. One firm reports purchases of $2,000,000 of stocks and bonds within the last two weeks. Another firm says: 'Our order books show two or three pages of purchases daily, whereas our sales amount to practically nothing, and this has been the case for some days.' Another firm says: 'We never saw a better investment demand for stocks. We received an order recently to purchase as much stock at $20 per share and under as would absorb 420.' Another firm says: 'Nine thousand of shares of stock out of the market to be locked up in tin boxes, and buying of this character generally calls the turn of the market.'

"Another leading banker says: 'I have talked with leading manufacturers of New England. One prominent manufacturer, who sells goods from the Atlantic to the Pacific, says he is doing 20 per cent. more business than a year ago, and his collections are good. His Western interests talk good times, and in view of all this he cannot understand the declining security markets.'"

AN OPERATION IN GAS.

A year ago a capitalist who owned 2,000 shares of Consolidated Gas, then selling at 228, sold at that figure, and has loaned the money which he received for the stock—namely, $468,000,—at the generally high rates of interest which have since prevailed. In other words, he found that money could be used more profitably by loaning it out than by keeping it invested in this high-priced stock, which was then yielding him less than 3.65 per cent. a year. On Tuesday this same capitalist purchased 2,000 shares of Consolidated Gas at about 160, paying therefor $332,000. To-day he finds himself the possessor not only of the same stock which he owned a year ago and then sold, but also a profit of $114,000 in addition. The stock has not depreciated in value since then, so far as the payment of dividends is concerned, and now he holds it at a purchase price which makes the income per year a reasonable profit for the use of his money. The $114,000 profit which he has secured through the sale and then repurchase of the stock is in addition to the profit which he has made by the loaning of the $468,000 during the past year. He has by this operation increased both his capital and his yearly income.—Wall Street Journal.

THE OUTLOOK FOR MONEY.

The banks this week are gaining slightly on Sub-Treasury operations through payments of Pension and Assay Office checks and warrants in redemption of National bank notes. Receipts of currency from the interior are still considerably in excess of shipments. The only point at which the rate of exchange on New York indicates the probability of shipments of currency or transfers through the Sub-Treasury from New York in the near future is New Orleans. The discount there on New York exchange is probably due to operations of the bull pool in cotton, for new crop cotton is not yet a factor in the situation.

There is no evidence that the West is now in need of currency, but there seems to be some flow of money from that section toward New York, apparently to cover exchange sold to investors in securities in this market.

Nevertheless, the firmness of the time money market shows that bankers are making preparations to meet the crop movement demand for currency that has suddenly developed during the last week of August in each of the last two years, and which is not expected to be postponed longer than to the first week in September of this year, if, indeed, it does not manifest itself as usual in the last week of this month.

The banks are in better condition to meet the requirements of the interior for money with which to move the crops this year than they have been for several years. It is fortunate that they are in such condition, for the power of the Secretary of the Treasury to extend relief to the money market in an emergency, under existing law, has been greatly reduced by the bond purchases of prior years and the refunding of this year.—Dow, Jones & Co.

EMBARRASSING PROSPERITY.

"Are we ruined by too much good fortune now?" was the bears' taunting inquiry during the recent decline. It appears that one leading concern suffered in some such manner. In a bulletin yesterday it was explained in behalf of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company that its six-million-dollar loan was made not for expansion purposes, but simply to cover the farmers' notes accepted by the company, and which banks in the interior temporarily declined to advance upon, owing to the decline in the prices of the company's stocks.

The company, in the sale of chemicals and fertilizers, has, it is stated, extensive dealings with farmers, and, as is the custom in the trade, accepts their notes for the chemicals purchased. When the interior banks declined to take these notes, the company obtained the six-million-dollar loan in New York, but as a matter of fact has not been obliged to take advantage of it, as the scare being now over the interior banks are again accepting the farmers' notes. The loan, therefore, was a trade operation, to meet a sudden trade emergency, which has now passed. It is said that the terms on this loan will make necessary the suspension of dividends on the common stock, but the dividends on the preferred stand unquestioned.

Copper Trade Prospects.

An official of the United Copper Company is quoted thus: "Copper will sell at 14½ cents before many weeks. Lake copper, at 13 cents, is selling at too low a level. Cost of producing it has increased 20 per cent. during the past few years, and in my judgment, it will not sell below 13 cents again for years.

"The liquidation in the stock market and the numerous strikes in the building trade have temporarily lessened the demand for copper, but the brass people have little on hand, they are buying from hand to mouth, and prices will be better. Lake and electrolytic are selling freely today at 13¼ cents.

"I believe that the price of Lake copper during the next two years will average 14½ cents."

THE WEEKLY CROP REPORT.

Crop reports to Dun's Review of Aug. 15 from branches of R. G. Dun & Co. throughout the United States show a slight improvement in conditions for corn and cotton. The growing crops are still very backward, and while the plants are generally reported healthy they are small. There is ample moisture, but the anticipated hot weather which is essential to the development of a full yield does not materialize. In New York State corn is very backward and the growth slow. In Northern Ohio cool weather still retards the growth, but in the southern part of the State the crop is making good progress. Reports from Michigan show some corn in tassel, but ears are small. In Indiana the crop is not making the headway hoped for. In Illinois conditions are improved, but throughout the important corn States of the Middle West much hot weather is needed, but generally there is ample moisture. In Nebraska favorable weather has improved the crop. Cotton reports from the South indicate a late crop. In Texas conditions are exceptionally favorable, and cotton is making good progress. The weather is dry and hot. In Georgia the growth is still three weeks behind, but in most sections substantial fruit is forming. In Alabama recent rains have been beneficial and the crop looks well, but is not heavily fruited. In Missouri there has been some improvement and the crop is doing well. Tobacco is making good headway in Virginia and good showers are reported in Virginia and Ohio, but in Ohio the plant is short but healthy. In Missouri conditions are good, and the best crop for years is promised. In New York the plant is small and backward, and the weather too cool and wet. Cutting has already commenced. Oats in Western New York are being harvested and the yield is good. In Ohio threshing shows good quantity and quality. In Michigan the yield is large, but there is some damage from rust, and in Missouri there is a light yield and poor quality on account of rust.

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

Louisville advices that negotiations between the tobacco warehouse companies have halted but not ended, though the outlook is not so hopeful.

Exports and imports of the Port of Philadelphia for the week ending Aug. 11, 1903, were: Exports, $1,069,586; imports, $612,460.

Deposits in South Dakota National banks, it is stated, have increased 100 per cent. in the past four years.

Consolidation of the Greenwich and Johnsonville Railway Company and the Batten Kill Railroad Company.

Reports from Memphis (Tenn.) that a syndicate of Western capitalists is backing the movement looking to the establishment of a chain of cotton mills on the 'Frisco system from Memphis to the Ozark Mountains.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loaned at 1½@2 per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. The majority of the day's loans was made at 1¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty days, 5 per cent. for ninety days, 5@5½ per cent. for four and five months, and 5½@6 per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5¾@6 per cent. for sixty to ninety days indorsed bills receivable, 6 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6½ per cent. for others.

New York Clearing House exchanges were $175,744,317, balances, $8,062,151; United States Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,544,878.

Money on call in London, 2¾@3 per cent.; short bills, 2¾ per cent.; three months' bills, 2 15-16@2¾ per cent.

Foreign exchange was easier. Nominal rates were $4.83½ for sixty days and $4.86 for demand. Rates for actual business closed as follows: Sixty days, $4.82¼; demand, $4.8520@$4.8525; cables, $4.85¾@$4.85¾. Commercial bills were $4.81¾@$4.82.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.20 less 1-16 and 5.18¾, less 1-16; reichsmarks, 94 9-16@94 11-16 and 95 9-16@95¼; guilders, 39 15-16@40 and 40 3-16.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—10c discount. Chicago—5c discount. New Orleans—Commercial, 50c discount; bank, $1 discount. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 1-16c premium. San Francisco—Sight, 7½c premium; telegraphic, 10c. St. Louis—90c premium.

THE LONDON MARKET.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Times, in its City article to-day, says the conclusion of the Stock Exchange settlement increased the demand for money yesterday, though the supply was enhanced by the lending in the market of the installment paid on Transvaal 3s. The sum due to the Bank of England was repaid. Discount rates were firm.

The Stock Exchange was cheerful in most departments owing to the firmness of Americans and Kafirs, the prices of which rose considerably, but the transactions were chiefly professional, the general public not doing much.

Foreigns were fairly steady, the Balkan situation not attracting much attention.

American rails were strengthened by the buying of most leading descriptions, with special activity in Union Pacifics, Atchisons, United States Steels, Southern Pacifics, and Eries. The buying in the morning was to a fair extent local and Continental. The afternoon brought large buying orders from New York. Canadian Pacifics rose ½.

Kafirs were strong and more active, and closed firm.

Silver was firm. Bars advanced to 25¼d. per ounce for cash and 25 5-16d. forward. Mexican dollars rose to 25 7-16.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Business on the money market to-day was rather more unseen, but the demand was aided by Stock Exchange requirements and the firmness of discount rates, which is attributed largely to the fall in the New York exchanges.

The stock markets were cheerful and a fair business was done, notwithstanding that attention was directed to the conclusion of the settlement. The attitude of operators was determined by the general tone. Consols were dull, under the influence of harder money. Home rails were frequently better.

Americans opened firm at above parity and further improved, reflecting the optimism in Wall Street. They continued fairly active and closed strong, Kafirs hardened on the improved inquiry for them.

Closing prices: Consols for money, 90 13-16; consols for account, 90 15-16; Anacondas, 9⅝; Atchison, 81¼; Atchison pf., 91½; Baltimore and Ohio, 93½; ex div.; Canadian Pacific, 129⅝; Chesapeake and Ohio, 32½; Chicago Great Western, 16½; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 143½; De Beers, 19⅝; Denver and Rio Grande, 24½; Denver and Rio Grande pf., 78½; Erie, 29½; Erie first pf., 49½; Erie second pf., 34; Illinois Central, 148; Louisville and Nashville, 107½; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 19⅝; New York Central, 125½; Norfolk and Western, 64⅝; Norfolk and Western pf., 89½ ex div.; Ontario and Western, 23½; Pennsylvania, 64; Rand Mines, 10⅝; Southern Railway, 23; Reading first pf., 43; Reading second pf., 35; Southern Railway, 22⅝; Southern Railway pf., 85; Southern Pacific, 46½; Union Pacific, 75⅝; Union Pacific pf., 89; United States Steel, 24⅝; United States Steel pf., 123¼; Wabash, 22; Wabash pf., 36.

Wheat silver firm, 25½d per ounce. Money, 2¾@3 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2 15-16@2¾ per cent.; for three months' bills is 2 13-16@2¾ per cent.

Gold premiums are quoted: Madrid, 37; Lisbon, 23.40.

F. W. Hemmant and James Hasham, small brokers, have failed.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, Aug. 13.—The Bourse opened stronger to-day. Internationals advanced slightly, except Serpian securities, which were depressed on news of the Ministerial crisis in Belgrade. Industrial shares were firm.

Three per cent. rentes, 97f 72½c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 15c for checks.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation decreased 62,600,000f. Treasury accounts current increased 27,825,000f; gold in hand decreased 3,900,000f; bills discounted decreased 2,550,000f; and silver in hand decreased 1,900,000f.

BERLIN, Aug. 13.—Business on the Boerse was irregular to-day. Little trading was done in Government securities. Industrial shares were strong, but transactions were light. Canadian Pacifics were better.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 38½ pfennigs for the account. Discount rates: Short bills, 3⅛ per cent.; three months' bills, 3⅛ per cent.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve increased £645,000, circulation decreased £879,000, bullion increased £247,428, other securities decreased £314,000, other deposits increased £700,000, public deposits increased £300,000, notes reserve increased £831,000, and Government securities increased £1,000,000.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability, which last week was 49.62, is now 50.64 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 3 per cent.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 13.—The better feeling in financial circles is reflected in a slightly increased demand for funds. Rates are unchanged. Call loans, 4@4½ per cent.; time loans on collateral, 5@5½ per cent.; time loans on mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent.; Clearing House loans, 4,634½ per cent.; New York funds, 10 cents discount. Clearings, $22,013,263; balances, $1,356,197. The foreign exchange market continues easy; rates, however, are unchanged.

Telephone stock and rights, Sugar, Amalgamated, and Copper Range were the leaders in the market to-day. Tamarack had a sudden advance. United States Mining, Utah and Mohawk were fairly active and strong. The news of the hurricane in Jamaica and the destruction of property of the United Fruit Company sent that stock down to 91, but it rallied later on support from the insiders.

Complete transactions were as follows:

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Atchison	80	80¾	80¾
8	*Atchison pf.	88¼	88¼	88¼
120	Boston Elevated	157	157	157
1	Boston & Albany	247	247	247
62	Boston & Maine	167	167	167
5	C., C., C. & St. L.	100¾	100¾	100¾
30	C., I. F. & N. pf.	115	115	115
12	Fitchburg pf.	135	135	135
525	Mass. Elec.	22¼	21¾	22
61	Mass. Elec. pf.	81	81	81
2	N. Y. & N. H.	190	190	190
3	Northern, (N. H.)	166	166	166
10	*Pere Marquette pf.	72¾	72¾	72¾
70	Rutland pf.	32	31	32
1,040	Union Pacific	75¾	72¾	73¾
15	West End	89½	89	89½
TELEPHONES.				
2,520	*American	181½	180½	181½
28,652	American pf.	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝
200	Western	14	13	14
140	Western pf.	61	61	61½
MISCELLANEOUS.				
100	American Agr. Chem. pf.	74	74	74
1,651	American Sugar	116½	114	116½
63	American Sugar pf.	118	117	118
128	American Woolen pf.	90½	89	90½
305	Dom. Iron & Steel	100¾	100	100¾
75	Edison	225	225	225
14	General Electric	161½	161½	161½
500	Mass. Gas	82¾	82½	82½
127	Mass. Gas pf.	92	91	91
25	N. E. Cotton Yarn pf.	78	78	78
150	*Pullman	215	214½	215
25	Swift & Co.	106	106	106
1,822	United Fruit	92	91	92
103	United Shoe Machine	46	46	46
57	United Shoe Machine pf.	39	38½	39
3	U. S. Rubber pf.	86	86	86
1,143	United States Steel	25⅝	25	25
180	*United States Steel pf.	72	71	71½
MINING.				
500	Allouez	4⅝	4	4⅝
5,600	*Amalgamated	44⅝	43½	44⅝
400	Arnican	1 1-16	1	1 1-16
570	Atlantic	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
300	Bingham	32	32	32¼
5	Calumet & Hecla	425	425	425
600	Centennial	16⅞	16	16⅞
420	Con. Mercur	1 11-32	1 1/32	1 1/32
4,810	Copper Range	45½	45⅛	45½
65	*Daly-West	30	30	30
900	Dominion Coal	84½	84	84½
32	Dominion Coal pf.	106½	106½	106½
50	Franklin	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
500	Guanajuato	7	7	7
400	Isle Royale	27½	27½	27½
100	Mass.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
10	Mayflower	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
10	Michigan	1	1	1
1,080	Mohawk	92	90½	92
100	National Lead	12½	12½	12½
148	Old Dominion	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞
71	Osceola	83	81	83
200	Parrot	19½	19	19½
100	Phoenix	1	1	1
15	*Quincy	80	80	80
455	Santa Fe	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
620	Shannon	10	9⅞	10
258	Tamarack	82	82	82
50	Tri-Mountain	80½	80	80
120	Trinity	6⅞	6½	6⅞
120	U. S. Coal & Oil	10⅞	10½	10⅞
2,378	United States	17⅞	17½	17⅞
110	Utah	52	52	52
215	Victoria	4	3⅞	4
160	Winona	2	2	2
100	Wolverine	67½	67½	67½

British Columbia, 2¼ bid, 4 asked.
*Ex dividend. †Ex rights.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—It was a field day for Reading to-day, not only in point of activity, but in strength as well, the price making an extreme advance of $3 per share but closing almost a dollar under the highest. No one here believes that the Gould-Rockefeller combination has succeeded in buying control of the road, for the position of the Cassatt-Vanderbilt interest has been considered impregnable. If control has changed, it was with the consent and aid of the Cassatt-Vanderbilt people, which is doubted in local railroad circles.

Considerable activity was displayed in other parts of the list, but Reading was the stock in which the Street's interest was centred. American Railways advanced 1¼, Cambria Steel ⅝, Lehigh Valley ⅝, Lehigh Navigation 1, Pennsylvania Steel preferred 4, Philadelphia Traction ⅝, Philadelphia Company 1½, Philadelphia Rapid Transit ⅛, Union Traction ⅝, and United Gas ¼. The bulk of the gain was held to the close, with a few exceptions. In several stocks advantage was taken to liquidate as many shares as the market would take, notably United Gas, Philadelphia Rapid Transit, Philadelphia Company, and Philadelphia Electric.

Total sales, 72,977 shares and $35,300 bonds. Range of prices:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
552	Am. Railways Co.	45¼	45¼	45¼
300	Atchison	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝
100	Baltimore & Ohio	93	93	93
1,435	Cambria, Steel	21⅝	21⅛	21½
510	Con. Lake Sup.	3	2⅞	3
510	Con. Lake Sup. pfd.	11¼	11	11¼
500	Electric Co. of Am.	3 1-16	3	3
100	Electric Storage	85	85	85
2,430	Erie	29⅝	27⅝	27⅝
5	Rust, & Broad Top	39	39	39
55	Investment Co.	68	68	68
150	Lehigh Valley	41½	41	41½
100	Lehigh Nav.	65	64	65
300	Lit Brothers	10¼	10¼	10¼
10	Marsden Co.	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16
100	Norfolk & Western	65½	65½	65½
100	Pennsylvania	64½	64½	64½
1,987	Penn. Steel	22 1-16	21 15-16	22
20	Penna. Steel pfd.	84	84	84
25	Phila. Trac.	94½	94½	94½
4,420	Phila. Elec.	29⅝	29	29⅝
975	Phila. Co.	49½	49	49½
55	Phila. Co. pfd.	43½	43½	43½
2,921	Phil. Rap. Tran.	12⅝	12	12⅝
44,291	Reading	36⅝	32⅝	35⅝
517	Reading 1st pfd.	41	40½	41
300	Reading 2d pfd.	34 11-16	34 11-16	34 11-16
1,000	Southern Ry.	23¼	23¼	23¼
900	Sunc. Steel	1⅝	1 1-16	1⅝
661	United Gas Imp. Co.	84	83½	84
815	Union Trac.	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝
5,618	United States Steel	24	23⅝	23⅝
705	United States Steel pfd.	72⅝	71½	71½
70	Wharton	10½	10	10½
200	Warwick Steel	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—New York exchange was at 5c discount to-day. Time and call loans, 4¼@6 per cent.

There was considerable activity in the stock market early in the day, and the trading was largely confined to the Biscuit issues and Can preferred. These stocks advanced a fraction during the early dealings.

Complete transactions to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
661	American Can pf.	39	38½	38⅝
115	American Shipbuilding	38	37⅝	38
50	Chicago Pneumatic Tool	60	60	60
10	Chicago Telephone	125	125	125
60	Chicago Title & Trust	63½	63½	63½
130	Diamond Match	48½	48½	48½
200	Met. Elevated	20⅝	20	20⅝
52	Met. Elevated pf.	60	59½	60
1,121	National Biscuit	37	36⅝	36⅝
1,820	National Biscuit pf.	101	100⅝	101
25	National Carbon pf.	92	92	92
12	Northwestern Elevated	30	30	30
50	Northwestern Elev. pf.	60	60	60
1,000	Swift & Co.	104½	104	104
120	United Biscuit	34½	34½	34½

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 13.—Seaboards were dull to-day. There was no buying along aggressive lines, though it was the general opinion that the effect of the deal announced yesterday would be favorable to Baltimore, both in its commercial bearings and in its financial aspects.

Money on call at 5@6 per cent.

Complete transactions, covering 4,477 shares of stock and $64,000 worth of bonds, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,735	Seaboard Ry. com.	21¼	21¼	21¼
1,520	Seaboard Ry. pf.	35½	35	35½
30	Atlantic C. L. com.	119	118	119
12	Northern Central	160	160	160
50	Cotton Duck, c. rcpts.	3	3	3
200	Un. Railways & Elec. com.	16½	16½	16
30	Inter. Met. Stamp.	5	5	5

BONDS.

$1,000	Seaboard Ry. 10-y. 5s.	101½	101¼	101¼
3,000	Seaboard Ry. 4s.	79½	79	79
3,000	Ga. & Ala. Consol. 5s.	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
2,000	Carolina Central 4s.	94	94	94
2,000	Ga. Southern & Fla. 5s.	111	111	111
10,000	United Rys. & El. 4s.	89	88	88
8,000	Un. Rys. & El. 4s.	82½	82½	82½
4,000	Knoxville Traction 5s.	101	101	101
4,000	C. B. & N. Conv. 1st.	41½	41	41
14,000	Atlantic C. L. 4s.	86⅝	86	86
5,000	Atlantic C. L. 4s. (new)	84	84	84

Silver for the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The Director of the Mint to-day purchased 62,000 ounces of silver for account of Philippine coinage at 56½ cents an ounce.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

The upward movement which has been characteristic of the outside market during the first three days of the week continued yesterday, but after opening strong and advancing substantially, several sharp reactions occurred, notably in Standard Oil, which declined 10 points after gaining 20, and Northern Securities, which closed at 83⅝ after rising to 85⅝. Brooklyn City Railroad gained still further yesterday, so that this stock has advanced 8 points in the past few days' trading. Consolidated Gas rights, which were first traded in a few days ago, scored a gain of ⅝ on sales of 200 shares. Improvement was made in all the copper stocks, though a sharp drop took place in Greene Consolidated, which at one time sold at 10⅝, but later sagged off to 10¼ and closed at 10½, a gain of ¼. Seaboard Air Line stocks were less active than on Wednesday, but each gained fractionally, the common ⅝ and the preferred ¼.

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STANDARD Oil still holds its position of prominence in the market owing to its steady advance during the past four days' trading. The top price reached yesterday, 620, shows an advance since Monday of 31 points. The first sale of the day showed a gain of 15, but after selling as high as 620 it reacted to 610, a gain of 10. The stock was here active yesterday, only 46 shares being traded in.

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NORTHERN SECURITIES on moderately active trading advanced 2⅝, but later in the day the price eased off to 83⅝ and closed at 83⅞, after selling up again to

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Thursday, Aug. 13, 1903.

Opening Sale.	Advance.	Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
220		10	Adams Express	220	220	220	220	
42½	44½	36,100	Amalgamated Cop. Co.	42½	44½	42½	44½	+3½
83	83½	1,500	Am. Car & F. Co.	82½	83½	82½	83½	+½
82	83	600	Am. Car & F. Co. pf.	82	83	82	83	+1½
29½	30	500	Am. Cotton Oil	30	30½	30	30	+½
80	80	25	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	80	80	80	80	
177	185	25	Am. Express	176	185	176	185	
3¾	4½	500	Am. Hide & Leather	3¾	4½	3¾	4½	+1½
17	17½	200	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	16½	17	16½	16½	+1½
6	6½	500	*Am. Ice Co.	6½	6½	6½	6½	
29½	29½	100	*Am. Ice Co. pf.	29½	29½	29½	29½	
10	11	1,470	*Am. Linseed Co.	10	11½	10	11½	+1½
32½	33	100	*Am. Linseed Co. pf.	32½	33	32½	33	
18½	18½	2,600	*Am. Locomo. Co.	18	18½	18	18½	+½
84½	84½	1,000	*Am. Locomo. Co. pf.	83	84½	82½	83	+2½
14	17	100	*Am. Malting Co. pf.	15½	15½	15½	15½	+1½
44½	44½	3,200	*Am. S. & R. Co.	42	44½	42	44½	+2½
90½	91½	825	*Am. S. & R. Co. pf.	90	91½	90	91½	+1½
80	80	200	*Am. Snuff Co.	80	80	80	80	
	93	200	*Am. Snuff Co. pf.	90	93	90	93	
114½	114½	6,400	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co.	114½	116	114	115½	+½
117½	119	100	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co. pf.	117½	117½	117½	117½	+1
77	82	25	Am. Tel. & Cable Co.	80	80	80	80	
		2,100	Am. Tel. & Tel. Co. rts.	5½	5½	5½	5½	+½
122	122	100	Am. Tobacco Co. pf.	122	122	122	122	
71	73	1,800	*Anaconda Cop. M. Co.	70	73	70	73	+1½
59½	60½	12,800	Atch., Top. & S. F.	59½	60½	59½	60½	+1½
89½	89½	1,072	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	89½	90	89½	89½	+½
82½	82½	20,720	Baltimore & Ohio	82½	83½	82½	82½	+½
97½	97½	671	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	97½	97½	96½	96½	+½
45½	45½	5,000	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	45½	45½	45½	45½	+½
102	102	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	102	102	102	102	+1½
127	128	100	Buff., Roch. & Pitts.	128	128	128	128	+4
60½	61	1,600	Canada Southern	60	60½	60	60½	-¼
126½	126½	6,718	Canadian Pacific	125	126½	124½	125½	+½
162	162	400	Central R. R. of N. J.	160	162	160	162	+2½
82	82½	4,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	81	82½	81½	82	+1½
22½	22½	1,110	Chicago & Alton	22	22½	22	22½	+1½
82	82	420	Chicago & Alton pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	
15½	15½	6,125	Chi. Gt. Western	15½	17½	15½	16½	+½
12	12	200	Chi. Gt. West. pf. A	11½	12	11½	12	+½
40½	41	1,600	Chi. Gt. West. pf. B	39	41	39	40	+1½
141½	141½	67,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	139½	142½	138½	141½	+2½
171	171½	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	170½	171½	171	171½	+1½
162	162½	1,500	Chicago & Northw.	162	162½	161	162½	+1½
		100	Chicago & Northw. pf.	196½	196½	196½	196½	+2½
125	125	200	Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	125	125	125	125	
10½	10½	100	Chi. Term. Transf.	10½	10½	10½	10½	+½
20½	20½	100	Chi. Term. Transf. pf.	20	20	20	20	+½
8½	8½	500	Chicago Union Traction	8	8½	8	8½	
70	70½	1,200	C., C., C. & St. L.	69½	70½	69½	70½	+1
46	46	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	46	46	46	46	+1
14½	14½	3,480	Colorado & Southern	14	15	14	14½	+½
51½	52	2,180	Col. & Southern 1st pf.	51	51½	51	51½	+½
81½	82	2,400	Col. & Southern 2d pf.	81	82	81	81½	+½
15½	15½	500	Col. & H. C. & I.	14	15½	14	14	+½
117	118	4,170	Consolidated Gas	116	118	116	118	+2
101½	102	325	*Con. Tobacco Co. pf.	101	102	101	102	+1
28	28½	8,000	Corn Products Co.	27½	28½	27½	28	+½
29½	29½	100	Corn Products Co. pf.	29	29	29	29	+½
166½	167	1,300	Delaware & Hudson	165	167	165	167	+½
247	248	400	Del., Lack. & West.	245	248	245	248	+1
24½	24½	600	Denver & R. G.	23½	24½	23½	24	+½
26½	27	1,000	Denver & R. G. pf.	26½	27½	26½	27½	+1½
18	18	100	D. M. & Ft. Dodge	18	18	18	18	
17½	18	200	Detroit Southern pf.	17½	18	17½	17½	+½
82	82½	600	Duluth S. S. & Atl.	81½	82½	81½	82½	+½
22	22½	400	*Distillers Securities	22	22½	22	22½	+½
14	15	300	*Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	14½	15	14½	15	+½
27½	27½	97,045	Erie	27½	28½	27½	27½	+½
60½	60½	9,000	Erie 1st pf.	60½	60½	60½	60½	+½
50½	50½	3,050	Erie 2d pf.	50	50½	50	50½	+½
150	152	2,500	Great Northern pf.	150	152½	150	152½	+2½
69½	70	500	Hocking Valley	69	70	69	70	+½
81½	82	500	Hocking Valley pf.	81	81½	81	81½	+½
122	122½	2,315	Illinois Central	120	122½	120½	122	+1
11½	12	300	Internat. Paper	11½	11½	11½	11½	+½
40	42	100	*Internat. Power Co.	40	40	40	40	+1
19	19	100	Iowa Central	19	19½	19	19	+½
35½	36	500	Iowa Central pf.	35	36	35	35½	-1
67½	67½	500	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	66	69	67	67	
22½	22	1,300	Kansas City Southern	21	22	21	22	+2½
27½	27	200	Kansas City South. pf.	26½	27	26½	27	+½
33	33	200	Lake Erie & Western	32½	33½	32½	33½	+½
100	100	100	Lake Erie & West. pf.	100	100	100	100	-1
60	60	200	Long Island	60	60	60	60	
104½	104½	3,300	Louisville & Nashville	103½	105½	103½	104½	+1½
132½	132½	9,470	Manhattan Elevated	132½	134½	132½	132½	+1½
110	110	100	Maryland Coal pf.	100	100	100	100	+2½
7½	7½	500	*Met. Securities	7½	7½	7½	7½	+½
114	114	2,400	Met. Street Railway	113½	115½	113½	115½	+2½
14½	15	4,000	Mexican Central	14½	15	14½	14½	-½
47	50	900	Minn. & St. Louis	46	50	46	50	+1½
50	52	1,010	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	48	52	48	52	+4
125	127	400	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	127	128	127	127	-2
19½	19½	1,150	Mo., Kan. & Texas	19½	19½	19½	19	-½
32½	32½	8,100	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	32½	33	32½	32½	-½
102½	102½	46,150	Missouri Pacific	101½	104½	101½	102½	-1½
38½	38½	900	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	37½	37½	36½	36½	-2½
100½	101	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	101	101	101	101	-1½
15	15½	1,010	*Nat. Lead Co.	15	15½	15	15	-½
61	63	65	*Nat. Lead Co. pf.	61	63	61	63	+2
40	41	2,100	*Nat. R. R. of Mex. pf.	39½	41	39½	40	+½
23½	24	600	Nat. R.R. of Mex. 2d pf.	24	24	24	24	
126	130	900	*New York Air Brake	126	127	125	125½	-1
122	122½	10,800	New York Central	121½	122½	121	122½	+1½
24½	24½	500	N. Y. Chi. & St. L.	24½	24½	24½	24½	+½
58	60	200	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	61	60	61	60	
93½	93½	2,000	N. Y. Dock Co. pf.	93½	93½	93½	93½	-1½
22½	22½	1,610	Norfolk & Western	22	22½	22	22½	+½
71½	71½	1,240	North American	71	71½	71	71½	+1½
47	49	300	Pacific Coast	45½	47	45½	47	+1
20	21	1,300	Pacific Mail	20½	22	20½	21½	+1
122½	122½	26,000	Pennsylvania R. R.	122½	124½	122½	122½	+1
118½	118½	4,200	People's Gas, Chicago	118½	120	118½	118½	+½
22½	22½	100	Pittsburg, Bessemer	22½	22½	22½	22½	+2½
77	78½	200	Pore Marquette	77	78	77	78	+1
61½	62	200	P., C., C. & St. L.	62½	62	62½	62	+2½
40	41	3,625	Pressed Steel Car	39	41	39	40½	+1½
81	81½	200	Pressed Steel Car pf.	81	82	81	82	+1½
211	215	400	Pullman Company	211	215	211	211	+1½
1½	1½	500	*Quicksilver	1½	1½	1½	1½	
24	24	200	*Railway Steel Spring	24	24	24	24	
56½	58½	502,050	Reading	54½	57½	51½	55½	+3½
81	81½	1,100	Reading 1st pf.	80½	81½	80½	81½	+1½
79½	79½	1,800	Reading 2d pf.	79	80	79	79½	+½
15½	15½	3,000	*Rep. Iron & Steel	15	15½	15	15½	+½
85½	86½	1,000	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	85	87	85	86½	+1½
23½	24½	46,800	Rock Island Co.	23½	25½	23½	24½	+1½
27½	28	4,700	Rock Island Co. pf.	26	28	26	28	+2½
14½	14½	1,800	*Ruh. Goods Mf. Co.	14½	15½	14½	14½	+1½
70	70	100	*Ruh. Goods Mf. Co. pf.	70½	70½	70½	70½	+1½
18	18	100	St. Jo. & G. I.	18	18	18	18	+2
40	40	200	St. Jo. & G. I. 1st pf.	40	40	40	40	+2
17	17½	800	St. Jo. & G. I. 2d pf.	17½	17½	17½	17½	+½
	66	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	66	66	66	66	+1
40½	40	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	40	40	40	40	+1
160	160	850	St. L. & S. F., C. & E. Ill.					
			pf., stock title	160	161	158	159	+4½
115	125	100	St. L. & S. F., C. & E. Ill.					
			pf., stock title	120	120	120	120	-5
14½	16	200	St. Louis Southw.	15½	15½	15	15½	+½
29½	29½	4,710	St. Louis Southw. pf.	29½	30	29	30½	+½
24½	25	100	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co.	24½	25½	25½	25½	+1½
95½	95½	27,125	Southern Pacific	94½	97½	94½	97	+1½
21½	21½	46,800	Southern Ry.	21½	21½	21½	21½	+½
51	51	11,600	Southern Ry. pf.	50½	51	50	50	-½
40½	40½	3,300	Tennessee Coal & Iron	39	40	39	40	+1
24½	25½	4,800	Texas & Pacific	24½	26	24½	25½	+½
28	28	200	Texas Pacific Land Tr.	28	28	28	28	
22½	22½	100	Tol., Ry. & Light	22½	22½	22½	22½	
27	27½	100	Tol., St. L. & W.	27	27½	27	27½	+½
22	23	670	Tol., St. L. & West. pf.	22	23	22	23	+1
93½	94	400	Twin City R. T.	93	94½	94	94½	+1½
		100	*Union Bag & Paper Co.	7½	7½	7½	7½	+½
		100	*Union Bag & P. Co. pf.	70	70	70	70	-1½
99½	99½	69,210	Union Pacific	97½	99½	96½	99½	+1½
85	85½	1,000	Union Pacific pf.	85	85½	85	85½	+½
		34	United Ry. Inv. & Co.	27½	27½	27½	27½	-1
41	41	100	United Rys. Invest. pf.	41	41	41	41	+1
7½	7½	2,800	*U. S. Leather	7½	8	7½	7½	+½
17½	17½	2,100	*U. S. Leather pf.	17½	17½	17½	17½	+2½
45½	45½	2,835	U. S. Realty & Con.	45	45½	44½	45	-½
47½	47½	1,000	U. S. Realty & Con. pf.	47	48½	47½	48½	+1½
11½	11½	120	U. S. Rubber	11½	11½	11½	11½	-½
37	38	600	U. S. Rubber pf.	37	37	37	37	+1
49½	49½	49,271	U. S. Steel	49½	50½	49½	50½	+½
71½	71½	29,855	U. S. Steel pf.	71½	71½	71	71	+½
		200	Va.-Caro. Chem. & Coke	60½	60½	60½	60½	
		200	Va.-Caro. Chemical pf.	90	90	90	90	
22	22½	2,600	Wabash	22½	22½	22½	22½	+1½
24½	24½	2,000	Wabash pf.	24½	24½	24½	24½	+½
83	83½	870	Western Union Tel.	83	83½	83	83½	+½
168	170	800	Westinghouse E. & M.	168	169	168	168	+2
170	170	100	Westinghouse E. & M. pf.	170	170	170	170	+1
15½	15½	8,700	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	15½	16	15½	15½	+½
51½	51½	300	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	51	52½	51	51½	+½
27	27	500	Wheel. & L. E. 4d pf.	27	27	27	27	+2½
18½	18	1,100	Wisconsin Central	18½	18½	18½	18½	+½
35	35	1,000	Wisconsin Central pf.	35½	35	35½	35½	+½
Sales	3,110,294		*Unlisted. †From last previous sale, based on 100 share lots.					

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1903.	1902.	1901.
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—			
Mileage	1,945	1,945	1,945
Gross earnings	$165,300	$161,400	$132,945
From July 1	365,274	352,328	292,870
CHICAGO TERMINAL TRANSFER—			
Mileage	102	102	102
1st week of Aug.	24,041	19,888	21,102
From July 1	270,146	217,079	191,050
DETROIT SOUTHERN—			
Mileage	351	351	351
1st week of Aug.	20,833	20,728	20,951
From July 1	170,066	170,444	167,110
DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY SYSTEM—			
1st week of Aug.	37,101	32,919	28,000
From July 1	1,287,241	1,126,115	1,701,187
KANAWHA & MICHIGAN—			
Mileage	117	117	117
1st week of Aug.	21,000	19,000	19,000
From July 1	250,000	71,000	50,000
MINN., ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE—			
Mileage	1,847	1,847	1,847
1st week of Aug.	228,124	218,701	202,000
From July 1	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—			
Mileage	180	180	180
1st week of Aug.	10,772	11,712	12,812
From July 1	84,000	84,000	84,000
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—			
Mileage	246	246	246
1st week of Aug.	24,000	21,000	19,000
From July 1	185,000	148,000	132,000
TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT—			
1st week of Aug.	32,207	31,112	65,139
From July 1	1,287,000	1,247,779	1,207,000
ALLEGHENY VALLEY reports for June and the six months ending June 30, as follows:			
	June.		Months.
	1903.	Increase.	1903.
Gross earnings	1,000,000		6,000,000
Operating expenses	80,361		482,792
Net earnings	37,000		94,000
BALTIMORE & OHIO for July—			
	1903.	1902.	Inc. or Dec.
Gross	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Op. expenses	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Net	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
From July 1	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA for the month of June have been compiled since the 1st of the year as follows:			
	1903.	1902.	Inc. or Dec.
Gross earnings	28,000	28,000	28,000
Oper. and other exp.	28,000	28,000	28,000
Net earnings	17,000	28,000	28,000
Int., rentals, etc.	16,000	8,000	
Surplus	1,000	20,000	
PHILADELPHIA & READING for June—			
Gross earnings	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000
Oper. expenses	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Net earnings	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Int., rentals, etc.	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Surplus	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
From July 1—			
Gross earnings	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000
Oper. expenses	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Net earnings	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Int., rentals, etc.	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Surplus	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

STATEN ISLAND MIDLAND for the quarter ended June 30—

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Gross earnings	27,000	16,000	11,000
Op. expenses	26,700	25,000	1,700
Net earnings	3,000	1,000	2,000
Total income	3,000	1,000	2,000
Deficit	8,000	7,000	1,000

WESTCHESTER TRACTION for the year ended June 30—

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Gross earnings	18,000	3,000	15,000
Op. expenses	15,000	4,000	11,000
Net loss	3,000	1,000	2,000
Total deficit	7,000	2,000	5,000
Fixed charges	6,000	2,000	4,000
Year's deficit	10,000	2,000	
*Jan. 19 to June 30.	*Not.	Surplus.	

RAILWAY STATEMENTS.

The following railways, reporting yesterday gross earnings for the first week of August showed increases:

Central of Georgia	$5,070
Chicago Terminal Transfer	109
Detroit Southern	1,402
Kanawha & Michigan	15,000
Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	20,423
Toledo, Peoria & Western	2,000
Total increase, 6 roads	$42,490
Increase previously reported	730,048
Total increase, 31 roads	$772,538
Decrease:	
Rio Grande Southern	$931
Decrease previously reported	27,107
Total decrease, 4 roads	$28,038
Net increase, 35 roads	$744,755

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in London, at 25⅛d per ounce and in New York at 55⅛c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 43½c.

On the Consolidated Exchange, 300 shares of Comstock sold at .06, 200 Consolidated California and Virginia at 1.35@1.38, 500 Consolidated Imperial at .03, 500 Cripple Creek Consolidated at .04, 1,000 Gold Dollar at .01½, 100 Mexican at 1.12, 500 Potosi at .12, 200 Silver Hill at .02, and 1,200 Work at .05.

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

TRANSACTIONS IN STOCKS.

Thursday, Aug. 13, 1903.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
12,400	Amal. Copper	42½	44½	42½	44½
50	Am. Car & Fdy.	83	83½	83	83½
10	Am. Can & F. pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½
20	Am. Locomotive	18½	18½	18	18
20	Am. Smelting	44½	46½	44½	44½
4,800	Am. Sugar	114½	116½	112½	114½
24,000	At., T. & S. F.	59½	60½	59½	60½
40	At., T. & S. F. pf.	89½	90½	89½	89½
2,100	Balt. & Ohio	82½	83½	82	82½
3,200	Brook. R. T.	45½	46½	45½	46½
200	Can. Pacific	125½	126	124½	125½
200	Ches. & Ohio	12½	12½	11½	12½
20	Chi. & Alton	21½	22½	21½	22½
20	Chi. Gt. West.	15½	17	15½	16½
36,300	Chi., M. & St. P.	140½	142½	138½	141½
50	Col. Fuel & I.	42	42	42	42
50	Col. Southern	14	15	14	14½
1,000	Erie	27½	28½	27	27½
50	Erie 1st pf.	50½	50½	50½	50½
20	Ill. Central	132	132	132	132
540	Louis. & Nash.	104	105½	104	105½
200	Manhattan	125½	125½	125½	125½
200	Met. Street	114	115	113½	113½
670	Mex. Central	15	15	14½	14½
20	Mex. N.	19½	19½	19½	19½
20	Mex. Nat.	10½	10½	10½	10½
12,400	N. Y. Central	121½	122½	121	122½
1,400	N. Y., C. & W.	24½	24½	23½	23½
210	Nor. & West.	67½	67½	67½	67½
4,300	Penn. R. R.	122½	124½	122½	124½
100	People's Gas	118½	118½	118½	118½
13,100	Reading	57½	59½	56	56
110	Rep. Iron & S.	12½	12½	12½	12½
4,010	Rock Island	24½	25½	24½	24½
1,870	St. Paul	141½	142½	140½	140½
1,570	So. Railway	21½	22	21½	21½
30	So. Railway pf.	52½	52½	52½	52½
1,600	Tenn. Coal & I.	39½	39	38½	39½
100	Texas & Pac.	24½	24½	24½	24½
13,200	Union Pacific	97½	99½	96½	99½
470	U. S. Leather	7½	8	7½	7½
9,600	U. S. Steel	49½	50½	49½	50½
400	Wabash	22½	22½	22½	22½
2,000	Wabash pf.	24½	24½	24½	24½
10	Western Union	83½	83½	83½	83½
52,100					

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 13.—Incorporated to-day:

Assembly Catering and Supply Company, Brooklyn; capital, $100,000. Directors—F. W. Smith, E. H. Crannell, and W. E. Hoffman, Brooklyn.

Union Brights and Fire Company, New York; capital, $100,000. Directors—S. W. Whitney, Albany, and James D. Smith and M. H. Schanzenbach, New York.

Public Welfare Recruitment Institution, New York, (securities); capital, $50,000. Directors—Nathan Lubow, Jacob Mahlbert, and S. W. Lubow, New York.

Middle Floor Company, New York; capital, $50,000. Directors—A. F. Donnelstein and Emma F. Donnelstein, Yonkers, and S. F. Donnelstein, New York.

Myer Strasburger & Co., Incorporated, New York, real estate; capital, $5,000. Directors—Myer Strasburger, New York, and Max Dreyfus and Elias Strauss, Brooklyn.

INCORPORATED IN NEW JERSEY.

The American Third Rail Company, Jersey City; capital, $100,000. Incorporators—William Grasser, Jr., George E. Canterey, and Marshall Van Winkle.

The Consolidated Registry Company, Jersey City; capital, $100,000. Incorporators—Arthur R. Archibald, William H. Cumminsky, and Joseph Shelton.

The Producer Gas Apparatus Company, Jersey City; capital, $25,000. Incorporators—Frank C. Byron, Wallace Peck, Edward Lord Clark, John E. Stringham, and Philip Farnsworth.

The General Traction Company, Camden; capital, $1,000,000. Incorporators—J. Benson, George A. Aldrich, and Charles G. Willis.

Incorporated in Delaware.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 13.—These charters were secured at the State House to-day:

Coast Manufacturing and Supply Company, to manufacture and sell compounds, dynamite and other explosives; capital, $1,000,000. Incorporators—Henry R. Bringhurst, Jr., Reuben Satterthwaite, Jr., and William D. Jones, Jr., of Wilmington.

Canary Mining and Milling Company of Philadelphia; capital, $500,000.

Mexico Buys Railroad Stock.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Aug. 13.—It is reported in high financial circles of Mexico that the Mexican Government has just purchased 100,000 shares of stock of the Mexican Central Railway Company. The purchase is said to have been made through the firm of Speyer & Co. of New York. This will give the Mexican Government a voice in the management of the property, and is another important step in the plan of acquiring control of all the railroads in Mexico.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—There have been showers in the Southern States, the Central valleys, the middle slope, the middle plateau, and on the Northern Pacific Coast; elsewhere during the past twenty-four hours the weather has been fair.

Temperatures have risen in the Northwest and Central West, and in the Gulf States; elsewhere they have changed but little.

There will be showers or rain Friday in the Middle South Atlantic and Gulf States, the Ohio Valley, and the extreme Northwest, and on Saturday quite generally from the slope region eastward. In the extreme West the weather will be fair. It will be warmer Friday in the Mississippi Valley and cooler in the Gulf States and the Northwest. It will be cooler Saturday in the Upper Mississippi Valley, the middle and northern slope, and the Pacific region.

On the New England coast winds will be fresh southwest, becoming variable; on the Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh and variable, though mostly east; on the South Atlantic Coast, including east to the Gulf Coast they will shift to north and slowly increase in force; on the upper lakes, light to fresh northeast to east.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have fresh winds, mostly southwest to west, with fair weather, to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

District of Columbia, Maryland, and Delaware: showers Friday and probably Saturday; fresh northeast to east winds.

New Jersey: partly cloudy Friday; light to fresh variable winds; Saturday showers.

Eastern Pennsylvania, fair in northern, showers in southern portion Friday; variable winds; Saturday showers.

Virginia, showers Friday, Saturday rain; east winds, increasing by Saturday.

Western New York, partly cloudy Friday; light to fresh south winds, becoming variable; Saturday showers.

New England, fair Friday; Saturday fair in northern, showers in southern portion; light to fresh southwesterly winds, becoming variable.

North Carolina, showers Friday; Saturday rain; fresh south to east winds, slowly increasing.

South Carolina, showers Friday and probably Saturday; fresh south to east winds, slowly increasing.

North and South Dakota, showers and cooler Friday; Saturday fair.

Western New York, fair Friday; Saturday showers; light to fresh east winds.

Western Pennsylvania, partly cloudy Friday; showers in southern portion; Saturday showers; light to fresh northeast to east winds.

Illinois, fair Friday; cooler in west portion; Saturday cooler and partly cloudy, with showers in east portion; fresh east winds, becoming variable.

West Virginia, rain Friday and probably Saturday.

LOCAL FORECAST.—Partly cloudy to-day, showers to-morrow; light to fresh south winds, becoming variable.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from THE NEW YORK TIMES thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1903.	1902.
3 A. M.	61	69
6 A. M.	60	68
9 A. M.	70	71
12 M.	76	81
3 P. M.	77	77
6 P. M.	76	75
9 P. M.	72	68
12 P. M.	69	67

THE TIMES's thermometer is 6 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is 165 feet above the street level.

Average temperatures yesterday were as follows:

Printing House Square	71½
Weather Bureau	69
Corresponding date 1902	72
Corresponding date for last 25 years	73

The barometer registered 29 degrees at 3 A. M. and 70 degrees at 3 P. M. yesterday, the maximum being 74 degrees at 9 P. M. and the minimum 60 degrees at 6 A. M. The humidity was

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Some Gilt-Edged Leasing Transactions —Tremont Baptist Church Sells Its Chapel to a Jewish Congregation.

Mandelbaum & Lewine have resold to a firm of builders 314 to 318 East Houston Street, running through to 107 to 111 First Street, old buildings, 50 by 58 and 50 by 45. The property will be improved by the putting up of a six-story flat.

Max Marx has sold to Jacob Steiner 163 West One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street, a five-story double flat, 27 by 99.11.

Charles Rubinger & Co. have sold for Samuel Sachs 60 East Fourth Street, a six-story tenement, 25 by 100.

Slawson & Hobbs report the following rentals: No. 378 West End Avenue, for H. W. Parsons, to Mrs. Dyer; 5 West Eighty-fourth Street, for Mr. McMoran, to Mr. Weiner; 46 West Seventy-first Street, for Mr. Herrman, to Percy Strauss; 255 West Seventy-second Street, for W. B. Hooley, to R. Billings; 310 West End Avenue, for Louisa Nevius, to H. M. Carpenter, and 336 West Eighty-fourth Street, for Nathaniel Tuttle, to Frederick Goldsmith.

The Washington Real Estate Company has sold for Harrih Beaver the five-story double flat 151 West One Hundred and Thirty-second Street, 25 by 100.

Nathan Hutkoff sold 234 to 238 East Fifty-eighth Street, an apartment house, and not, as reported, 1,437 and 1,439 Madison Avenue.

The widow of Sir Roderick Cameron has leased for a term of years the four-story dwelling on the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, 25 by 86.9, and it will be altered for business purposes.

Nichols & Lummis and Douglas Robinson and C. S. Brown & Co. have leased for Arthur A. Carey to Blaine & Schotz 11 and 13 East Thirty-fourth Street, 50 by 99.9, for twenty years, at an aggregate rental of $325,000. Blaine & Schotz will build a seven-story fire-proof loft building on the lots. The property was leased to this firm for ten years to be altered, but the lease was abrogated.

Dr. E. M. L. Bristol has, through L. J. Libby, leased to H. J. Braker, for twenty-one years, at a rental that aggregates $84,000, 42 West Thirty-fifth Street, a three-story brownstone dwelling.

The Tremont Baptist Church, which is to build at Tremont Avenue and One Hundred and Seventy-sixth Street, has sold its place of worship, a two-story frame chapel, with ten lots, on the west side of Washington Avenue, 45 feet north of One Hundred and Seventy-fifth Street, to the Descendants of Jacob, a Jewish congregation.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

506 Pearl Street, northwest corner of Elm Street, 25 by 100, five-story brick building; partition sale, withdrawn.

205 East One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, north side, 85 feet east of Third Avenue, 30 by 100.10 and irregular, five-story brick tenement; foreclosure sale, to William Golden $25,000

By James L. Wells.

167 West Twenty-fifth Street, north side, 75 feet east of Seventh Avenue, 20 by 78.9, five-story brick tenement, with extension; foreclosure sale withdrawn.

To-day's Auction Sales.

The only sale at auction scheduled to-day at 161 Broadway is the following:

By Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co., foreclosure sale, George H. Hart, referee, 350 East Eighty-fifth Street, south side, 181.6 feet west of Avenue B, 16.6 by 102.2, two-story stone-front dwelling. Due on judgment, $5,742.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

No. 86 Spring Street, for a one-story brick store, 20 by 67.6; J. Winterbottom of 196 Spring Street, owner; L. C. Maurer of 605 West Twenty-sixth Street, architect; cost, $4,000.

Nos. 359 and 361 East Eighth Street, for a six-story brick flat, with stores, 50 by 74.7; G. Miller and another of 361 Sixth Avenue, owners; C. F. Pelham of 503 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $55,000.

No. 93 Madison Street, for a six-story brick tenement, with store; J. Polstein of 305 East Fifty-seventh Street, owner; G. F. Pelham, architect; cost, $22,750.

No. 444 East Thirteenth Street, for a six-story brick tenement, with stores, 24.8 by 90.2; E. Friedman of 150 East One Hundred and Fourteenth Street, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein of 72 Trinity Place, architects; cost, $30,000.

Nos. 344 to 354 West Broadway, for a sixteen-foot fence wall, 120.11 feet front; estate of D. Wendel of 175 Broadway, owner; J. B. Snook & Son of 203 Broadway, architects; cost, $1,000.

Amsterdam Avenue and Boulevard, One Hundred and Twentieth to One Hundred and Twenty-first Street, for a one-story brick greenhouse, 18 by 41.8; Columbia University, owner; T. W. Weathersell's Sons of 46 Marion Street, architects; cost, $1,200.

West Houston and Wooster Streets, southeast corner, for a nine-story brick factory; J. M. Brady and another of 132 Nassau Street, owners; Sass & Smallheiser of 23 Park Row, architects; cost, $75,000.

Sixth Street, north side, 400 feet east of Fourth Avenue, for a two-story frame dwelling, 18 by 34; Michele Pressa of 323 East First Street, owner; J. M. Lawrence, Prospect Avenue, architect; cost, $1,500.

Olin Avenue, north side, 175 feet east of Webster Avenue, for a one-story frame section house, 20 by 14; New York Central Railroad, owner; R. Wellesley Smith of Grand Central Station, architect; cost, $300.

Fort Washington Avenue, Boulevard Lafayette, and One Hundred and Sixty-second to One Hundred and Sixty-fifth Street, to a three-story brick and stone school; New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, owner; H. Fouchaux of Broadway and One Hundred and Sixty-second Street, architect; cost, $20,000.

No. 134 West Ninety-second Street, to a three-story brick dwelling; S. M. McPartland, premises, owner; W. H. Gompert of 2,761 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, architect; cost, $700.

No. 14 East One Hundred and Fourteenth Street, to a five-story brick tenement; J. Pinstein of 11 Rivington Street, owner; M. Zipkes of 35 Nassau Street, architect; cost, $2,000.

No. 237 Madison Avenue, to a four-story brick dwelling; R. H. L. Townsend, premises, owner; S. E. Gage of 3 Union Square, architect; cost, $700.

Nos. 250 and 252 East Fiftieth Street, to two four-story brick dwellings; J. Schriener, premises, owner; H. Kiun of 191 East Third Street, architect; cost, $6,000.

No. 301 East Fourteenth Street, to a five-story brick tenement, with store; W. Hoffman of 211 East Fifty-fifth Street, owner; F. Bayliss of 23 Bible House, architect; cost, $2,000.

Thirty-ninth Street, Broadway, and Fortieth Street and Seventh Avenue, to a seven-story brick theatre; Metropolitan Opera and Real Estate Company, owner; Currie & Hastings of 28 East Forty-first Street, architects; cost, $50,000.

No. 1,658 Third Avenue, to a five-story brick tenement, with store; S. Mehrbach of 56 East Seventy-second Street, owner; H. J. McVeity of 1,681 Third Avenue, architect; cost, $1,000.

No. 220 Chrystie Street, to a six-story brick tenement; J. Stern of 96 Broadway, owner; W. C. Sommerfeld of 19 Union Square, architect; cost, $1,500.

No. 350 Madison Street, to a five-story brick tenement, with store; Levinson & Cutler of 348 Madison Street, owners; H. Rockmore of 304 East Broadway, architect; cost, $2,500.

No. 132 West One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, to a seven-story brick flat; F. Falk of 62 East Seventy-fourth Street, owner; W. Rouse of 1,207 Park Avenue, architect; cost, $2,000.

No. 286 Fifth Avenue, to four-story brick lofts; A. M. Clark of Cooperstown, N. Y., owner; F. F. King of 384 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, architect; cost, $1,000.

No. 22 East One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, to a five-story brick tenement, with store; S. Bernstein, premises, owner; N. Lange of 211 East One Hundred and Third Street, architect; cost, $1,500.

Nos. 312 and 314 East Twenty-second Street, to a five-story brick factory; Abbate & Alime of 30 Spring Street, owners; A. G. Reichlin of 220 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $800.

No. 26 Suffolk Street, to a five-story and basement brick tenement, with store; M. Pfalinger of 44 Attorney Street, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $2,500.

One Hundred and Eighty-first Street, northeast corner of Mohican Avenue, two-story and basement frame dwelling, 25.6 by 39.5; James T. Lyons, premises, owner; Franz Wolfgang of 787 East One Hundred and Seventy-seventh Street, architect; cost, $350.

Webster Avenue, east side, opposite Oliver Place, one-story frame freight house, 40 by 16; New York Central, owner; R. Wellesley Smith of the Grand Central Station, architect; cost, $1,000.

First Street, west side, 150 feet south of Eighteenth Avenue, one-story frame greenhouse, 218 by 37; William Nilsson of Nineteenth Avenue and the Harlem Railroad, owner; George H. Budlong of 31 West Thirty-third Street, architect; cost, $1,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Thursday, Aug. 13.

AVENUE D, s w corner of 4th St, runs s 35.2x w 62x s 25.2x w 18x n 70.4x e 81; Israel Lippmann to John Katzman, (mtge $55,000,) other consideration and 100

AVENUE D, w s, 70.4 ft s of 4th St, runs s 39.7x w 100x n 22x e 19x n 17.7x e 81; Israel Lippmann to John Katzman, (mtg $42,808,) other consideration and $100

BOWERY, 9, w s, 16.10x80x12.6x79.10; Isaac Helfer to David Moscovitch, (mtg $10,000) .... Nom.

BOWERY, 257½, e s, 13.7x75.7x12.6x75.9; Russell E. Burke and another to Annie C. Ward, B. & S., all liens .... Nom.

BUTLER PLACE, s e s, 26 ft n e of Green Av, 26.6x100; Anna M. Newbold to Caroline Haas 300

BROOME ST, 42 and 44, n s, 38.6x75; Duetscher Spar und Credit Verein to Samuel Goldberger, (mtg $41,000) 47,500

CLAY AV, 1,056, e s, 37x80; Ernest Wenigmann to Anna Weber .... Nom.

CLIFTON ST, n s, 212.10 ft e of Forest Av, 28.6x47.6; Lawrence Davis and another to Isaac L. Goldstein, (mtg $3,000) .... Nom.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 392, 25x100; William Call to Fanny E. Call, other consideration and 100

CEDAR AV, w s, being Lots 14 and 15, map auction sale, estate of Mary F. Chrystie, 41.4x122.6x25.2x117.6; Charles L. Hoffman, referee, to John Martin 3,200

FOREST AV, w s, 139 ft n of 158th St, 14x 87.6; Matilda S. Davis to James G. Patton, (mtg $2,500) .... Nom.

IRVING PLACE, n w s, 27 ft n of 17th St, 20x100; Clemence S. B. Fish to Charles F. de Casanova, B. & S., other consideration and 100

IRVING PLACE, n w s, 27 ft n of 17th St, 20x100; Charles F. de Casanova to William C. Church, B. & S., other consideration and 100

JACKSON AV, w s, 216.5 ft n of 158th St, 20.5x75; James G. Patton to Matilda S. Davis, (mtg $3,500) .... Nom.

LOT 82, map of Van Nest Park; Angelo Rezzano to Azzimiro Bollati and another .... Nom.

LOT 307, map of Van Nest Park; Charles J. Railly to Charles Knauf, other consideration and 100

MARKET ST, w s, part of Lot 458, map of Hendrick Rutgers, 18x44; Annie Dembinsky to Christina M. Gardner, (mtg $6,500,) other consideration and 100

ROGERS PLACE, w s, 633.4 ft n of Westchester Av, 16.6x82x16.6x81.1; William G. Watt to James G. Patton, (mtg ——) 50

RIVINGTON ST, s s, 60 ft e of Lewis St, 25x100; Rosa Cohn to Harris Richman and another, (mtg $16,500,) other consideration and 100

VANDERBILT AV EAST, s w s, 373 ft n of Tsalmadge St, 125x150; Mary A. Costello to Union Mason and Construction Company, quitclaim .... Nom.

WALKER ST, 88 and 90, n s, 49.3x88.3x 49.7x82.7; Phenix Realty Corporation to Terence F. McGuire, (mtg $90,000) .... Nom.

WALKER ST, 88 and 90, n s, 49.3x88.3x 49.7x82.7; Terence F. McGuire to Phenix Realty Corporation, (mtg $100,000) .... Nom.

WALKER ST, 88 and 90, n s, 49.3x88.3x 49.7x82.7; Phenix Realty Corporation to Terence F. McGuire, (mtg $100,000) .... Nom.

UNION AV, s w s, at s e s of 8th St, 52.10x100, Westchester; Charles Knauf to Eugene E. Geary, (mtg $2,500,) other consideration and 100

1ST ST, s s, 150 ft w of Avenue A, 25x 58.2x25.2x59; Harred A. Chapman to Harris Mandelbaum and another, 1-3 part, all title 4,666

1ST ST, s s, 150 ft w of Avenue A, 25x 58.2x25.2x59; Alice C. King to Harris Mandelbaum and another, 1-3 part, all title 4,666

1ST ST, s s, 150 ft w of Avenue A, 25x 58.2x25.2x59; Charles S. Chapman and others, by guardian, to Harris Mandelbaum and another, 1-3 part, all title, (mtg 1-3 of $2,000) 4,666

2D AV, w s, 84.2 ft s of 100th St, 15.1x 100; Felicia Farley to Harris Mandelbaum and another, all title, (mtg $10,000) 16,000

3D AV, e s, 101.1 ft s of 90th St, 25x100; Sarah A. McCloud to Frank J. Sinnott .... Nom.

5TH AV, n s, w ½ of Lot 1,060, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Jacob Lichtstein to Marvin H. Payne, (mtg $2,500) .... Nom.

6TH ST, 331 to 335, 75x90.9; Annie McCullough and others to Charles Breuer and another, all title .... Nom.

6TH ST, 331 to 335, 75x90.9; William H. Breuer, by guardian, and another to Charles Breuer and another, all title 10,500

104TH ST, 1,027 East, 20x74.7; the Washington Bank to Knickerbocker Trust Company, all liens, B. & S. 5,000

104TH ST, 1,027 East, 20x74.7; James E. Brown to Knickerbocker Trust Company, quitclaim .... Nom.

17TH ST, n s, 476.8 ft w of 6th Av, 68.10x 92.1x68.10x92; Hudson Realty Company to William E. Jacobs, (mtg $88,000,) other consideration and 100

17TH ST, n s, 411.8 ft w of 6th Av, 65x 92; Hudson Realty Company to Conrad F. Kruse and another, (mtg $35,000,) other consideration and 100

20TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 22.6x 98.9; Lillian B. Dreux to Mary H. Buchan, (mtg $10,500) 17,000

35TH ST, n s, 375 ft e of 6th Av, all land lying e of said line, —x69.9; Bradford Realty Company to Elmer S. Messinger, quitclaim .... Nom.

76TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Avenue A, 25x 102.2; Joseph Penny to Hyman Silberstein, (mtg $14,000) .... Nom.

80TH ST, s s, 57 ft w of Avenue A, 20x 100.8; Elizabeth Grunder to Mary J. Uhlein .... Nom.

126TH ST, n s, 140 ft e of Park Av, 50x 99.11; Mary K. Owen to James N. Webb, (mtg $19,000) 100

155TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 75x75x77.10x50.9; Lawrence J. Rock to Max Marx, other consideration and 100

200TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 107x99.11; Thomas L. Reynolds to the Manhattan Real Estate and Building Association, (mtg $18,000) .... Nom.

200TH ST, s s, 207 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x99.11; Mary E. Strasburg to the Manhattan Real Estate and Building Association .... Nom.

Recorded Leases.

AMSTERDAM AV, 62; Magdalena Beris to Rothschild Brothers & Co., 3 years $900

ELIZABETH ST, 290; David W. Dasian to Pietro Raineri, 3 years 1,800

1ST AV, 389; Catherine Witt to Daniel Young, 2 years 660

2D AV, 2,101; Alfred L. M. Bullowa to Maria G. Martinaro, 3 years 1,980

2D AV, 2,218; Mark Cohn to Gioranthino Vigorito, 5 4-12 years 1,500

2D AV, 4,417; Patrick Monahan to Henry S. Reuther, 3 years $420, 600

3D AV, 2,714, e s; Katharine S. Du Bois to Charles S. Levy, 5 years 1,020

57TH ST, 304 East; Rose Forst and another to David L. Falig, 3 years 3,300

60TH ST, 311 East; Louisa Butscher to Antonio Battaglia, 4 years 1,300

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ALDRICH, Elizabeth, to Rawson & Gerard B. Underhill, executors and trustees; Murray St, 18, n s, 1 year, 4 per cent. $20,000

BERKOWITZ, Julius, to Edward B. Renwick; Lexington Av, s e corner of 109th St, 5 years 14,000

BAILEY, Thomas, to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 164th St, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 3 years 15,000

BONN, Michael, to Abraham Herzenberg; Monroe St, 247, n s, due Feb. 12, 1904, 6 per cent. 2,000

BREUER, Joseph, and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 333 East 6th St, 4½ per cent. 16,000

BOROWSKY, Samuel, and another to Seymour Realty Company; 51st St, 224 East, due Aug. 1, 1906, 4½ per cent. 15,000

BOLLATI, Azzimiro, and another to Angelo Rezzano; Lot 82, map of Van Nest Park, 2 years 350

BERKOWITZ, Julius, to Bernard and Sarah Brachman; Lexington Av, s e corner of 109th St, prior mtg $14,000 2,000

COHEN, Harris, and another to Hugh R. Hill, trustee; Rivington St, 86, n e corner of Orchard St, 5 years, gold 37,500

COHEN, Harris, and another to Hugh R. Hill, trustee; East Broadway, 260 to 272, s s, collateral, 5 years 1,500

COHEN, Herman, to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 36 St, 60 West, 5 years 20,000

DE CASANOVA, Charles F., to Clemence S. B. Fish; Irving Place, w s, 27 ft s of 17th St, 3 years, 4 per cent. 30,000

DAVIS, Matilda S., to James G. Patton; Jackson Av, w s, 216.5 ft n of 158th St, 5 years 1,000

GOLDBERGER, Samuel, to Deutscher Spar und Credit Verein; Broome St, 42 and 44, 2 years, 6 per cent. 6,000

GEARY, Eugene E., to Charles Knauf; Union Av, s w s, at s e s of 8th St, prior mtg $2,500, due April 11, 1904 1,000

HURWITZ, Meyer, to H. W. Schlesinger; 18th St, 415 East, leasehold; 7th St, 100, leasehold, ½ part, instalments, 6 per cent. 750

HOLDING, William F., to Annie C. Alexander; Fordham, or King's Bridge, Road, s s, 144.11 ft n w of Fordham, or King's Bridge, Road, 3 years 6,000

JACOBS, William E., to Hudson Realty Company; 17th St, n s, 476.8 ft w of 6th Av, prior mtg $88,000, 1 year, 6 per cent. 12,000

KRUSE, Conrad F., and another to Hudson Realty Company; 17th St, n s, 411.8 ft w of 6th Av, prior mtg $55,000, 1 year, 6 per cent. 35,000

KRUSE, Conrad F., and another to Hudson Realty Company; 17th St, n s, 411.8 ft w of 6th Av, prior mtg $70,000, 1 year, 6 per cent. 80,000

KATZMAN, John, to Israel Lippmann; Avenue D, w s, 70.4 ft s of 4th St, instalments, 6 per cent. 12,500

KRETCHMAN, Zella, to William A. Ross; Van Corlears Place, s s, 80 ft n e of Jacobus Place, demand, 6 per cent. 800

KATZMAN, John, to Israel Lippmann; Avenue D, s w corner of 4th St, prior mtg $55,000, due Sept. 15, 1905, 6 per cent. 16,000

McGUIRE, Terence F., to William E. Bagley; Walker St, 88 and 90, 3 years 5,000

McGUIRE, Terence F., to William E. Bagley; Walker St, 88 and 90, 1 year 5,000

McGUIRE, Terence F., to Mabel G. Decker; Walker St, 88 and 90, prior mtg $90,000, 1 year 10,000

MOSCOVITCH, David, to Edward Rafter; Bowery, 9, 3 years, 6 per cent. 2,000

McKIERNAN, Francis E., to Laurence S. Casey; Clinton Av, e s, 22 ft n of Oakland Place, 1 year, 6 per cent. 800

MANDELBAUM, Harris, and another to Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States; 1st St, s s, 150 ft w of Avenue A, due Jan. 1, 1904, gold 11,000

MARTIN, John, to Francis J. Ryan; Cedar Av, w s, 396 ft s of land of Lewis G. Morris, 1 year 3,000

NOBLE, James, and another to Thomas B. A. Haff; Riverside Drive, e s, 28 ft s of 88th St, prior mtg $40,000, demand 2,800

NIHLEIN, Mary J., to Dora Hally; 80th St, s s, 57 ft w of Avenue A, 5 years 5,000

FERNE, George W., to the Westchester Trust Company; Jerome Av, n w s, 517.8 ft s w of 190th St, 1 year, 6 per cent. 5,000

PECK, Elizabeth E., to American Mortgage Company; 54th St, 443 West, due Sept. 1, 1906 14,000

RICHMAN, Harris, and another to Rosa Cohen; Rivington St, s s, 60 ft e of Lewis St, instalments, 6 per cent. $6,500

RODGERS, John C., to Max Marx; Wendover Av, s s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 1 year 10,000

ROSENBERG, Joseph, and Jacob Feinberg to Franklin Savings Bank; 324 to 328 West 31st St, 5 years, 4½ per cent. 80,000

SILBERSTEIN, Hyman, to Joseph Penny; 76th St, s s, 150 ft w of Avenue A, prior mtg $14,000, instalments 1,500

SHEFFLIN, Margaret, to Daniel Shefflin; Ryer Av, s w corner of 181st St, 1 year, 6 per cent. 1,200

SILVERSON, Nathan, to Harris Mandelbaum and another; Houston St, 147 and 149, s w corner of Eldridge St, 1 year, 6 per cent., (prior mtg $67,000) 22,000

SINNOTT, Frank J., to Luke Kouwenhoven; 3d Av, 1,712, e s, due Nov. 1, 1906 6,000

THE FORTY-TWO BROADWAY COMPANY to the New York Security and Trust Company; 38 to 42 Broadway, e s, prior mtge $3,250,000, due May 1, 1928, gold 1,500,000

THE EAST 187TH ST. UNITED PRESBYTERIAN Church of New York to the Board of Church Extension of the United Presbyterian Church of North America; 187th St, n w corner of Lorillard St, demand, 6 per cent. 5,000

TODD, James, to George Ehret; 7th Av, 341, s e corner of 29th St, prior mtg $3,718, demand, 6 per cent. 1,750

UNION MASON AND CONSTRUCTION Company to James M. Wentz; Park Av, e s, 50 ft n of 181st St, demand, 6 per cent. 21,250

WENIGMAN, Ernest, to Ann Hill; Clay Av, e s, 384 ft n of 165th St, 3 years 7,500

WILKENS, Ernest A. W., to Meta Rohdenberg, trustee; Alexander Av, e s, 80 ft n of 139th St, 5 years, 4 per cent. 4,000

WEINSTEIN, Charles I., to Harris Mandelbaum and another; Macdougal St, 50, e s, prior mtg $16,000, 1 year, 6 per cent. 10,000

WOODIN, William H., to Mutual Life Insurance Company; 73d St, n s, 325 ft e of Park Av, due Sept. 1, 1906 18,000

Assignments of Mortgages.

AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY to Trustees of Church of Holy Innocents 4,500

BOTT, Kaspar, to Johanna Bott 1

GERLACH, Philip, to Louisa Miccolino 1

LIPPMANN, Israel, to Pincus Lowenfeld and another 10,000

NORTH AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY to Julia A. Smith 1

NORTH AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY to Julia A. Smith 1

RAFTER, Edward, to Isaac Lowenfeld 10,000

SMITH, Edmond R., executor and trustee, to North American Trust Company 1

SMITH, Edmond R., executor and trustee, to North American Trust Company 1

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMPANY to Selmar Hess 25,000

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMPANY to Henry Burden, trustee 20,000

WEINSTEIN, Max, to Harris Mandelbaum and another 100

Mechanics' Liens.

BRISTOW AV, w s, 75 ft n of Jennings St, 75x87.3, and Jennings St, n s, 87.3 ft w of, 25x174x irregular; Standard Plumbing Supply Company against A. Kaufman, owner; Habeck & Fajans, contractors $400

BROOME ST, 214 to 220; Greenberg & Blumenstein Iron Works against Jacob Levy, owner; Morris Somock and Michael Alper, contractors 1,914

MADISON AV and 60th St, s e corner, 40x100; Bramhall Deane Company against Madison Avenue Real Estate Company, owner and contractor 975

3D AV, 4,001 and 4,003; Richard E. Thibaut, Incorporated, against Samuel D. Rosenfeld, owner and contractor 204

11TH ST, s s, 90 ft e of West St, 40x 100; Genevese Leonardi and another against T. M. Stemmler, owner; Lane & Treadle, contractors 150

16TH ST, 3 East; Allan Hudson against Samuel Hellman and another, owners; Elm Café Company, contractor 265

134TH ST, 242 and 244 West; Peter Poland against John R. Simpson, owner and contractor 150

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS, UNDER CHAPTER 76, LAWS OF 1900.

GARFIELD ST, w s, 100 ft s of Morris Park Av, 20x100; George and Maria Burckhardt loan to Charles Knauf $2,000

17TH ST, n s, 411.8 ft w of 6th Av, 65x 92; Hudson Realty Company loans to Conrad F. Kruse and W. Stanley Baker 30,000

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

AVENUE D, 29, 31, 37, and 39; Adolph Schwartz against Louis Lippman and another, Aug. 1, 1903 .... $2,300

98TH ST, n s, 80 ft w of West End Av, 100x100.11; Thomas J. Lewis against William H. Beard, May 15, 1903 447

Lis Pendens.

FULTON AV, 1,540; Luigi de Biasi against Theophilus G. Smith, trustee, and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Williamson.

LAFAYETTE ST, s s, whole front between West Farms Road and Railroad Av, Bronx; Harlem Savings Bank against James W. Hyde, executor, and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. B. Wightman.

MADISON AV, 1,540; Samuel K. Jacobs and another against Hattie Greenberg, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. L. Jacobs.

MORRIS AV, w s, 71.6 ft n of 170th St, 55.6x86; three actions; Thomas B. Hidden, trustee, against Ralph C. Bullard and another, (foreclosure of three mortgages;) attorney, G. B. Hamlin.

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, e s, 55 ft n of 2d St, 25x80; Christian Verndrau against George T. Ballard and another, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, O. E. Davis.

SOUTH WASHINGTON SQUARE, 40, and 5th St, 17 West; Zoe Theobold against Catherine Smith and another, (partition;) attorney, J. T. Cameron.

2D AV, w s, 42 ft s of 90th St, 25x100; Frederick Reuter against Vincent Horky and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Simpson, Werner & Cardozo.

7TH AV and 146th St, s w corner, 99.11x100; Berry B. Simons and another against William H. Livingston, (action to recover one-quarter interest, &c.;) attorney, J. C. Weschler.

35TH ST, s s, 220 ft e of 8th Av, 25x98.9; John F. Devanie and another against William J. Leitch and another, (partition;) attorney, J. E. Kelly.

35TH ST, n s, 231 ft e of 8th Av, 19x98.9; Metropolitan Life Insurance Company against Charles La C. Hoff and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Ritch, Woodford, Bovee & Butcher.

104TH ST, 406 to 410 East; City of New York against John Bottomley and another; 18th St, 315 East, same against Frederick K. Germann and another, two actions, (violations of building laws;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

121ST ST, 440 and 442 East; Selig B. Neuberger against Henry Gundlach and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wolf, Kohn & Ullman.

123D ST and Morningside Av, s e corner, 100x 100.11; Henry E. Stevens, Jr., against the Home Realty Company, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Otis & Pressinger.

165TH ST and Intervale Av, s w corner, 40.3x 111.3x irregular; Frederick E. Steeg against Maria G. de Matteo and another, (specific performance;) attorney, S. Williamson.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

New York City.

TYBRING & CO.—A meeting of the creditors of Thomas B. Tybring, doing business as Tybring & Co., manufacturer of cloaks and suits at 7 East Seventeenth Street and 10 East Eighteenth Street, was held yesterday at the office of Hays & Hershfield, attorneys, 141 Broadway. The assets are $15,000 and the liabilities only $9,000, but many of the outstanding accounts do not become due until Sept. 1, and the creditors agreed to extend the time of settlement until Oct. 1, offering to assist Mr. Tybring in any way possible.

BERNHARDT W. WILKENS.—Deputy Sheriff Govan has received an attachment against Bernhardt W. Wilkens, a silk manufacturer at Providence, R. I., for $1,989, in favor of Salvator Cacciannini, for merchandise sold to him, and was served on a commission merchant here. It is alleged that on June 26 he formed the Wilkens Silk Company and transferred all his assets to it, to put them out of reach of his creditors.

JOSEPH BENJAMIN.—Schedules in the assignment of Joseph Benjamin, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 12 Fulton Street, show liabilities of $2,353, nominal assets of $1,051, and actual assets of $578.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

HENRY A. BUTT.—Judge Hall of the United States District Court has appointed John Widdecombe receiver in bankruptcy of the assets of Henry A. Butt, grocer at 1,611 Third Avenue.

JACOB REHFELD.—Jacob Rehfeld, a clerk residing at 186 Broome Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,030 and no assets. The debts were contracted in 1895 in the marble business.

DURWOOD H. MARTIN.—Durwood H. Martin of 368 West Forty-sixth Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities to the amount of $4,316, and no assets. He was formerly a partner in the firm of Martin & Co., painters and decorators, at 492 Sixth Avenue, which was dissolved a few months ago.

LEWIS COHEN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Lewis Cohen, painter and paper hanger at 163 Sixth Avenue, by the following creditors: F. E. James & Co., $627; Standard Wall Paper Company of Sandy Hill, N. Y., $394, and Benton Heath & Co. of Hoboken, $483. It was alleged that he committed an act of bankruptcy by making an assignment on July 8.

LEE A. OCHS.—Lee A. Ochs, a clerk residing at 152 East Sixty-first Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,231 and no assets. The debts were contracted in 1902, when he was in the men's furnishing goods business at 1,146 Broadway. Among the creditors are Frederick Ayer of Lowell, Mass., $1,875; Cluett, Peabody & Co., $1,295, and the Crown Suspender Company, $166.

MCKEE & HARRINGTON.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Joseph McKee and Charles Harrington, who compose the firm of McKee & Harrington, manufacturers of bicycles at 123 Warren Street, by the Pennsylvania Rubber Company, a creditor for $604 for rubber tires. It was alleged that while insolvent they transferred a part of their property and made an assignment on July 27.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

ALFRENGE, Joseph R.—A. Manello $146
ANDERSON, William—City of New York 102
BROWN, Charles O.—Weaver Coal and Coke Company 383
BOLLES, Charles I.—Carlton Hotel Company 80
BAUMGOLD, Morris—C. F. Kastenhuber and another 94
BARR, Frank H., James Thaw, Alexander Fraser, and the American National Bank—New York Steel and Iron Company, costs 203
BROWNE, Robert—H. M. Boyd 147
CRONK, Lewis M.—City of New York 237
CASE, David K., individually and as trustee—C. T. Geyer 190
CAMPBELL, Horace J.—H. C. Ryan 84
DUDLEY, David B.—M. W. Field, trustee 71
DELTERDING, William and Sarah B.—A. Wurtenburg 258
EVANS, Augustus V.—Martin B. Brown Company 30
FRANZ, Bertha—Metropolitan Street Railway Company, costs 108
FORD, James—City of New York 50
FILLOCCO, Angelo—I. E. Pasternack 50
GARRISON, Howard—City of New York 178
GUERINEAU, William S.—I. Grabou 121
HAHN, Charles and Bertha—G. Schaefer 534
HAYES, Kate—Simpson-Crawford Company 277
HESSELSON, Charles P.—Howard & Fuller Brewing Company 31
HART, Max—W. P. Long, trustee 482
KOMBERG, Samuel, Wolf Meistrich, and Harris Kirschner—F. E. Perham 581
LEAVEY, Ferd J.—J. W. Dunston and another 167
LANGLEY, John—W. P. Long, trustee 247
LONG CLOVE TRAP ROCK COMPANY, John O. Millet, Charles A. Brown, and John Fleming—Bank of Montclair 1,046
MARTIN, Thomas—Meyer Sniffin Company, Limited 528
MARZ, Frederick—C. Feigenspan 1,615
MARTIN, John—City of New York 50
McCORMICK, George—Metropolitan Street Railway Company, costs 78
THE TRIPLER LIQUID AIR COMPANY of New York—W. H. Dickerson 330
JOHN KRANK JEWELRY COMPANY—A. Krower 842
PORTERFIELD, Charles R.—V. Schmitt 138
PORTERFIELD, Charles R.—P. J. Sullivan 119
POST, Margaret—City of New York 86
POPE, Harry B.—City of New York 102
PIERCE, Edw. F.—J. F. Otto Meyer 239
RANKE, Mary L.—J. Francis, costs 22
ROSENTHAL, Emil—H. Koehler & Co. 169
STRAUSS, Edward—Acker, Merrall & Condit 100
SOULE, Chauncey M.—Read Fertilizer Company 137
SINNOTT, Thomas B.—A. Oppenheimer, costs 201
SMELEY, Charles E., Jr.—A. S. Schneider 184
STRAUSS, Edward—Acker, Merrall & Condit 100
STREIPLER, John and Peter—B. B. Simons and another 828
SIRE, Henry B.—Metropolitan Printing Company 727
SCHWARTZBARTH, Fannie—A. Suchowetsky 87
SHEEHAN, Mary—Metropolitan Street Railway Company, costs 118
SCHLERETH, George—City of New York 308
VAN BUREN, Charles, and Morris Ashner—V. Kolar and another 78
TUCKER, William G.—Ostrander Fire Brick Company 207
VOSBURGH, Charles P.—New York Telephone Company 114
VILES, Albert, receiver—E. Finnen 167
WEBER, Wolf—H. Rosaliner 73
WHITING, Charles W.—City of New York 102
WILLIS, Robert—City of New York 46

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Hurst, John E., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. J. Heldman, dress goods; Hotel Imperial.

Stewart Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; P. Gleason, laces, ribbons, corsets and jewelry; notions and leather goods, 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Imperial.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. M. O'Farrell, silks; W. G. Spoerl, furnishing goods; 115 Worth Street.

Lewis, A. T., & Son Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; Miss Kelly, muslin underwear, corsets, and infants' wear, 66 Worth Street; Park Avenue Hotel.

Denver Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; W. R. Owen, general buyer; 16 East Eighteenth Street.

Mandell Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; J. D. French, jewelry and leather goods; 480 Broome Street.

Guggenheimer, C. M., Lynchburg, Va.; J. W. F. Wood, cloaks, suits, and waists; 377 Broadway; Hotel Marlborough.

Schlesinger & Mayer, Chicago, Ill.; W. Schwartz, pictures; 377 Broadway.

Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; W. S. Paton, sporting goods; Winsonia Hotel.

Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; B. Knight, silks; 621 Broadway; Hotel Albert.

Nordhoff & Co., Seattle, Washington; Miss Call, millinery; 24 Grand Street; Hotel Earlington.

Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; Miss Ryan, underwear; 377 Broadway.

Solomon, K., & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; J. Zibro, cloaks and suits, 18 Astor Place; Hoffman House.

Strauss Brothers & Co., Richmond, Va.; L. L. Strauss, dry goods, 274 Church Street; Hoffman House.

Bledgett, Ordway & Webber, Boston, Mass.; E. K. Mumford, wool dress goods; St. Denis Hotel.

Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; W. S. Porter, carpets; A. G. Mitchell, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Lindeke, Warner & Schwermaier, St. Paul, Minn.; R. Warner, dry goods, 51 Leonard Street; Holland House.

Mistrot, G. A., & Co., Houston, Texas; G. A. Mistrot, notions and furnishing goods, 377 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Epstein, J., Baltimore, Md.; H. Kaufman, dry goods; Hoffman House.

Elsinger, W. H., & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; A. J. Jennings, infant's wear and muslin underwear; Hotel Navarre.

Milner, W. L., & Co., Toledo, Ohio; J. A. Corcoran, carpets and furniture; Hotel Marlborough.

"Fair," Chicago, Ill.; G. W. Montgomery, toys and sporting goods; Hotel Marlborough.

Walker Bros. Dry Goods Co., Salt Lake City, Utah; J. H. Belfus, dress goods and silks; 45 Lispenard Street; Hotel Vendome.

Strauss, Levi & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; G. W. Shorten, silks; J. F. Sprenger, linens; 196 West Broadway; Hotel Earlington.

Miller & Rhoads, Richmond, Va.; M. S. Rhoads, dry goods; L. O. Miller, dry goods, 330 Broadway; Hotel Earlington; T. Leigh, upholstery goods; New Amsterdam Hotel.

Whitney, William, & Co., Albany, N. Y.; M. McGrath, dress goods; 335 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.

Mure, A., St. Louis, cloaks and suits; St. Denis Hotel.

Feldenheimer, A., & Brother, Moberly, Mo.; I. Feldenheimer, dry goods; H. Mathews, dry goods; Wellington Hotel.

Hillman's, Chicago; E. C. Reger, dry goods; Hotel Belvedere; T. Johnson, dry goods; Hotel Albert.

Knox Brothers, Chicago; K. Creighton, corsets; 35 West Third Street.

Siegel-Cooper Company, Chicago; F. B. Fox, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.

Dolman, G., Chicago, muslin underwear; Hotel Wellington.

Shanahan, M., Chicago, art goods; Hotel Wellington.

Bloch, Joshua, Louisville, Ky., millinery; Hotel Albert.

Farwick & Auraden, Canton, Ohio; J. J. Auraden, department store; Broadway Central Hotel.

Alms & Doepke Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Mrs. C. C. Condon, millinery; Gregorian Hotel.

Woods, M. S., Danville, Ill.; millinery; 210 West Twenty-first Street.

Gimble Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; H. B. Boyes, department store; Roland House.

Kessler Brothers, Macon, Ga.; L. Kessler, dry goods; 38 Bond Street.

Beall-Livingstone Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio; George R. Carter, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Lyman Brothers, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; O. W. Lyman, millinery; Hoffman House.

Guldman, L. H., Denver, Col.; N. Cohen, department store; Hotel Albert.

Byrne & Hammer Dry Goods Company, Omaha, Neb.; Thomas C. Byrne, dry goods; Hotel Manhattan.

Welch, Charles F., & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Lena Cummings, dry goods; Eda Cummings, dry goods; Grenoble Hotel.

Feisenthal, H. M., Brownsville, Tenn.; dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

White, Alexander, Chicago, Ill.; silks; Hotel Albert.

"Famous," The, St. Louis, Mo.; Edward C. Bultz, dry goods; Victoria Hotel.

Bowsky, George, Brookham, Miss.; clothing; Hoffman House.

Bowsky, J., New Orleans, La.; Gabe Bowsky, clothing; Hoffman House.

Molloy, F., Fort Wayne, Ind.; May J. Ryan, millinery; Martha Washington Hotel.

Siegel-Cooper Company, Chicago, Ill.; B. Saunders, dry goods; Winsonia Hotel.

Mills Company, The, Ann Arbor, Mich.; E. F. Mills, garments; Park Avenue Hotel.

Quinn, H. J., Canton, Ohio; tailor; Victoria Hotel.

Joselin Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; Miss Mary Stanton, dry goods; 204 West Forty-fourth Street.

Western Reserve Woolen Company, Cleveland, Ohio; F. Reading, woolens; Imperial Hotel.

AT THE HOTELS.

WALDORF-ASTORIA—J. Lovering Jones, Philadelphia; William J. Hammond, New Orleans.

HOLLAND—Dr. H. M. Flick, Pittsburg.

IMPERIAL—D. D. McDonald, Galveston, Texas.

GRAND—J. E. Boutelle, United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

VICTORIA—William H. Bingham, Augusta, Ga.

ALBEMARLE—Senator William B. Allison, Iowa.

FIFTH AVENUE—J. A. Drake, Corning.

HOFFMAN—L. d'Lacy Bourke, London.

PLAZA—George B. Robinson, Bedford, N. Y.

NETHERLAND—F. H. McKeen, Washington.

HERALD SQUARE—George R. Carter, Columbus, Ohio.

NAVARRE—H. S. Evans, Pittsburg, Penn.

EARLINGTON—Major Charles Shaler, United States Army; Major Thomas Defrees, United States Army.

NORMANDIE—Dr. J. C. Perry, Washington.

EVERETT—Col. Henry L. Swords, Grand Army of the Republic.

ST. DENIS—Capt. W. C. R. Colquhoun, United States Army.

ASTOR—Edward Pope, Fort Wayne, Ind.

MANHATTAN—J. Walter Lovatt, Bethlehem, Penn.

MAJESTIC—D. W. Watson, Detroit.

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NELSON & FARLEY, Equinunk, Penn.

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THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

The Board of Engineers will proceed to Portland, Me., for duty pertaining to the army and navy manoeuvres to be held Aug. 25 to 29.

Second Lieut. Frank H. Adams, Sixteenth Infantry, will report to Major Francis French, Sixteenth Infantry, at Fort McPherson, for examination for promotion.

First Lieut. Robert O. Van Horn, Twelfth Infantry, will report at Vancouver Barracks for examination for promotion.

Second Lieut. George C. Lewis, Third Infantry, will report at Fort Thomas, Kentucky, for examination for promotion.

The retirement, Aug. 12, is announced of Brig. Gens. James Miller and John L. Tiernon.

Capt. Douglas Settle, Commissary, having reported his arrival at San Francisco, will report to Major Charles R. Krauthoff, purchasing commissary in that city, for duty as an assistant.

Capt. Frank Parker, Fifteenth Cavalry; First Lieut. John C. Oakes, Corps of Engineers, and First Lieut. Frank C. Jewell, Artillery Corps, are relieved from duty at the Military Academy.

Capt. Leonard D. Wildman, Signal Corps, will proceed to Portland, Me., for such duty as may be assigned to him.

Capt. Guy C. M. Godfrey, Assistant Surgeon, will proceed to Fort Apache for duty.

Navy.

Capt. C. H. Arnold is detached from the Wireless Telegraphy Board, Bureau of Equipment, and ordered to command the Puritan.

Lieut. G. E. Gilpin's resignation is accepted, to take effect Aug. 15.

Lieut. W. G. Miller is detached from the Wyoming and ordered to the Boston.

Lieut. L. McNamee is detached from the Yankton and ordered to the Florida.

Midshipman G. F. Blair is detached from the Pensacola and ordered to the Wyoming.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Arrivals—The Prairie, at Boston; the Caesar, at Rockland; the Vixen, at Portland; the Don Juan de Austria, at Che-Foo; the Montgomery and the Gloucester, at Montevideo.

Sailings—The Alabama, the Bainbridge, the Baltimore, the Barry, the Chauncey, the Dale, the Illinois, the Kearsarge, the Olympia, the Panther, the Potomac, the Stewart, the Texas, the Topeka, the Truxtun, the Whipple, the Worden, and the Yankee, from Frenchman Bay for Oyster Bay; the Adams, from San Diego for San Pedro; the Standish, from Annapolis for Oyster Bay.

The torpedo boat Winslow was placed out of commission and the torpedo boat Morris was placed in commission Aug. 11 at the New York yard.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR THE INvestment of Eighty Thousand Dollars ($80,000) in New York City real estate, (apartment building,) subject to low rate long time mortgage. Will net twelve per cent. (12%) per annum. The property is now owned by contending interests and must be sold. Principals only need apply to or address ALEXANDER S. FISHER, Attorney, 86 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Must sacrifice elegant 3-story arranged two-family brick house, near rapid transit, one-half block from Amsterdam Av.; easy terms. Cahn, 3,959 3d Av.

Opportunity.—$4,500 purchases Lenox Av. double; stores; 4½% mortgage; rapid transit increase, $2,500. Principals, Times, Harlem.

Fine 5-story single flat; all improvements; 3 floors and basement; for sale cheap. Inquire 2,352 Hoffman, near 183d St. station.

Plot 56x100 on East 51st St.; fine chance for investor. Frederick M. Wilson, 3d Av. and 138th St., S. W. corner, Room 15.

Actual Bargain.—Modern double tenement, West 46th St.; price, $16,500; rents, $1,945. Folsom Brothers, 335 Broadway.

West 46th St.—4-story flat; all improvements under new law; $20,000. John J. Hoeckl, 650 9th Av.

83d St.—20-ft. flat, $17,500. Stockdale & Julian, 2,752 Broadway.

Bronx.

2-family house; fine location; 158th St., near Cauldwell Av.; price, $7,500; mortgage, $5,500; must be sold to settle estate. Lawyer, 95 Nassau St., Room 416.

BENJ. H. IRVING,
494 BERGEN AVE., COR. 147TH ST.
BRONX PROPERTIES, EXCHANGING,
APPRAISING, MORTGAGES SECURED.

Large assortment 1-2-3 family houses, located throughout Bronx; easy terms. Cahn, 3,959 3d Av.

Lots, 187th St., East; terms; maps mailed; rapid transit; titles guaranteed. Rose, 32 West 42d.

$425 up, $5 monthly, Bronx lots, near 3d Av. L station. Shatskin, 748 East 171st St.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

HANDSOMELY DECORATED COLONIAL COTtage in Bay Ridge Park, for Sale or Exchange.—Above, with all modern improvements, 10 rooms and bath, parquet floors and hardwood trim, on neatly laid out and high grounds, 100x 80 feet, commanding extensive view, and within a few blocks of school. Apply Stewart, 72d St. and Fort Hamilton Av. Take 5th Av. Bay Ridge car in Brooklyn.

Flatbush lots $150, worth $300; must close estate immediately; splendidly improved neighborhood; easy terms; 25 minutes to bridge. Call Executor, 850 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

PAYS 11 PER CENT.
4-story double brick flat, 25x60x95; Albany Av.; price, $11,000; rents, $1,296; easy terms. Vernon Miller, 150 Nassau St.

LONG ISLAND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

SOUTH SHORE OF LONG ISLAND
LAND FOR SEASIDE HOMES
BELLE HARBOR

The natural summer home for the New York business man, between the Atlantic Ocean and the Bay. Within forty-five minutes of the city. Sewerage, gas, electric light, and water at your door. Land beautifully laid out, handsome summer villas now being built.

Apply for particulars to Dr. Thomas P. Hughes, Room 1,808, Commercial Cable Building, 20 Broad St., N. Y. Telephone, 7,740—Cortlandt, or on the property at Belle Harbor.

Port Jefferson, 300 acres woodland, $12 acre; 1,150 acres sold lately. Jones, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

NEW ENGLAND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

A.—Bargain; 150-acre farm, Franklin County, Massachusetts; twelve-room house; large new barn, henhouses, &c.; price, $3,000. Write to Gilbert Maynard, Warwick, Mass.

BERKSHIRE HILLS.—Furnished houses to lease for the Summer. Sanborn G. Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

NEW JERSEY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

Montclair.—In beautiful Marlboro Park, near "Park Street" (Erie) Station, school, &c.; only house left of twenty; rent, $720; bargain $8,000; easy terms; latest improvements, steam, gas, electricity, &c.; refined surroundings; other houses building; illustrated booklet free. Montclair Realty Co.

For Sale.—Farm of 196 acres, in Washington Valley, the garden spot of New Jersey; 3½ miles from Somerville, or Bound Brook. For particulars address Robert Thompson, Martinsville, Somerset County, N. J.

For Sale.—Farm of 196 acres, in Washington Valley, the garden spot of New Jersey; 3½ miles from Somerville or Bound Brook. For particulars address Robert Thompson, Martinsville, Somerset County, N. J.

Agency Montclair, N. J., residence properties; sale and rent. Clarence S. Tubbs, opp. Lackawanna Station.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—MISCELLANEOUS.

For 30 years we have sold
COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY
Buyers get our free catalogue.
Owners, send us details of your property.
Phillips & Wells, 88½ Tribune Building, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Doctor's Office.—A large office, with window and entrance on the street, $1,000. The Sevillia, 117 West 58th St.

CHARLES H. EASTON & CO.,
FACTORY LOFTS AND BUILDINGS,
TEL. 6420—38. 116 WEST 42D STREET.

Loft, 50x160; light, heat, power; elevator; suitable any manufacturing. 358-360 Broome St.

Factory loft, 50x75; light, heat, power, elevator; new, modern building. 623 West 54th St.

BUSINESS PROPERTY WANTED.

Physician desires parlor with extension between 59th, 45th, Park, and 6th. E., Box 188 Times.

Mamaroneck.

MAMARONECK LOTS, $100
On Line of New Portchester Railway.
$1.00 WEEKLY—NO ASSESSMENTS.
Near Station; on trolley; water, gas, electric light, fishing, bathing, sailing. WARRANTY REALTY CO., 115 Broadway.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

EAST 37TH STREET.
Private dwelling, near Lexington Av., for rent. John Kensett Kellogg, 30 William St.

A three-story brick dwelling to let, 160 East 83d St.; rent, $804; has 12 rooms and bath; size, 20x40; possession now. E. A. Cruikshank & Co., 141 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

COLORED TENEMENTS
Profitably Managed.
COLORED SPECIALIST.
First and best in this line in the city. Proofs furnished of wide successful experience in the management of colored tenements.
Philip A. Payton, Jr.
Agent—Broker—Appraiser.
67 W. 134th St.

FLATS AND PRIVATE HOUSES
wanted for select colored tenants, to sell or manage; reference, bonds.
COLORED TENEMENTS A SPECIALTY.
CLOYD L. BOYKIN,
118 W. 134th St. Tel. 2138 J M'g'sd.

3-story flat, with store and stable; lot 25x100; suitable for any business; on prominent avenue in Bronx; to exchange for tenement in the Fifties, east. Kratsch, 99 Nassau St.

Wanted—Private houses, either for sale or rent, below 59th; principals only. Folsom Brothers, 335 Broadway.

Wanted for Cash—Any cheap lots, plots, old buildings or tenements; any part Manhattan Island. Chas. R. Smith, 96 Broadway.

Real estate man wants store in Bronx; cheap rent and some estate to look after. C. G. P., 248 East 52d St., N. Y.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

THE SEVILLIA APARTMENT HOTEL, 117 WEST 58TH ST.
One large apartment of parlor, five bedrooms, and two baths, from October 1st, $3,000; several smaller apartments, $800 to $1,600, all unfurnished; two furnished apartments for the Summer; restaurant a la carte; persons objecting to careful inquiry as to character, &c., need not apply.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

MARJORIE & TERESA
241 TO 247 WEST 113TH ST.
NEW APARTMENT HOUSES.
RENTS $1,000—$1,100.
8 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, with every modern convenience; all night elevator service; telephone in each apartment. Must be seen to be appreciated.
OWNER ON PREMISES.
Telephone 3308 Morningside.

MILTONA
28 and 30 West 131st St.
Newly completed Apartment House.
5 AND 6 ROOMS AND BATH.
Telephone, Electric Lights, Elevator Service.
LIVERIED HALL ATTENDANTS.
RENTS $35 TO $45.

THE STUART.
Cor. Broadway & 94th St.
A very desirable nine-room apartment to rent; first-class in every particular.
Also, a six-room and bath apartment in the Stuart Annex, 2511 Broadway. Apply to CHRIS HEISER, 60 Liberty St., or Janitor. Tel. 455—Cortlandt.

HAROLD,
N. W. Cor. Manhattan Ave. & 119th St.
Near Morningside Park.
Handsome 4-5-6 room apartments; marble bathrooms; finished floors; hardwood finish, spacious entrance and reception room; elevator and hall service day and night; telephone in each apartment; steam; hot water, &c. Rents $35 to $45.

"THE GRANTLEY,"
557 WEST 124TH ST.
Six and seven rooms, elevator apartments; electric light, telephone; all conveniences; $35 to $50. Premises, or M. L. & C. ERNST, 55 Liberty St.

Lexington Ave. & 34th St., N. E. Cor.
Two large rooms, bath; southern exposure.
FOR BACHELORS ONLY; RENT, $480.
Ashforth & Co., 51 West 42d St.

HOLYOKE
Apartments, 788 West End Av., corner 97th St., apartments of 7 exceptionally large rooms and bath, with all improvements and conveniences. Inquire on premises.

HOMES ON MORNINGSIDE PARK,
118TH TO 119TH STREET.
TWO MODERN BUILDINGS, APARTMENTS OF 4, 5, 6, AND 7 ROOMS AND BATHS.
RENTS $45 TO $95.
ONE 9-ROOM APARTMENT, $140.
H. C. COLEMAN, AG'T.

FERNLEIGH HALL,
31 to 35 East 129th St.
Five and six rooms and bath; all improvements; moderate rentals.

For doctor, from Oct. 1st, an apartment of 8 rooms, first floor, in corner in modern apartment house, 118th to 119th St., on Morningside Av.; rent, $900.

To Let—6-room apartment, 150 West 128th; $40; also 6-room, 2,155 7th Av., $32; all improvements. Janitor or Horton's, 142 West 126th St.

Apartments in semi-public building, for bachelor or couple; bath, Dutch kitchen; artistic and unusual; excellent attendance. 226 West 58th St.

Cathedral Heights.—Healthiest location; 8-room elevator apartments; electric light; telephone; special inducements. 509 West 112th St.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.

Trains arrive and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as follows:

North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 3:35, 3:30, 9:15, 11:30 P. M., will stop at 125th St. to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.

All southbound trains, except the "20th Century" and the "Empire State Express," Nos. 26 and 60, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.

12:10 A. M.—*MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. For Albany 5:55 A. M., Troy 6:30 A. M.

7:50 A. M.—†Adirondack, Thousand Islands, and Montreal Special.

7:54 A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.

8:30 A. M.—†EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:31 P. M.

8:45 A. M.—*FAST MAIL. 24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:05.

9:40 A. M.—†SARATOGA AND MONTREAL SPECIAL.

10:30 A. M.—†DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 11:35 P. M.

11:30 A. M.—†RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:45 P. M.

12:50 P. M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls 11:55 P. M.

1:00 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:30, Indianapolis 11:00 A. M., St. Louis 6:45 P. M. next day.

1:00 P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED, 24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore, 24½ via M. C.

1:50 P. M.—SARATOGA LIMITED. Saturdays only. Due Saratoga 5:30 P. M.

2:45 P. M.—*"THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED." 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and Fans.

3:20 P. M.—SARATOGA LIMITED, except Saturday and Sunday. Due Saratoga 7:10 P. M.

3:30 P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7:00 P. M.

3:40 P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.

4:00 P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.

5:30 P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED. 24-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:05 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 3:10, Chicago 4:00, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.

6:00 P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS. 26 hours to Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.

7:00 P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H. or Rutland.

7:30 P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.

8:00 P. M.—*BUFFALO, THOUSAND ISLANDS AND TORONTO SPECIAL.

9:15 P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL LIMITED. Sleeping car only for Rochester.

9:20 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL.

9:30 P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS. Chicago, 34 hours by Michigan Central, 35 hours by Lake Shore.

11:30 P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN. Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and St. Louis.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday.

HARLEM DIVISION.

9:00 A. M. and 3:35 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Saturdays only 3:40 P. M. Sunday at 9:30 A. M.

Pullman cars on all through trains.

Trains illuminated with Pintsch Light.

Ticket offices at 167, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 128 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St. and 106 Broadway, E. D. Brooklyn.

Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON, NEW ENGLAND

Via Springfield and the BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD. (N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Lessee.)

Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: [illegible]

A. H. SMITH, General Manager. GEORGE H. DANIELS, Gen. Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.

(New York Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.)

Leave Franklin St. Station, New York, as follows, and 15 min. later foot West 42d St., N. R.: [illegible]

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. Leaves Brooklyn Annex [illegible]

A. H. SMITH, General Manager. C. E. LAMBERT, General Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.

Liberty Street and South Ferry (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below.)

EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN, AND MAUCH CHUNK—[illegible]

WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—[illegible]

LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—[illegible]

ATLANTIC CITY—[illegible]

VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—[illegible]

LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT AND SEASHORE POINTS—[illegible]

PHILADELPHIA—(READING TERMINAL) [illegible]

READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—[illegible]

SANDY HOOK ROUTE—From Pier 8, Atlantic Highlands, Seabright, Monmouth Beach, and Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove [illegible]

W. G. BESLER, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass'r Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R., PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY. and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.

Leave South Ferry, Liberty St. Ferry.

Balto.-Washington	7:25AM	7:30AM	Buffet
Balto.-Washington	10:25AM	10:30AM	Diner
Balto.-Washington	11:25AM	11:45AM	Diner
Balto.-Washington	12:55PM	1:00PM	Diner
"Royal Limited"	3:55PM	4:00PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington	4:55PM	5:00PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington	5:55PM	6:00PM	Diner
Balto.-Washington	12:10nt.	12:15nt.	Sleeper

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, [illegible] Broadway, New York. [illegible]

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

Leave New York City, South Ferry, Liberty St.

Chicago, Pittsburg	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	
Chicago, Columbus	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner
Pittsburg, Clevel	*3:55pm.	*4:40pm.	Limited
"Pittsburg Limited"	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner
Cincinnati, St. Louis	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet
Norfolk	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: [illegible] Broadway, 6 Astor House, [illegible] Baggage checked from hotel or residence to destination.

LEHIGH VALLEY.

Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. *Daily. †Except Sunday. Sunday changes: [illegible]

[illegible]

Tickets and Pullman accommodations [illegible] Broadway, [illegible]

N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

STATIONS foot of WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET AND DESBROSSES AND CORTLANDT STREETS.

☞The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.

7:55 A. M. FAST MAIL.—Parlor, Sleeping, and Dining Cars. For Chicago, Indianapolis, and Louisville.

9:55 A. M. ST. LOUIS LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis. Dining Car.

10:55 A. M. PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Compartment Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, and Detroit.

1:55 P. M. CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville (via Cincinnati and Louisville), Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.

4:55 P. M. CHICAGO LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Toledo, and Cleveland. Dining Car.

5:55 P. M. ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Gary, W. Va. (via Shenandoah Valley Route.)

6:55 P. M. WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.

7:55 P. M. PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.

8:55 P. M. CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and St. Louis.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

7:55, 8:25, 9:25 (Dining Car), 10:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 10:20) (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), 2:10 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 2:20), (2:55 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars), 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Dining Car), 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night. Sunday, 8:25, 9:25 (Dining Car), 10:55 (Dining Car) A. M., 12:55 (Dining Car), (3:55 "Congressional Limited," all Parlor and Dining Cars), 3:25 (Dining Car), 4:25 (Dining Car), 4:55 (Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 5:15) (Dining Car), 9:25 P. M., 12:10 night.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 9:25 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express, 12:55 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.

NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 4:25 P. M. daily.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 4:55 P. M. daily.

FOR OLD POINT COMFORT and NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 2:55 P. M. daily.

ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains. Buffet Parlor Cars and Standard Coaches on week-days. Parlor Smoking Car, Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Standard Coaches on Sundays.

CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week-days.

For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad (from West Twenty-third Street Station), 7:40, 8:55 A. M., 12:10, 1:10 (Saturdays only), 3:25, 3:55, 3:25, 4:10, 4:55, and 5:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 7:55, 9:25 A. M., 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 7:50, 9:00 A. M., 12:20, 1:20 (Saturdays only), 3:20, 3:10, 3:40, 4:20, 5:10, and 7:00 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 8:15, 9:45 A. M., 5:00 P. M. From Desbrosses Street only, 3:20 A. M. Cortlandt Street only, 8:45 A. M. week-days.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

[illegible]

Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1354, 113, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue (below 23d St.); 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.); 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, and stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 390 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent. 6-27-1903.

Catskill Mountains.

To all points on the Catskill Mountain, Otis and Catskill & Tannersville Railways, making direct connections with the New York Central trains leaving N. Y. at 7:50 and 11:30 A. M., also the "DETROIT SPECIAL" at 4 P. M. daily, INCLUDING Sundays, with Parlor and Dining Cars, and the West Shore trains leaving at 7:10 and 11:30 A. M.; also Continental Limited leaving 2:25 P. M. Also direct connections with the HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE and the CATSKILL EVENING LINE steamers.

Purchase Tickets via Catskill.

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN RY

Lve. Franklin St.		Lve. W. 42nd St.
12:15 A. M.	Way Train	12:30 A. M.
7:45 A. M.	Day Express to Oswego	8:00 A. M.
9:05 A. M.	Liberty Express	9:15 A. M.
*11:45 A. M.	Liberty Special	12:00 Noon
12:00 Noon	Express to Norwich	12:15 P. M.
1:00 P. M.	Saturdays to Rockland	1:00 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	Ellenville and Kingston	3:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	Express to Rockland	3:45 P. M.
†5:40 P. M.	Western Express	6:00 P. M.

*Saturdays only. †Daily.

Parlor Car seats at 425 Broadway only.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

BY SEA TO MAINE

ON THE FAST MODERN STEAMSHIPS OF THE MAINE STEAMSHIP CO.

Is the most delightful sea trip out of New York. Fast modern Steamships NORTH STAR and HORATIO HALL sail for PORTLAND Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Direct route to the White Mountains, Bar Harbor, Rangeley Lakes, and all the famous Eastern Coast and Inland Summer Resorts.

Only direct route to Portland, the scene of the great Army and Navy War Game.

Send for illustrated descriptive booklet, mailed free. Offices, 290 Broadway and Pier (New) 32 East River, New York. Telephone, 1300 Orchard.

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OUR THIRTY-SECOND ANNUAL SERIES of Tours Around the World leave San Francisco October 7, 15, and 28, for Grand Six Months' Tour, visiting HAWAII, JAPAN, CHINA, (One Party MANILA,) STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, CEYLON, INDIA, EGYPT, EUROPE, etc. Inclusive high-class arrangements. Each Party limited.

Write for Illustrated Programme.

THOS. COOK & SON, 261 & 1185 Broadway, New York.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Intended steamship sailings from Vancouver for Japan, China, and Philippine Islands.

Emp. of Japan	Aug. 17	R.M.S. Athenian	Sept. 21
R. M. S. Tartar	Aug. 24	Emp. of India	Oct. 5
Emp. of China	Sept. 7	Emp. of Japan	Nov. 2

Hawaiian, Fiji Islands, Australia & New Zealand

Aorangi .... Aug. 21 | Moana .... Sept. 18

For rates and information apply at 353 & 1 B'way.

CUNARD LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN. From Piers 51 and 52 North River.

Etruria, Aug. 15, 10 AM	Umbria, Aug. 29, 10 AM
Campania, Aug. 22, 2 PM	Lucania, Sept. 5, 3 PM

EXTRA TUESDAY SERVICE.

Aurania, Aug. 18, 1 PM | Carpathia, Sept. 1, 1 PM

Carrying Second and Third-Class Only.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Gen. Agents, 29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

ANCHOR LINE

Glasgow and Londonderry.

Astoria, Aug. 15, Noon	Ethiopia, Aug. 29, Noon
Columbia, Aug. 22, 9 AM	Anchoria, Sept. 5, Noon

First saloon, $60 to $100.

Second Cabin, $35 and up; third class, $26 and up. For New Illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

New Twin-Screw Steamers of 12,500 Tons. NEW YORK—ROTTERDAM, via BOULOGNE. Sailing Wednesday at 10 A. M.

Ryndam .... Aug. 19	Potsdam .... Sept. 9
Noordam .... Aug. 26	Statendam .... Sept. 16
Rotterdam .... Sept. 2	Ryndam .... Sept. 23

Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS

by all lines, choice cabins at lowest prevailing rates, sailings, plans, and full information, foreign money, letters of credit, travelers' cheques, &c. Passports secured.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 25 Union Square, 'Phone 6960—18 St. New York.

"LA VELOCE," Fast Italian Line. WEEKLY SAILINGS TO NAPLES—GENOA. Nord America .... Aug. 18. Cabin, $65 & up. Dining saloon on promenade deck. Bolognesi, Hartfield & Co., 29 Wall St.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

WASHINGTON

VIA

OLD POINT COMFORT

is a most attractive sea trip.

EXPRESS STEAMSHIPS OF THE

OLD DOMINION LINE

leave New York every week-day at 3 p. m., arriving at Old Point following morning. Steamer for Washington leaves same evening.

Through tickets returning from Washington by rail or water.

Tickets and Stateroom Reservations at Pier 26, North River. Telephone 1380—Franklin.

OLD DOMINION LINE. DAILY SERVICE

For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Virginia Beach, Washington, D. C., and entire South and West.

Freight and passenger steamers sail from Pier 26 N. R., foot of Beach St., every week day at 3 P. M.

H. B. WALKER, Vice Pres. & Traffic Manager.

WHY GO TO CANADA?

Some go to spend their money. Some go to spend other people's money. Here's a chance for you to go and save money.

The good ship "CANADA," Dominion Line, (12,000 Tons), sails from Boston to Montreal, Sept. 12th. Four days at sea, on a palatial ocean liner, making a voyage along the American Coast, the Gulf and noble River St. Lawrence and all for $47.00.

You don't "have to stay" in Canada, as the "forty-seven" includes a ticket to Boston by any old line, and return by rail from Montreal to New York.

If you have the price, come in for a circular. If not, please leave them for the other fellow.

THOS. COOK & SON, 261 & 1185 Broadway, New York.

North German Lloyd.

FAST EXPRESS SERVICE. PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN. From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.

K.Wm.II. Aug. 25, 7:30 AM	Kaiser. Sept. 22, 10 AM
Kaiser. Sept. 1, 10 AM	Kronprinz. Oct. 6, 4 PM
Kronprinz. Sept. 8, 6:30 AM	K.Wm.II. Oct. 20, 8 PM
K.Wm.II. Sep. 22, 6:30 PM	Kaiser. Oct. 27, 10 AM

THE NEW TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS

S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II."

707 FEET—19,500 TONS—40,000 HORSE-POWER. SAILS AUG. 25, SEPT. 22, OCT. 20.

TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE. PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN. From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.

Bremen. Aug. 20, 2 PM	Kurfuerst. Sept. 17, 1 PM
Luise. Aug. 27, 1 PM	K. Albert. Sept. 24, Noon
Friedrich. Sept. 3, 2 PM	Bremen. Oct. 1, Noon
Barbarossa. Sept. 10, N'n	Friedrich. Oct. 8, 11 AM

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA. From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.

Lahn. Aug. 15, 11 AM	Hohenz'n. Oct. 10, 11 AM
Hohenz'n. Aug. 29, 11 AM	P. Irene. Oct. 24, 11 AM
P. Irene. Sept. 12, 11 AM	Lahn. Nov. 7, 11 AM
Lahn. Sept. 26, 11 AM	Hohenz'n. Nov. 21, 11 AM

OELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N. Y. Louis H. Myer, 45 South Third St., Phila.

Hamburg-American.

FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG. Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Service.

F. Bismarck. Aug. 15, 8 AM	Patricia. Aug. 29, 10:30 AM
Bluecher. Aug. 20, 10 AM	Moltke. Sept. 3, 10 AM
Pennsylv'a. Aug. 22, 4 PM	Pallatia. Sept. 5, 3 PM
A. Victoria. Aug. 27, 10 AM	F. Bismarck. Sep. 10, 10 AM

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE. Offices 35 & 37 Broadway. Piers Hoboken, N. J.

DELIGHTFUL SUMMER CRUISE TO

Halifax, N. S., and St. John's, N. F.

Fine Passenger Steamers Rosalind and Silvia

Sail from Pier D, foot of Richard St., Erie Basin, Brooklyn, N. Y., on following dates: Aug. 22, 29; Sept. 5, 12, 26; Oct. 3, 14, 21, 31; Nov. 7, 18, 28; Dec. 5, 12, 23. Through Long Island, Vineyard Haven, and Nantucket Sounds. Apply for rates and further information.

BOWRING & CO., 17 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

100-HOUR SEA TRIP $32 covers all expenses.

New York, Savannah and Return.

SAVANNAH LINE

Can be made in one week. New ships. Superior service. Cheapest and most luxurious trip out of New York. Full information 317 B'way. Telephone 415 Franklin.

AMERICAN LINE.

NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON.

St. Louis. Aug. 19, 10 AM | Phila. Sept. 2, 10 AM

New York. Aug. 26, 10 AM | St. Louis. Sept. 9, 10 AM

RED STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.

Finland. Aug. 15, 10 AM | Kroonland. Aug. 29, 10AM

Vaderland. Aug. 22, 10 AM | Zeeland. Sept. 5, 10 AM

Piers 14 and 15 N. R. Office, 73 Broadway, N. Y.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.

Mesaba. Aug. 15, 9 AM | Minneap. Aug. 29, 10 AM

Minnetonka. Aug. 22, 5 AM | Minnehaha. Sept. 5, 4 PM

Only first-class passengers carried.

FOR RATES, ETC., APPLY AT 1 BROADWAY.

WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.

Cedric. Aug. 14, 9 AM | Victorian. Aug. 28, 7 AM

Majestic. Aug. 19, Noon | Oceanic. Aug. 26, 5 AM

Celtic. Aug. 21, 4 PM | Cymric. Aug. 28, 9:30 AM

Pier 48 North River. Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

Hudson River by Daylight.

Palatial Steamers "NEW YORK" and "ALBANY" of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the World.

Leave Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex) 8:00 A. M.
" Desbrosses St. Pier .... 8:40 "
" West 22d St. .... 9:00 "
" West 129th St. .... 9:20 "

Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Daily, except Sunday. Special Trains to Catskill Mtn. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Most delightful One-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on down boat.

Restaurant open at 7 A. M. MUSIC.

STEAMER MARY POWELL

Leaving Desbrosses St. at 3:15 P. M. (Saturdays 1:45 P. M.) W. 22nd St. 3:30 P. M. (Saturdays 2 P. M.) 129th St. on Saturdays and Holidays only 2:20 P. M. For Highland Falls, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, New Hamburgh, Milton, Poughkeepsie, Esopus, Rondout and Kingston. Orchestra on board.

JOY LINE ONLY $2.00 New York to Providence. First-Class Service.

Fast and elegant steamers leave New York daily, excepting Sunday, at 5 P. M., from Pier 35, East River, foot of Catharine St. 'Phone, 800 Orchard. Orchestra on each steamer.

New York to Boston, $3. "All the way by water." Stateroom berth free. About 24 hours sail. Steamers leave New York Saturday at 5 P. M.

PEOPLES LINE

FOR ALBANY. ADIRONDACK OR DEAN RICHMOND

leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. week days, connecting with express trains for SUMMER RESORTS North, East, and West. Saturday night steamer connects with Sunday morning trains for SHARON SPRINGS, SARATOGA, NORTH CREEK, and steamer on LAKE GEORGE. Summer Excursion book free. Orchestra on steamers.

TROY LINE.

Steamer "Saratoga" or "City of Troy" leaves West 10th Street pier daily 6 P. M., except Saturday. SUNDAY STEAMERS TOUCH AT ALBANY. Direct railroad connection at Troy for all resorts North and East.

Excursion: Troy, $2.50; Saratoga, $4.56. Dining-room on Main Deck. Searchlight Display. Send for Booklet Excursion Tours.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND AND SAG HARBOR BOATS

leave Pier 13, E. R., N. Y., near Wall St., week days, except Saturdays, 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays, 1 P. M. MONDAYS, EXTRA TRIP, 8 A. M. FOR GREENPORT AND SAG HARBOR, $2.00 EXCURSION.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE

For Catskill and Catskill Mountain Points, Hudson, and The Berkshires, Coxsackie, and way landings. Steamer KAATERSKILL or ONTEORA every weekday from Pier 43 N. R. at 6 P. M. and from West 129th St. at 7 P. M.

Extra boat, (ONTEORA,) Saturdays, 1:30 P. M. from Pier 43, 1:50 from West 129th St., for Catskill, Hudson by annex, and Malden.

Connections—Catskill Mountain, Boston & Albany, and Albany & Hudson Railroads.

Special trains for Cairo, Palenville, Otis Summit, Haines Corners, and Tannersville.

Dining Rooms on Main Deck.

Descriptive Folder Mailed Free.

CENTRAL HUDSON BOATS

For RONDOUT, POUGHKEEPSIE, and NEWBURGH, week days, except Saturdays, at 4:00 P. M.; Saturdays at 1:00 P. M. For NEWBURGH, CORNWALL, COLD SPRING, WEST POINT, week days, except Saturdays, at 5:00 P. M.; Saturdays at 2:00 P. M.; W. 129th St. 5:30 P. M. Morning Boat, Str. HOMER RAMSDELL, from Franklin St. 9:30 A. M., W. 129th St., 10 A. M., for NEWBURGH, FISHKILL LDG., MT. BEACON, CORNWALL, COLD SPRING, and WEST POINT, every day, including Sunday.

HARTFORD LINE

from Pier 28, (new,) E. R., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings, connecting for Springfield, Holyoke, Northfield, all New England points. Send for illus. folder.

EXCURSIONS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO. CONEY ISLAND

Leave FOOT 22D ST., North River, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 A. M., 12:00 M., 1:00, 1:45, 2:30, 3:15, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00 P. M.

Leave Pier (New) No. 1, North River, } Half hour later.

Leave NEW IRON PIER, CONEY ISLAND, 10:40, 11:40 A. M., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:25, 4:10, 4:55, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40 P. M.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS, 25 CENTS. ACKER, MERRALL AND CONDIT'S LIQUORS and CIGARS served under company management.

YACHT RACES.

Reliance—Shamrock III.

The Boats of the Iron Steamboat Company have sea-going licenses, and will accompany the yachts all through the contests.

Leave foot 22d St., N. R., 9 A. M.

Lve. Pier (New) No. 1, N.R., 9.20 A.M.

FARE EACH RACE, $2.00.

Tickets may be had at Company's office, Room 130, 32 Broadway, New York City, and at Pier (New) No. 1, N. R., and foot 22d St., N. R.

"The New York World's Fair."

GLEN ISLAND

Attractions from all parts of the world. Interesting novelties. Exhibition extraordinary; a band of Genuine Hindoo Jugglers. Grand concerts, magnificent foliage, rare plants, Horticultural wonders, unequalled menagerie, museum and aquarium; ALL FREE; Delightful sail on swift steamers. Glen Island clambake. Dinners a la carte. Kleinschmidt's Deutschland, The Dairy, Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Billiards, Bowling.

TIME TABLE—SUBJECT TO CHANGE—LEAVE:

[illegible]

EXCURSION, 40 CENTS, including admission to all attractions.

WEST POINT, NEWBURGH & POUGHKEEPSIE.

UP THE PICTURESQUE HUDSON. Grand Daily Outings, (except Sunday,) By Palace Iron Day Line Steamers "NEW YORK" and "ALBANY."

From Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex) 8:00 A.M.
" New York, Desbrosses St. Pier .... 8:40 "
" West 22d St. Pier .... 9:00 "
" West 129th St. Pier .... 9:20 "

Returning—due in New York 5:30 P. M.

MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.

Afternoon Boat Str. MARY POWELL.

Saturday Afternoon Excursion TO WEST POINT.

STEAMER MARY POWELL.

Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45, W. 22d St. 2 P. M., 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Arriving West Point 4:40. Tickets good to return by any West Shore train, $1; N. Y. Central, $1.30, or Str. "Ramsdell," $1. Ample time to see Dress Parade, Public Buildings, &c. Orchestra on board.

This excursion made every Saturday.

International Yacht Races.

The Great Steel Steamer PLYMOUTH RATE $5.00 of the FALL RIVER and PROVIDENCE Lines will leave Pier 15, N. R., foot Murray St., 9 A. M., and the Steel Twin Screw Flyer

RICHARD PECK RATE $4.00

of the NEW HAVEN LINE, from Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren St., at 9:30 A. M., for the Yacht Races, commencing Aug. 20th. The PLYMOUTH and RICHARD PECK are ideal ocean-going steamboats and are most perfectly equipped for Yacht Race service under all weather conditions. Spacious saloons; ample observation decks. A FINE BAND OF MUSIC will accompany each steamer. Catering by the company. Tickets at either steamer at Fall River Line office, Pier 19, N. R.; also at other principal city offices, including N. Y. Transfer Co. and the Tyson Hotel Agencies.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

"THE WAY TO THE SEA."

MANHATTAN BEACH.

Leave 34th St., E. R., N. Y., week days 5:30, 6:40, 7:40, 9:20, 11:00 A. M.; 12:10, 1:10, 1:40, 2:10, 2:40, 3:10, 3:40, 4:40, 5:10, 6:00, 6:40, 7:10, 7:40, 8:10, 8:40, 9:30, 10:50 P. M.

Leave East N. Y. 25 minutes after 34th St. time.

ROCKAWAY BEACH.

Leave 34th St., E. R., N. Y., week days 5:40, 6:40, 8:30, 10:30, 10:50 A. M.; 12:30, 1:30, 2:50, 4:20, 5:30, 6:30, 7:20, 8:00, 9:20, 10:30 P. M. Additional trains Saturday 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, 3:50 P. M.

LONG BEACH.

Leave 34th St., E. R., N. Y., week days 7:00, 7:30, 10:30 A. M., (1:00 Saturdays) 1:30, 2:50, 4:50, 5:30, 6:30, 8:00, 8:00, 10:00 P. M.

TO GET TO THE

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACES

Off Sandy Hook, Commencing Aug. 20,

TAKE THE

MAINE STEAMSHIP CO.'S

Ocean-going Steamship "MANHATTAN," Sailing from Pier (New) 32, East River, at 9 A. M. on race days.

TICKETS LIMITED, FARE $5.00, MUSIC

Full information at ticket office, 290 Broadway, and Pier (New) 32, East River, New York. Telephone, 1300 Orchard.

ROCKAWAY LINE

GENL. SLOCUM, Str. GRAND REPUBLIC

Leave West 129th St. 9 A. M.; West 22d St. 10 A. M.; Battery Landing, 10:40 A. M.; Rockaway, 5 P. M.

Floating Roof Garden every evening except Friday.

Str. GRAND REPUBLIC WILL LEAVE DAILY FOR THE YACHT RACES

West 22d St. 8:45 A. M.; Battery Landing, 9:15 A. M.

FARE, $2.00.

THIS SUNDAY, AUG. 16,

GRAND EXCURSION

up the beautiful Hudson. Three-Decked Iron Steamer Tolchester, to West Point and Newburgh. Abamo's Orchestra. Leaves East 24th St. 8:30 A. M.; South 8th St., Williamsburg, 9:00 A. M.; Christopher St. 9:30 A. M.; 129th St., North River, 10:00 A. M. Excursion, 50 cents.

Saturday Half Holiday Excursion

UP THE SOUND to Great Neck, Sea Cliff, Glen Cove and Glenwood. Steamer leaves Pier 13, E. R., near Wall St., 1:30; foot 31st St., E. R., 1:50 P. M. Returning, due in New York at 6:30 P. M. Excursion, 50c.

UP THE SOUND

EVERY SUNDAY TO SEA CLIFF AND GLENWOOD. The popular steamer "ORIENT" leaves Pier 13, E. R., near foot Wall St., 9:30; foot 31st St., E. R., N. Y., 9:45 A. M. Returning in the evening. Excursion, 50c.

EXCURSIONS.

INTERNATIONAL

YACHT RACES

OFF SANDY HOOK, BEGINNING AUGUST 20.

SAVANNAH LINE

Will send the large 5,000 ton twin-screw passenger steamship

"CITY OF SAVANNAH"

to the races.

This is one of the fleet of nine large freight and passenger coastwise steamships regularly in service between New York and Savannah, and will be temporarily withdrawn for the occasion. Broad promenade decks with high free board and a speed of 20 miles per hour afford exceptional facilities for viewing the races. Accommodations limited.

Tickets $5.00

The Largest and Fastest Ocean Steamship To Follow the Yachts.

Tickets and Staterooms at all principal Tourist ticket offices or 317 Broadway, N. Y.

C. B. WALWORTH, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACES.

The famous Long Island Sound Steamer

SHINNECOCK

of the Montauk Steamboat Co. will leave company pier, foot Wall St., New York, every race day at 9:15 A. M. The Shinnecock is a magnificent new, steel, ocean-going steamer; speed 18½ knots. Licensed to carry 1,800; limited to 900. Meals table d'hote and a la carte. Military Band.

Tickets, $3. Staterooms, $5 up, for sale at company pier, and Mutual Co., 127 Produce Exchange. Tel. 762 Broad.

COOK'S, 261 AND 1185 BROADWAY. McBRIDE'S, 71 B'WAY, ASTOR HOUSE.

NEWPORT & RETURN SUNDAYS $1.50

LONG ISLAND R. R. & STEAMER "CITY OF WORCESTER" from Greenport, L. I. Express train leaves foot E. 34th St., N. Y., 8:20; Brooklyn, F. B. Av., 8:15; Bedford 8:30 A. M. Tickets on sale at L. I. R. R. ticket offices. Right is reserved to postpone excursion and redeem tickets. Staterooms, music, and refreshments on steamer.

DAILY EXCURSIONS UP THE HUDSON

TO WEST POINT, NEWBURGH AND SUMMIT OF MT. BEACON.

COOL—COMFORTABLE—DELIGHTFUL.

Str. HOMER RAMSDELL leaves Franklin St. 9:30 A. M., W. 129th St. 10 A. M. Returning, leaves Newburgh 3:30 P. M. Round trip to West Point or Newburgh, 75c. Round trip to Mt. Beacon, $1.00.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—CORNELIUS CALLAGHAN, plaintiff, against MARY WILLER and others, defendants.

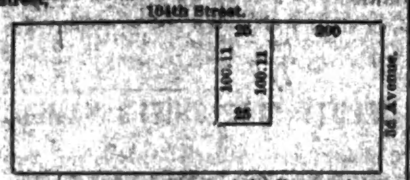
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 11th day of August, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3d day of September, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the City of New York and bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the south side of One Hundred and Fourth Street, distant two hundred feet west of the southwest corner of Third Avenue and One Hundred and Fourth Street; running thence south parallel with Third Avenue one hundred feet eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence west along said centre line twenty-five feet; thence northerly and parallel with Third Avenue, partly through a party wall, one hundred feet eleven inches to the south side of One Hundred and Fourth Street; thence easterly along said street twenty-five feet to the point of beginning.—Dated New York, August 12, 1903.

A. WELLES STUMP, Referee.

HAROLD SWAIN, Attorney for Plaintiff, 146 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 172 East 104th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $12,285.46, with interest thereon from the 8th day of August, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $376.26, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $621.97 and interest.—Dated New York, 12th day of August, 1903.

A. WELLES STUMP, Referee.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—In the matter of THE BEAVER KNITTING MILLS, Hudson, N. Y., Bankrupts.—To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts and to whom it may concern:

Please take notice that sealed bids for the assets, as follows, of the above-named firm will be received by the Trustee, W. P. Long, at his office, 15 Cortlandt Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before Wednesday, Aug. 26th, at 12 noon, when said bids will be opened.

Said assets consist of a three-story brick mill, containing approximately 45,000 square feet of flooring, together with a modern and complete equipment of machinery, a large amount being entirely new, together with a plot of ground of about one acre, fronting directly on the Hudson River, and located at the City of Hudson, N. Y., ¼ mile north of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Station. Also stock on hand in process of manufacture, safe, furniture and fixtures, &c.

Bids must be addressed to W. P. Long, Trustee, with certified check for 10% of amount bid, and will be received separately for the entire plant, (real estate and machinery, free and clear,) also for stock and fixtures, rights of mortgagees and all other lienors to attach to the proceeds after payment of expenses of sale.

Catalogues giving complete details can be obtained on application in person or by mail to Schuyler C. Carlton, Attorney for Trustee, at his office, 120 Broadway, New York City, and inspection of property on presentation of catalogue can be made any day up to and including Tuesday, Aug. 25th, 1903, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. on the premises at Hudson, N. Y. The right is reserved to reject all bids not satisfactory.

Dated New York, Aug. 12, 1903.

W. P. LONG, Trustee, 15 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

SCHUYLER C. CARLTON, Attorney for Trustee, 120 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS I. BABLOVE, bankrupt.—No. 6,071.

Notice is hereby given that Louis I. Bablove, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 10th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 16th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, August 14th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY HOSIER, bankrupt. No. 6,108.

To the creditors of Henry Hosier of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, A. D. 1903, the said Henry Hosier was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 9th day of September, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, August 14, 1903.

NO. 6,171.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM F. INGOLD, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of William F. Ingold of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of August, A. D. 1903, the said William F. Ingold was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of F. K. Pendleton, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 38 Broad Street, Room 1,044, New York City, on the 27th day of August, A. D. 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

F. K. PENDLETON, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, August 14, 1903.

FOR SALE.

For Sale—A modern and thoroughly equipped manufacturing plant, located in Eastern New York State; produces a staple commodity and has been in operation for several years with steady demand for entire output; modern machinery and best of shipping facilities; conservatively estimated the plant will pay to purchaser from 20 to 30 per cent. on capital invested; the present owner will make known to the entire satisfaction of those interested his reason for disposing of the property; an excellent opportunity for a safe and profitable investment. For terms and all particulars address Box E 151, Times.

SAFES—New and second-hand of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged, and repaired. J. M. MOSSMAN, 72 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1428 John.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.

All Makes.

F. S. Webster Co., 317 B'way. Tel. 3240 Frank.

Typewriters—Pittsburg Visible, Remingtons, Smiths, Blickensderfers, Williams, Hammonds, Franklins; Sold, rented, exchanged, repaired. Gorman, 79 Nassau.

GENERAL TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 229 B'WAY, cor. Park Place. Tel. 1,276 Cort.

Typewriter Headquarters, 282 Broadway.—Call up 3195 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

Typewriters rented, $2 up; ribbons free; supplies, repairing. Tel., 5,600 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 204 Broadway.

LOANS.

MONEY SUPPLIED Salaried People

Without security, easy payments; largest business in 48 principal cities. Tolman, Room 415, 640 Broadway; Room 68, 217 West 125th St.; Room 14, 1,133 Broadway; Room 153, World Building; Room 814, 375 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Salary loans procured without indorsement promptly, confidentially; lowest terms. Room 103 Potter Building, 38 Park Row.

BILLIARDS.

Billiard and Pool Tables, solidly made; high-grade goods. Lightning, accurate, durable cushions. Decker, est. 1856, 105 East 9th St.

STORAGE.

Twentieth Century Storage Company's New Building, 460-468 East 128th St.—Clean storage, reasonable rates; vans for moving; packing, shipping; estimates; carpets and rugs cleaned, 3c. yard up. Telephone, 887—Melrose.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

KAMPMANN, CHARLES ERNST.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Mathilda C. Kampmann, widow, 1,011 Madison Avenue, New York City; Franziska Mosler, sister, Berlin, Germany; Frederick William Kampmann, brother, Kaiserslautern, Rheinprovenz, Germany; Edward Kampmann, brother, Minden, Germany; Amelia Kampmann, niece, Brackwede, Germany; Elizabeth Bongarty, niece, Erkelenz, Rheinprovenz, Germany; Emilie Stuettgen, niece, Erkelenz, Rheinprovenz, Germany; Josephine Kampmann, niece, Brackwede, Germany, and to all persons interested in the estate of CHARLES ERNST KAMPMANN, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the County Court House, in the County of New York, on the 22d day of September, 1903, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of William Meyer, as Executor, of the last will and testament of said deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Abner C. [L. S.] Thomas, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 12th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

jy17-law6wF

REMMERTZ, FRANZ.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Elisabeth Adolfine Remmertz, Christiane Remmertz, Franz Remmertz, and Louis Remmertz, the heirs and next of kin of FRANZ REMMERTZ, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Charles Walter of the City of New York has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York to have two certain instruments in writing, bearing date the 28th day of October, 1901, and the 19th day of November, 1901, respectively, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Franz Remmertz, late of the County of New York, deceased, therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the fifteenth day of September, one thousand nine hundred and three, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years, are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Frank T. Fitz[L. S.] gerald, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 28th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

ASHBEL P. FITCH, Attorney for Petitioner, 23 Nassau Street, New York City.

jy31-law6wF&dsp11

SNOW, JAMES M.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES M. SNOW, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Parker & Aaron, No. 32 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of December next.—Dated New York, the 10th day of June, 1903. DELIA M. SNOW, Executrix. PARKER & AARON, Attorneys for Executrix, 32 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

je12-law6mF&d13

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS ENGLANDER, LEWIS ENGLANDER, and MITCHELL J. RAMBAR, individually and as members of the firm of Englander, Son & Rambar, bankrupts.—No. 5,661.

Notice is hereby given that Morris Englander, Lewis Englander, and Mitchell J. Rambar, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated July 31st, 1903, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 16th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, August 14th, 1903.

NO. 6,080.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—ISAAC HAHN, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac Hahn, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 12th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 30, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, August 13th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARTHUR JEFFREYS, doing business as Jeffreys & Son, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, August 14, 1903, 10:30 A. M., at 113-115 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all the trustee's right, title, and interest in and to two certain lots, tracts, or parcels of land situate, lying, and being on Cathedral Avenue, Nutley Heights, New Jersey, subject to liens thereon.

By order of MARSHALL S. HAGAR, Trustee. ALEXANDER A. TAUSKY, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York City.

NO. 6,131.—ISAAC KRONIS AND ALEXANDER LURIE, individually and composing the firm of Kronis & Lurie.—In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of Isaac Kronis and Alexander Lurie, individually and composing the firm of Kronis & Lurie, Bankrupts.—In bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Isaac Kronis and Alexander Lurie, individually and composing the firm of Kronis & Lurie, of the County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1903, the said Isaac Kronis and Alexander Lurie, individually and composing the firm of Kronis & Lurie, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, New York City, on the 24th day of August, A. D. 1903, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

August 13th, 1903.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WATERS PIANOS

CAUTION—The Waters Pianos are not sold in Department Stores.

HORACE WATERS & CO., 134 Fifth ave., near 18th st. HARLEM BRANCH: 254 West 125th st., near 8th ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS. A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free. MATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO. EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone, 1643—38th. 1569 BROADWAY, Cor. 47th St.

$135 Billings, beautiful rosewood case upright, including stool and cover, $4 monthly until paid. Goetz & Co., 81-83-85-87 Court St., Brooklyn.

Behr Brothers, $150, upright piano, fine condition, $5 monthly. Goetz & Co., 83 Court St., Brooklyn.

$75 Wagner upright, suitable for beginner; $3 monthly until paid. Goetz & Co., 83 Court St., Brooklyn.

Chickering upright, $165, rosewood case, $5 monthly until paid. Goetz & Co., 83 Court St., Brooklyn.

$90 Ryall's upright, big bargain, $3 monthly until paid. Goetz & Co., 83 Court St., Brooklyn.

$90 Erard upright, $4 monthly until paid. Goetz & Co., 83 Court St., Brooklyn; open evenings.

Upright $125, celebrated maker, fine condition; square, $25; pianos rented. Wissner, 23 East 14th St.

UPRIGHTS $75, $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 21 East 14th St.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 457 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

Six good square pianos, $20 to $45; upright, good maker, $100. Wissner, 536 Fulton St., B'klyn.

BOARDERS WANTED.

21st St., 139 East.—Furnished rooms, board; overlooking Park; large and small in suite; first class.

The Mary Fisher House, 2,450 Grand Av., Fordham Heights; fine rural location; $5 per week upward.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

23d St., 469 West.—Newly furnished rooms, single suite; also rear parlor; references.

49th St., 131 West.—Nicely furnished rooms, closets, running water, all conveniences; transients.

54th St., 44 East.—Large, well-furnished rooms; private family; references essential.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms, and suites, call on Bert A. Kaske, 1,181 B'way.

Gentleman or party desiring a beautiful room or luxurious suite, with bath in lady's elegant private house, near West 72d St. L station, address R Box 189 Times Office.

Lexington Av., 841, Corner 64th St.—Beautiful suite; three rooms; tiled bath; together or singly; private house; moderate.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Berkshire Hills.—County residence; modern improvements; shady lawns; spacious verandas; table and service excellent; own vegetables; terms moderate; cottage annex. $25 special September rates. Mrs. E. E. Lyon, Lyndwood, Peekskill, N. Y.

Berkshire Hills Farm House.—Board; near Stockbridge and Great Barrington; scenery mountainous; lake, fishing; cream, eggs, fruit; city references; $7 to $8 week. Address Henry Wood, Monterey, Berkshire County, Mass.

Lake View Farm.—Gentleman's place, for select families; one hour out, West Shore Railroad; boating, bathing, fishing, driving; new house; improvements; excellent table. Valley Cottage, Rockland Co., N. Y.

MT. AIRY HOUSE, BERNARDSVILLE, NEW JERSEY.

A private boarding house. Arrangements can now be made for Fall board.

Good board; large airy rooms; bathing and fishing, large piazzas, stables, &c.; adults only. Telephone 286 Tompkinsville. Blue Cottage, Arrochar, Staten Island.

Lady or gentleman boarders; good healthy location and fine table; terms moderate. G. Arnold, Killingsworth, Conn.

Cool rooms, facing the ocean, with good board, near depot. Call 49 Second Av., Rockaway Park.

AUCTION SALES.

Mortgage Sale, Louis Levy, Auctioneer, will sell to-morrow, August 15th, 1903, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at northwest corner of Cypress Avenue and Evergreen Place, Borough of Queens, New York City, the fixtures of a beer bottling establishment, consisting of three horses, two wagons, 2,000 boxes filled with empty bottles, one crown foot corking apparatus, one bottle washing, one rinsing, and one barrel corking apparatus, one bottle table, one bottle buck, and two bottle washing tubs. By order of Attorneys for Mortgagee.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Inventions Patented and Sold

IF PATENT IS OBTAINED THROUGH US. 20 years' experience. Send for booklet. PATENT DEVELOPMENT CO. OF AMERICA, 130 Broadway, New York City.

A first-class cigar store; large paper route, stationery, and fishing tackle for sale cheap. L. P. Boyle, Far Rockaway, L. I.

PATENTS.

Patents promptly procured. Advice and book free. Edgar Tate & Co., Registered Patent Solicitors, 245 Broadway.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

Weekly Payments.—Fine diamonds, watches, guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 3 Maiden Lane.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

Pawn tickets, old gold, jewelry, old silver, silverware, bought; highest prices paid. Kleinman, 207 6th Av.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

Canvassers wanted to sell specialties; good sellers. M. Loewenstein, 71 Washington Square South.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Canvassers to sell good household specialties; good opportunity. M. Loewenstein, 71 Washington Square South.

Engineers licensed, $5.00 per day; non-union men to handle double and single drum engines; must be thoroughly competent; give experience and reference. Hoistage, Box 40, 1,364 Broadway.

Salesmen wanted who are familiar with grocery or housefurnishing trade. M. Loewenstein, 71 Washington Square South.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ENERGETIC BOY, ABOUT 15 OR 16 YEARS OLD, TO BE GENERALLY USEFUL AROUND OFFICE. "PERMANENT," 1,033 TIMES, HARLEM.

Wanted—Bright boy, fair penman, to make himself generally useful about office. Box E 203, Times Office.

Wanted—Men; $7 England, $10 Germany, Antwerp; $25 Africa, also free transportation return passage. 115 First St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

LAUNDRESSES.

Laundress.—Competent Swedish laundress to do washing at home, dozen, month; or out by day. Gustafson, 1,984 Park Av.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SIGMUND SEELIG and SOLOMON SEELIG, individually and as members of the firm of Seelig Bros., bankrupts. No. 5,945.

Notice is hereby given that Sigmund Seelig and Solomon Seelig, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated July 29th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at a hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, September 16th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, August 14th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRANK TENNYSON NEELY, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, August 14, 1903, 11:30 A. M., at No. 40 West 34th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large number of books published by said bankrupt, safe, office furniture, fixtures, &c. Order of MARSHALL S. HAGAR, Receiver. CHARLES S. PELGRAM, Attorney for Receiver, 49 Wall Street, New York City.

LAD ADRIFT FOR DAYS IN AN OPEN BOAT

Cuban Boy Nearly Crazed for Lack of Food and Drink.

Twelve-Year-Old Jose Zegas, Picked Up by the El Dorado, Now in St. Vincent's Hospital—Likely to Recover.

There lies in St. Vincent's Hospital twelve-year-old José Zegas, a Cuban boy, whose appearance, if noted by a veteran of the civil war, would call up memories of Belle Isle, Libby, and Andersonville, and if noted by an old tar would bring to his mind all the hard luck experiences he had ever had, and if by a reader of sea fiction would bring before him again the stories of castaways, who existed for days on coral reefs under a baking sun and with nothing to subsist upon but the remembrance of the food and water they had before being wrecked. He lies there wasted away nearly to a skeleton. He has raved until he wearied, and is too weak to take food in quantity.

Jose will be at the hospital for some time to come. It was reported late last night, however, that his condition was favorable for a complete recovery from the awful rigors through which he had passed.

The boy arrived yesterday on the Morgan liner El Dorado. He was picked up at 5:30 P. M. on Aug. 10 in latitude 30 degrees 54 minutes and longitude 79 degrees 28 minutes, about 150 miles north by northeast of the coast of Florida. The rescue of the boy came as the result of sighting about a half mile off by Capt. Prescott of a dory about 15 feet in length by 4 feet beam, marked "Rubano Page, No. F 234."

The boy was found stretched in the bottom of the dory, which had shipped a few gallons of water, but so strong had the sun beaten down that its rays had evaporated all that the boy's clothes had not soaked up. When discovered the boy had divested himself of his clothes, and, for lack of aught else, was chewing a leg of his trousers. They had been ragged at best. The only other article of apparel, a shirt of medium texture, the boy said later, had disappeared after serving for a little time as a sponge from which to quench his thirst.

The boy's face showed that he was temporarily demented. His eyes, sunken though they were, glared wildly. It took no old salt to realize that the boy was starving. He was also in great pain from eruptions on the body, due to a lack of food and drink and the scorching sun. Weak as he was, the boy, who had drifted about for days, attempted to resist the sailor who drew him aboard the ship's boat.

Restoratives were given, to which his system rapidly responded. Nourishment was given only in the slightest quantities. His thirst was so great that the crew did not dare allow him to quench it. The sailors watched anxiously over their young charge for two days. Diverse, indeed, were the opinions as to how he came into such a plight. The dory's marking was practically of no benefit for purposes of identifying its lone passenger.

On the third day one of the ship's firemen was brought where the boy lay, and in the Spanish tongue the story of his terrible experience was told.

José said that his home was in Cuba, at San Lazaro, near Havana, and he had gone fishing with two other boys one day in waters near Havana. Their anchor was improvised, and the action of the waves set the boat adrift. The trio noticed the action of their craft, and, grabbing the oars, pulled for the shore. Though the sea was not heavy, their combined strength was not sufficient to prevail against it, and when it was apparent that the shore could not be reached by the boat, two of the boys jumped into the ocean and swam for it. Their companion, José, was unable to swim, so he was forced to observe his companions' heads bobbing about in the water but always receding.

José could not tell much about this part of his experience, further than that he supposed the boys must have reached the shore, as the boat was not very far from land.

He said that when picked up he had been out of sight of land and without sustenance for five days, as nearly as he could remember.

The El Dorado's officers figured the boat had drifted about 530 miles, and they could not reconcile the five-day statement with their computation that however swift the ocean currents, the little craft would have had to be on voyage more than five days in order to reach the point where it was sighted by the coastwise liner. They believe that the little boat was caught in the Gulf Stream and carried north.

HAVANA, Aug. 13.—The mother of Joseph Vegas, the fourteen-year-old Cuban lad picked up off the coast of Georgia by the Morgan Line steamer El Dorado, was overjoyed to-night when informed of the boy's rescue. He had been given up for dead. The mother has been confined to the hospital most of the time since Aug. 1, the day the boy started out fishing contrary to the warnings of his relatives.

The news of Joseph's rescue created much excitement among the poor in the district in the vicinity of the San Lazaro Leper Hospital.

DR. SINCLAIR CHARGES ASSAULT

Says Joseph McAleenan, Cousin of His Wife, Aided in Abduction of Child.

Dr. Daniel A. Sinclair of 226 East Sixty-second Street appeared as complainant against Joseph McAleenan of 14 West Ninetieth Street in the West Side Court before Magistrate Mayo yesterday. McAleenan is Sinclair's wife's cousin, and the physician charges him with assault on July 6.

For some time the four-year-old son of the couple, Hugh, has figured in kidnapping cases back and forth between husband and wife. On July 6, the date the alleged assault occurred, Hugh was with his father. Dr. Sinclair, in stating his case, said that he was having luncheon with his son when Mrs. Sinclair and McAleenan came to the house. He said his wife went into the parlor with the child, while McAleenan seized him and pushed him against the balustrade, allowing Mrs. Sinclair to escape from the house and leave in a hansom with the child. Dr. Sinclair said that at the time he had been in charge of the child for two days.

On cross-examination Dr. Sinclair said that his right name was Kickey, his mother, upon a divorce, having taken her maiden name, and he did not know until he was ten years old that Sinclair was not his right name.

Mrs. Sinclair said McAleenan had gone with her to protect her. She said that her husband seized her by the shoulders, and that McAleenan merely stepped in between them and protected her. She stated that a month after her marriage to the doctor he had threatened to shoot her, and also mentioned another incident. When living on Lenox Avenue he had threatened her life. For this reason, she said, she had McAleenan with her.

McAleenan denied the assault charge. He said that upon entering the house Sinclair insulted his wife, and he interfered in her behalf.

Magistrate Mayo said he would have to read over the testimony in the case before rendering his decision. He said he would decide within a few days. In the meantime McAleenan was released on the original bail of $500.

CAUGHT AFTER LONG CHASE.

Deserted Wife Has Alleged Confidence Man Arrested for Abandonment.

Magistrate Higginbotham yesterday, in the Lee Avenue Police Court, Williamsburg, held Henry Jais, a Frenchman, thirty-nine years old, who, the police say, is one of the slickest confidence men in the country, in $500 bail on the charge of abandonment, preferred by his wife, Jane, who lives at 392 South Fifth Street. Mrs. Jais, who claims she was deserted in 1898, hunted for her husband for five years. She located him in this city and obtained a warrant for abandonment, but nothing was seen or heard of Jais until on Wednesday, when a Central Office detective in Manhattan arrested him in the street on general principles. He was released in Jefferson Market Court, but was rearrested on the abandonment charge.

CHILD WITNESS DETENTION.

Justice Mayer Points to Evils of "Reaching" Minors Whose Testimony is Important.

The Justices of the Court of Special Sessions yesterday fined three saloon keepers who pleaded guilty to selling liquor to minors. The case of Samuel Frank developed a strong suspicion of "reaching" a child witness. The boy who was the witness in the case was Morris Kirchenof, and he testified that he was more than sixteen years of age.

Justice Mayer, presiding, asked the witness when he learned that he was over sixteen, and the boy stated that it was since the opening of the case. His mother had told him. Mrs. Kirchenof finally admitted that the boy was born in 1887, but she testified that she could not remember the day or month. In disposing of the cases, the court said:

"The Code permits the detention of a child as a witness, and the experience of this court in cases of selling liquor to minors has been that when the child is let out on bail it will testify to a different state of facts from the facts stated in a Magistrate's Court by the child witness.

"The purpose of the statute was to save a child of tender years from the influence of people with whom it might come in contact, as well as to become addicted to the use of intoxicating drinks. By pursuing the policy of detaining the child as a witness not only has justice been served, but the child has been saved from making false statements.

"Two days a week are devoted to the trial of cases in which children are witnesses, so that a defendant, if he wishes, can go to trial at once. In that case the detention of the child is for a short time only, two or three days at the most. And while detained the child is in the care of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children."

The practice of coaching child witnesses has become so common that the Justices of the Court of Special Sessions desire if possible to prevent children in important cases being allowed to go at large.

HIT BY BURGLARS' BULLET.

Brooklyn Policeman the Victim of Early Morning Fusillade in Street.

Policeman William Slattery of the Flatbush Station, Brooklyn, was shot by a burglar yesterday morning. While the officer's wounds are not serious, he will not be able to report for duty for some time. He is the second policeman in this precinct to be shot within two months.

Slattery pursued the man who shot him for several blocks, but was unable to capture him. He saw the man at about sunrise, walking along Albemarle Road near Flatbush Avenue, carrying a bundle. Just as he was about to speak to the man the latter drew his revolver and fired three shots at the officer, one taking effect in the left arm and the other striking him in the back. Then, dropping his bundle, the man ran toward Flatbush Avenue. He fired two more shots, but these went wild. Slattery started in pursuit, firing as he ran, but soon became exhausted and stopped. The police at the station heard the shots, and the reserves were ordered out, but no trace of the man could be found.

The bundle thrown away by the man was found to contain cut glass, which was afterward identified as the property of Mrs. Catrall of 171 Marlborough Road and Mrs. George H. Folwell of 262 Marlborough Road. Both of these houses had been entered during the night, and a number of valuable articles stolen. The bundle only contained a part of the stolen valuables.

No arrests had been made up to a late hour last night. After the bullets had been extracted and his wounds dressed Slattery was able to go home.

CHARGES IN BOLTE'S BEHALF.

His Lawyer Alleges That Papers Were Stolen to Aid in the Prosecution.

Declaration that papers had been stolen, with the connivance of the District Attorney's office, was made yesterday at the hearing on the charges against Justice Bolte of the Second District Municipal Court before W. H. Willis as referee.

Morris Salem, who practiced before Justice Bolte, was a witness. He identified this copy of a letter he wrote to Justice Bolte on July 21, 1900:

Dear Sir: Your Honor will pardon me for calling your attention to a fact which I deem of importance for you to be aware of.

A heavy weight was pressing me for a long time on account of a rumor, but I didn't dare write to you till now for its utter nonsensicality and impossibility. However, I made up my mind now to let you know about it, as to my sorrow and the sorrow of every honest Democrat the rumor is increasing, and also it is a question of keeping up the dignity, spotlessness, and purity of a court of justice, which must be like the wife of Caesar.

There is a rumor among attorneys that a certain lawyer, (whose name I shouldn't like to mention unless you specially tell me to,) a young man about five years in practice, who wins all cases in the Second District, right or wrong. Such presumption of an attorney to make people believe he can control a court of justice must be suppressed. Very likely it is not his fault, but such a contagious and untrue belief must be nipped by all means.

In reply to the letter Mr. Salem said Justice Bolte asked him to call upon him. He called, and said that rumor declared that Myer Greenberg was uniformly lucky. Justice Bolte replied, said the witness, that he liked Greenberg, but did not believe Greenberg won more cases than the other counsel.

"You volunteered to come here and testify?" was Maurice B. Blumenthal's first question.

"Indeed I did not," replied the witness.

Q.—Then how did that letter reach the complainant? A.—Louis Lande, who used to be my clerk, must have stolen it from my office.

Louis Lande is the Special Assistant District Attorney appointed by Mr. Jerome to assist Mr. Iselin in the presentation of the charges.

"You mustn't be surprised at that," said Mr. Blumenthal. "You will find that many papers have been stolen to prepare this case. We have discovered that papers have been stolen from the custody of the Court Clerk."

"Was Justice Bolte angry with you for writing to him?" asked Mr. Blumenthal.

"He seemed to be very grateful," was the reply. "I wrote in the friendliest feeling. I did not believe the rumors I referred to, but I thought that the Judge ought to hear of them."

POISON KILLED ENGINEER.

It Was Believed Death in His Office Was Due to Disease.

An autopsy held yesterday by Coroners' Physician O'Higgins on the body of Walter B. Lathrop, twenty-nine years old, a contracting engineer, of 225 West One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, who was found dead in his office on the fourth floor of 39-41 Cortlandt Street Wednesday afternoon, revealed the fact that he had died from carbolic acid poisoning. It had been thought that death was from heart disease.

Lathrop had been left in his office at 1 o'clock by two other engineers. When they returned about 2:15 they found him lying back in his chair, apparently asleep. He was dead.

FALSE POLICEMEN CAUGHT.

Held Lame Horse for $25—Arrested While Waiting for Ransom.

Samuel Weiner, a dealer in second hand furniture at 291 East Third Street, was stopped early yesterday morning at Union Avenue and Broadway, Williamsburg, by two men, who after looking over a lame horse he was driving, said they were policemen, declared him under arrest, and demanded that he pay $25.

Weiner had only $5, and they took that, and then confiscated the horse and wagon, which they took to a stable yard at 19 Union Avenue as security for the balance of the money. On his way back from his home Weiner stopped at the Bedford Avenue Police Station and related his story. A detective went along with him to meet the men, who were awaiting his return.

The detectives arrested the two men, who described themselves as John E. Walsh, thirty years old, of 333 First Avenue, and William Kehoe, forty years old, of 34 Scholes Street, Brooklyn. Both were charged with extortion, and later in the Lee Avenue Police Court each was held in $2,000 bail for a hearing.

STOCKS SHOW BUOYANCY

Reading Common Up 4 1-8 Points on Dealings in 257,000 Shares.

Wall Street Hears Various Reports Purporting to Explain Rise—Profit-Taking Reaction at Close.

On the Stock Exchange to-day the bulls turned the tables on their enemies the bears, with the result that these pessimistic gentlemen were sent scurrying for cover as fast as their legs would permit, while the prices of stocks went up with a rush. The bear element, however, has had things its own way for so long that of its short interest, which on Saturday last was estimated at 700,000 shares, there is still a line of about 250,000 shares outstanding.

The feature of the buoyant market yesterday was Reading common, of which 257,000 shares were traded in, with a net gain of 4⅛ points for the day. The stock several times during the day went up to 57¾, but it reacted each time, closing at 55⅝.

Many reports were in circulation to explain this advance, and some of these were as extravagant as had been the bear rumors during the recent decline. One of the reports was to the effect that the owner of a newspaper which had been active in fighting the so-called anthracite coal trust had been caught short with a line of $50,000 shares outstanding. This report was generally ridiculed, although it was admitted on all sides that there was a large short interest in this stock which had been badly squeezed by the rise.

Another report was to the effect that the New York Central and the Baltimore and Ohio, which have held a large interest in the Reading for many months had been increasing their holdings, taking the stock out of the market and locking it away. This report, it may be said, is true to a considerable extent, but, it was pointed out, would not in itself be sufficient to cause such a heavy advance as in the similar case of several other railroad stocks. The remaining minority stock lost in value on the theory that no one wanted it.

It was also stated that there was an active bull pool operating in the stock, and this statement was confirmed. But the report which did most to aid in the rise of the stock was to the effect that Reading common would be placed on a dividend-paying basis. The dividend rate would, it was said, be 4 per cent. per annum, and the amount would be guaranteed by the two railroads which now to a large extent control the destinies of the Reading system. In order to enable the company to carry out this plan it was said that the second preferred stock would be retired. Of this stock there are $42,000,000 outstanding, and no suggestion was volunteered as to how the retirement of this large amount of stock could be financed.

No one in authority was willing to confirm this report yesterday, but several big brokers who usually act for those most heavily interested in the property were far from discountenancing the story.

The greatest difference was observable yesterday in the tone of the market as compared with the recent heavy decline. While at that time activity developed only when the market was going down, the opposite was the rule yesterday. Whenever there was a period of dullness the market hardly moved, but when it became active quotations always were on the upward move until near the close, when profit taking caused reactions of about one point from the highest prices.

Different, also, was the manner in which the innumerable bull reports were received. Stories which a week ago would have been received with derisive laughter were yesterday taken in, if not in their entirety, at least with small concessions to the enthusiasm of the rumormonger. The old system of giving out tips on the next day's movement was also revived by the bulls. For the last six months this effective weapon had been a privilege of the fraternity of bears. Yesterday after the close of business all kinds of bull tips were offered around. Reading was scheduled for a further rise, Union Pacific was declared to be good for several points, and New York Central was also to be marked up.

DEPUTY FIRE CHIEFS NAMED.

Commissioner Sturgis Announces Several Promotions in the Higher Ranks.

Fire Commissioner Sturgis yesterday made the following promotions in the uniformed force of the Fire Department:

To be Deputy Chiefs of Department—Chiefs of Battalion JOHN BINNS, JOHN J. BURNS, and FREDERICK W. GOODERSON, Jr.

To be Chiefs of Battalion—Capts. JOHN F. KING, Hook and Ladder Company No. 1; MARTIN M. COLEMAN, Hook and Ladder Company No. 8; PATRICK MAHER, Engine Company No. 101, and JOHN F. DEVANNY, Engine Company No. 29.

Deputy Chief Binns became a member of the department March 22, 1882, and was promoted to Assistant Foreman May 20, 1884; to Foreman Aug. 16, 1884, and Chief of Battalion Dec. 1, 1897. He was placed on the Roll of Merit April 10, 1884, and June 15, 1885, and received the Bennett Medal for 1884.

Deputy Chief John J. Burns became a member of the department Aug. 17, 1883, was promoted to Assistant Foreman Feb. 1, 1886, to Foreman April 20, 1894, and to Chief of Battalion Oct. 1, 1898. His name appears on the Roll of Merit Jan. 3, 1894; May 14, 1897, and May 7, 1903.

Deputy Chief Frederick W. Gooderson, Jr., joined that department Oct. 3, 1879, was promoted to Assistant Foreman May 23, 1883; to Foreman May 3, 1884, and Chief of Battalion April 1, 1897. His name appears on the roll of merit May 7, 1903.

NOBLEMAN SUES FOR $300,000.

Baron Oppenheim Wants Trust Company of the Republic to Pay for Shipbuilding Trust Work.

Baron Oppenheim of Paris, France, has brought a suit in the Supreme Court against the Trust Company of the Republic to recover $300,000 which he says the Trust Company agreed to give him for underwriting the securities of the United States Shipbuilding Company.

The Baron asserts that he was engaged on this work from May 1, 1902, to Jan. 1, 1903, at the special request and instance of the defendant, "in and about securing, enforcing, collecting, and adjusting and compromising and underwriting the subscriptions for the securities of the Shipbuilding Company in France, and represented the defendant in such matters and negotiations."

Francis S. Hutchins, counsel for the Trust Company of the Republic, moved before Justice Freedman to compel the Baron to make his complaint more definite and certain, so as to state the special request whereby he was asked to render his service, and whether it was made orally or in writing, and who made it.

Justice Freedman yesterday denied the motion, but gave leave to the defendant to apply for a bill of particulars.

Howard Van Sinderen is counsel for the Baron.

GIRL TELLS OF BURGLARY.

Little Annie Greenberg's Testimony Results in Prisoner's Commitment.

"I went into the room where the burglar was, and when I saw him he just jumped. I said to him 'Hello! I ain't afraid of you,' and then I went and told my grandma."

That was the principal part of the testimony in the Essex Market Police Court yesterday given by ten-year-old Annie Greenberg against Joseph Sheer, twenty years old, of 45 Bowery, charged with attempted burglary. On this testimony the prisoner was held for trial in bail of $1,500.

Mrs. Bessie Greenberg, the child's mother, lives at 44 Suffolk Street. It was charged that Sheer got into the flat while the family was asleep. His movements aroused the girl and she ran into the room where he was. He fled, but was arrested after a chase of two or three blocks by Policeman Cohen.

"You're a fine little girl," said Magistrate Cornell when the girl told her story yesterday. Annie blushed and stammered and hid behind her mother.

BEGGAR'S VOYAGE STOPPED.

Louis Surinsky, Anneyer of Women, Sent to Workhouse, Interrupting Annual Pilgrimage.

Court Officer James Brennan yesterday arrested Louis Surinsky, sixty-three years old, of 94 Borden Street, Brooklyn, who has been begging on the east side for a long time. Brennan told Magistrate Cornell that he had learned that Surinsky had been in this country thirteen years, but that he made almost yearly trips to some city in Hungary, where he is reported to own property valued at $50,000 and employs many men.

Brennan testified that Surinsky's specialty has been that of annoying women by his actions until they gave him money. A pair of diamond earrings found on him were exhibited, their value being at least $100. Magistrate Cornell committed him to the workhouse for six months as a vagrant, so that his trip to Hungary this year will have to be omitted.

LONG TERM FOR KIDNAPPER.

Judge Cowing Sentences a Young Negress to Fourteen Years' Imprisonment.

Elizabeth Hartman, eighteen years old, a negro laundress, of 65 Fairview Avenue, Jersey City, was sentenced to fourteen years in State prison by Judge Cowing, in the Court of General Sessions, yesterday. She had pleaded guilty to an indictment of kidnapping, the extreme penalty for which is twenty years.

The young woman went to the home of Mrs. Margaret Thornton, also colored, at 216 West Twenty-ninth Street, on June 15, and kidnapped five-year-old Rosabel, the daughter of Mrs. Thornton. She took the child to Jersey City, where it was later traced by the police.

In sentencing the woman, Judge Cowing said: "There is no crime deserving of more severe punishment than this. Though the mother of the child is a colored woman, she is just as deserving of the protection of the law as if a resident of Fifth Avenue. This is a terrible crime. The mental torture which the parents suffered as they pictured to themselves the harm that might come to the child cannot be measured."

NEW RULES FOR BARBER SHOPS

Board of Health Announces Eleven Regulations for Sanitary Shaving and Hair Cutting.

The new regulations which the Board of Health has adopted for enforcing the provisions of the Sanitary Code among the barbers of New York City were made public yesterday, and President Lederle of the Board of Health announced that they will be rigidly enforced after Sept. 1. The regulations are eleven in number, and are as follows:

(1) Barbers must wash their hands thoroughly with soap and hot water before attending any person.

(2) No alum or other astringent shall be used in stick form. If used at all to stop the flow of blood it must be applied in powder form.

(3) The use of powder puffs is prohibited.

(4) No towel shall be used for more than one person without being washed.

(5) The use of sponges is prohibited.

(6) Mugs and shaving brushes shall be thoroughly washed after use on each person.

(7) Combs, razors, clippers, and scissors shall be thoroughly cleansed by dipping in boiling water or other germicide after every separate use thereof.

(8) No barber, unless he is a licensed physician, shall prescribe for any skin disease.

(9) Floors must be swept or mopped every day, and all furniture and woodwork kept free from dust.

(10) Hot and cold water must be provided.

(11) A copy of these resolutions is to be hung in a conspicuous place in each shop.

The regulations also advise customers to have their own brushes, combs, razors, and cups, in order to avoid as far as possible the contracting of skin diseases.

Several thousand copies of the printed regulations are now on hand at the Board of Health headquarters, Sixth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street, and all barbers throughout New York City are being instructed to call and obtain a copy.

Commissioner Lederle said he would give barbers a reasonable length of time to accustom themselves to the new rules, but that any barber failing to display the new regulations or disregarding their provisions after Sept. 1 will be summarily dealt with.

Stowaway Who Swam Ashore Held.

Francis Renzo, an Italian stowaway, who escaped from the immigration officers while the steerage passengers of the Sicilian Prince were being put into an Ellis Island barge Wednesday, was arraigned in the Butler Street Court, Brooklyn, yesterday morning, and immediately ordered turned over to the immigration authorities. He will go before a Board of Special Inquiry, with ten fellow stowaways. Renzo jumped into the East River from off the barge, but was captured soon after landing on the Brooklyn shore.

LEGAL NOTES.

JUDICIAL NOTICE.—Great confusion has arisen on the hearing of excise cases because of the inability of the police to give any evidence, other than their idea of taste, as to whether the beverage they drank was what they alleged it was. While the liquor tax law does not make use of the word "intoxicating," the printed informations furnished to the Magistrates' courts do. Many of the Magistrates have therefore held that proof must be furnished of the intoxicating effect of the beverage drank. Most of the excise violations have been cases where the officers were served with beer. Several of the Police Justices have dismissed complaints where lager beer was the beverage in question, holding that there must be proof of its intoxicating effect. Notably among these is Magistrate Connorton of Queens. He cites as authority for the position he takes cases in the highest court of this State, and also of Georgia and Indiana. The rule, however, is otherwise in most of the States. A Judge in Wisconsin had decided views on the subject, which he thus expressed to the jury: "I think a man must be a driveling idiot who does not know what beer is." The Supreme Court of the State on appeal concurred in his view. The Supreme Court of Indiana, on the other hand, said this: "The court knows as matter of general knowledge, and is capable of judicially asserting the fact, that the use of beer, &c. as a beverage is not necessarily hurtful any more than the use of lemonade or ice cream." The same court, however, judicially knows that whisky is intoxicating, and allows a jury to find it so upon their general knowledge.

BANKRUPT'S RIGHT TO EXEMPTION FROM ARREST ON STATE PROCESS.—Judge Adams of the United States District Court has given a decision holding that a bankrupt is exempt from arrest upon civil proceedings in a State court, while he is in attendance upon the bankruptcy court in the performance of his duties to the bankrupt estate. Judge Adams adopts the following language of former Judge Brown in the Lewensohn case, (99 Federal Reporter 73): "For the bankrupt it is contended that a liberal construction should be given to this exemption in order to avoid the perpetual embarrassments in the bankruptcy proceedings which would be caused by his incarceration under State process. Opposed to this it is urged that the exemption should be limited to the particular occasions when the bankrupt is actually in attendance in court, or actually performing a required duty, differing little from the ordinary right of a witness to exemption while in attendance on the court, to which exemption he was held entitled under the act of 1867 without any express provision. In General Order 12, (18 Sup Ct. 3,) the Supreme Court, in prescribing the precise extent of the bankrupt's protection from arrest, seems virtually to have given its own construction to this section by providing that the bankrupt shall attend before the referee on a day named; 'and from that day shall be subject to the orders of the court in all matters relating to his bankruptcy, and may receive from the referee a protection against arrest to continue until the final adjudication on his application for a discharge, unless suspended or vacated by order of the court.'"

TRANSIT BOARD PROTESTS

Adopts Resolutions Showing Disapproval of Ditch Digging.

Engineer Ordered to Report on Improved Methods of Subway Work—Committee of Fifty Meets.

Following the agitation being conducted by merchants and property owners along Broadway against the ditching of the street for the construction of the proposed spur of the rapid transit subway from Forty-second Street to Union Square, the members of the Rapid Transit Commission, at their regular meeting yesterday, adopted strong resolutions reassuring property owners that their interests will be guarded. At the same time the Committee of Fifty, of the property owners and business men in question, held a meeting at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, approved the protest to the Mayor against ditching the street, and named a sub-committee of eighteen to present the protest to the Mayor.

The meeting of the Commissioners was slimly attended, Acting President Starin, Commissioner Woodbury Langdon, Acting Mayor Fornes, and Acting Controller Stevenson being the only ones in attendance, the remainder of the Commissioners, and the officials whose subordinates are acting in their absences, being away on their vacations. Commissioner Starin presented these resolutions, which were seconded by Mr. Fornes and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Experience has demonstrated that the construction of the underground subway in New York has occasioned great inconvenience to many of the property owners and others doing business along its route, therefore be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Commissioners here present, as it doubtless would be of all the Commissioners were they in attendance, that in all future operations advantage be taken of every known engineering method which will tend to obviate the evils complained of; and be it further

Resolved, That the Engineer in Chief of this commission be and he is hereby directed to make careful inquiry and report without delay as to every new method in the direction indicated, to the end that all future construction be conducted either by "drifting in" from the side streets or by the erection of such superstructural supports as will prevent, as far as possible, interference with the surface of the thoroughfares through which the necessary subways are to pass.

None of the Commissioners made any comment on the resolution, either in the meeting or afterward, saying that their votes plainly indicated their positions.

When the Merchants' Committee of Fifty met in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, at the same time, Al Hayman, who had presided at the previous meetings, called the committee to order and continued to act as Chairman, with Alexander Shaw as the secretary.

"In the morning papers Mr. Belmont and his associates have taken the stand that the subway spur will not go down Broadway if the outcry against ditching does not subside," said Mr. Hayman in a brief preliminary address. "This would carry it down Seventh Avenue or else mean the abandonment of the project altogether. This means that Mr. Belmont and his associates intend to dictate to the people what they shall do. They have formed a company to operate the tunnel, and have leased the elevated road, guaranteeing 7 per cent. dividends, and now seem to be imbued with the spirit of dictating to the public."

Mr. Hayman said that the interests of himself and his associates pay taxes on $5,000,000 of property in the affected district, and that he would oppose with equal force any attempt to ditch Seventh Avenue for the subway spur.

"Is there no engineer in the city," he said, "who can suggest some way of constructing this subway without tearing up the street all along the line?"

Marc Klaw of Klaw & Erlanger then moved that a committee of eighteen be appointed, with authority to increase its number, and to wait on Mayor Low to present to him the protest which has been signed by practically every property owner along Broadway from Forty-second Street to Union Square. This was adopted, and the committee was announced as follows:

W. R. H. Martin of Rogers, Peet & Co.
Edward Hatch, Jr., of Lord & Taylor.
George Taylor of Altken, Son & Co.
John S. Huyler.
John H. Martin.
John R. Caswell.
Theodore B. Starr.
Heinrich Conried.
Charles F. Geddes of Smith, Gray & Co.
James Slater of J. & J. Slater.
F. W. Sanger.
Daniel Frohman.
C. H. Hackett, President of the Bank of the Metropolis.
R. R. Moore, President of the New Amsterdam National Bank.
George W. Sweeney of the Victoria Hotel.
E. L. Merrifield of the Continental Hotel.
J. Scott Browning.
Marc Klaw of Klaw & Erlanger.

After the naming of the committee the meeting was adjourned subject to the call of the Chairman.

SLOW WORK ON SUBWAY.

Contractor McDonald's Requisitions for July Amount to Only $600,000.

Requisitions aggregating $600,000 for the subway work done by John B. McDonald during July were approved yesterday at the meeting of the Rapid Transit Commission. This brings the total amount of money ordered paid to the contractor to $27,271,000.

The requisition for $600,000 for July shows the exact condition of the work, as the requisition for the month under normal circumstances would reach about $1,000,000. Last month the requisitions amounted to $400,000, and the indications at this time for the August requisitions lead to the belief that they will amount to about $800,000. The work is slowly getting back to the normal conditions as they existed before the strikes and other disturbances along the line, but the condition of the work renders it extremely unlikely that the subway system will be in operation before next Spring.

TO BURY OVERHEAD WIRES.

Bronx Residents Apply to Court for Compelling Order.

The efforts of property owners in the Borough of the Bronx, especially along Tremont Avenue, between Third Avenue and West Farms, to have the overhead wires on Tremont Avenue placed in the subway, culminated yesterday in an application by Frederick Ludewig of 994 and 996 Tremont Avenue, the owner of property valued at $40,000, for an order compelling the New York Telephone Company to remove its wires, which are now strung on poles, and place them underground, to Justice McCall in the Supreme Court.

Lawyer William V. Borroughs, who appeared for Mr. Ludewig, said this case was in the nature of a test case, and that he not only represented Mr. Ludewig, but over 200 property owners on Tremont Avenue and the vicinity, whose premises were seriously affected in value by the overhead wires. The Empire City Subway Company some time ago, counsel said, had constructed a subway along Tremont Avenue, in which the wires should have been placed, but they were allowed to remain overhead.

"The removal of these wires from the poles to the subway would increase the value of our properties 10 per cent. at least," said Mr. Borrough. "About a year a deputation waited on Borough President Haffen and requested him to take action in the matter. It was referred to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and Chief Engineer Lewis made a report in which he said the wires ought to be taken down and placed in the subway. He also gave his opinion that the telephone company did not wish this to be done, as by keeping their poles and wires above ground it was enabled to save the rental it otherwise would have to pay.

"No action was taken on our request, and the attention of the Legislature was called to the matter by a petition signed by over 1,000 residents and property owners. A bill was drafted to compel the removal of the overhead wires, but was never reported, and we are now in just the same condition as we were two years ago.

"We now come into court and ask your Honor to help us and put an end to the unsightly nuisance caused by these poles and wires, and to the injury done our property by their maintenance."

Counsel said the particular pole complained of in front of Mr. Ludewig's premises interfered with his privacy, as the linemen working on the crossbars had a view into his apartments. The vibration of the wires was a constant annoyance, while in the Winter the wires became loaded with ice, which often fell on the heads of passersby, in some cases causing them severe injuries. In case of fire the poles and wires prevented the firemen from putting up ladders, so that, outside of the depreciation caused by their maintenance to property, they were both a nuisance, an annoyance, and a cause of danger to the community.

"This motion appeals very strongly to me," observed Justice McCall. "I cannot see why these wires should be allowed to remain above ground, if, as the petitioner states, they are both objectionable and unsightly. I think they should be placed in the subway."

Lawyer Melville Eggleston, representing the telephone company, said this application was an invitation to the court to usurp the functions of the City Government and interfere with the discretion of the city authorities.

"The petitioner comes here as to a place of last resort," remarked Justice McCall.

Mr. Eggleston said the pole complained of by Mr. Ludewig was not in front of his premises, but between his house and that adjoining. Furthermore, it was a terminal pole, sustaining wires traversing other districts. He asked the denial of the motion.

Justice McCall reserved decision.

EDWARD L. DWYER BANKRUPT.

He Married the Aged Millionaire Duchesse de Castellucia, but Inherited Only $10.

Edward L. Dwyer yesterday filed a petition in bankruptcy with the Clerk of the United States District Court through his attorney, Jesse Grant Roe, of 128 Broadway. His liabilities are stated as $374,345, nearly all borrowed money, and his assets as his clothing, worth $150. Not even a watch is mentioned. Among the largest creditors are the estate of Granville Ingraham of Chicago, $53,000, secured by assignment of Mutual Life policies; Nathaniel G. Read of Boston, $49,000, and William H. Davis, London, $35,000. There are creditors in Mexico, Vienna, and several Western States.

Mr. Dwyer first attracted wide attention when thirty-five years old by marrying the Duchesse de Castellucia, seventy-three years old. The ceremony was performed in Rock Ledge, Florida, in 1893, Richard Croker being a guest. The bride died ten months later, leaving about $3,000,000, part of her estate being the Hotel Burlington, in Thirtieth Street, near Broadway. She cut off her husband with $10, and he unsuccessfully contested the will for six years. Since then he has made and lost several fortunes. He has mined and built railroads in Mexico, caused almost a panic by attempting to corner wheat in Chicago, had wholesale dealings in munitions of war with South American countries, developed great land improvement schemes, and has traveled all over Europe in the interest of his many projects.

In May, 1899, he filed another petition in bankruptcy, stating his liabilities as $252,035, but he dropped the matter, believing he would be able to pay his debts through coming operations. He opened a Mexican silver mine then, and it paid, but not until he had lost his interest. The following year he enlisted as a private of United States Marines and went to the Philippines. He served for a year, but didn't like it, and influential friends then procured his discharge, though he had two more years to serve. He says that he lost all his books and papers while on military service. His present address is given as 473 Manhattan Avenue and the Rossmore Hotel.

The reason for the present petition, Mr. Roe said, was that Mr. Dwyer has the promise of foreign backing in another extensive project as soon as he shall be legally absolved from his debts.

Vacation begins to-morrow? Vacation suits at a much reduced price means less money for fixing up and more for fun.

Wool crashes and batiste; $10 and $12.

Trouser sale still "legging along;" specially strong in 31, 32 and 33 waists.

$3.50 for $5, $6 and $7 sorts.

Town's full of $1 straw hats—but they're not the $2, $2.50, $3 and $3.50 sorts we've just marked $1.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

258 Broadway, opposite City Hall, and 7 and 9 Warren St.
842 Broadway, cor. 13th, and 140 to 148 4th Ave.
1260 Broadway, cor. 32d, and 54 West 33d St.

ANTI-DIABETIC FOODS—All allowable ones provided by us since 1874. Lists, descriptions, menus, on application.
HEALTH FOOD CO., 61 5th Ave.

Bargain Suits at $9.50 per Suit.

To-day just as good may be had—if you find your size.

To those who wish "a bargain" in still finer goods we offer several hundred fine imported Cheviot and Homespun Suits reduced to $20 & $22, from $25, $28 & $30.

Trousers reduced to $3.50. Were $5, $5.50 & $6.

Neckwear, including imported Silk Rumchundas, from 50c. & 75c. to 25c.

$1, $1.50 and $2 Negligee Shirts down to 75c.

All $2, $3 & $4 Straw Hats $1.

Smith, Gray & Co.

Broadway at 31st St., N. Y.
Brooklyn: Broadway at Bedford Ave. Fulton St. at Flatbush Ave.

Worth Reading.

Prices on a good many of our good things went away down, and qualities of Suits, Trousers, Shirts and Neckwear went "down and out."

But plenty left yet.

$20 & $18 Suits for $12.

$8, $7 & $6.50 Fine Trousers for $4.50.

$2.00 & $1.50 Negligee Shirts for 85 cts.

$1.00 Neckwear for 25 cts.

Hackett, Carhart & Co.

Three BROADWAY Stores. Cor. 13th St. Cor. Canal St. Near Chambers.

Horner's Furniture.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

While it is not our custom to advertise "August Sales" as special opportunities for bargains, an inspection of our unequalled stock will convince purchasers that we offer them the most attractive prices in the city.

R. J. HORNER & CO.,
Furniture Makers and Importers.
61, 63, 65 West 23d Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

MANHATTAN BEACH TO-DAY. AT 3:30, SHANNON'S 23D REG'T BAND. TO-NIGHT AT 8, PAIN'S POMPEII AND GRAND FIREWORKS.

THE GRANDEST SPECTACLE OF THE AGE. At 8. Mat. Sat. at 2. THE SLEEPING BEAUTY AND THE BEAST. NO INCREASE IN PRICES.

THE DEWEY EAST 14TH ST. BET. 3RD & 4TH AVES. Tel. Call 6234—18th. To-morrow Evening, Grand OPENING of the season, WITH EAGLE BURLESQUERS. 2 Great Burlesques, "Wizard of Jersey," "Absent Good Ship Jane." 10—Big Acts—10. 40—Chorus Girls—40.

GARRICK Theatre, 35th St., near B'way. Matinees Wed'y & Sat'y. CHARLES FROHMAN, Manager. OPENS NEXT MONDAY. JOHN C. RICE & THOS. A. WISE in Leo Dietrichstein's newest farce, VIVIAN'S PAPAS. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

MAJESTIC GRAND CIRCLE, B'way & 59th St. Evgs. at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. To-morrow NIGHT, Lipton Night—Souvenirs Shamrock Flags. WIZARD OF OZ. BEST SEATS, Wed. Mat. $1.00, Ev. & Sat. Mat. $1.50. with FRED A. STONE as the Scarecrow.

MADISON SQUARE ROOF GARDEN—50c. THE BEST SHOW IN TOWN. JAPAN—BY—NIGHT. Great Cast, Pretty Girls, Catchy Music. Delightfully Cool. Rainy Nights, Performances in New Hall. Big Comic Opera Hit, OTOYO.

PROCTOR'S COMEDY & VAUD. SHOWS, 25c., 50c. Every Aft. & Eve. Res. [illegible] 23rd St. Big Continuous Vaudeville. 5th Av. —Dolly & Neter. Cont. Vaudeville. 58th St. "Slaves of the Mine." 125th St. Capt. Rackett. Big Vaudeville.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14th St. & Irving Pl. Liebler & Co.'s production of Hall Caine's play with The Christian, Edw. J. Morgan. Prices 25, 50, 75, 1.00. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. Ev. 8:15.

CASINO THE RUNAWAYS. Mat. Sat. 2:15. To-night at 8:15.

Manhattan B'way & 33d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET.

LUNA PARK GRAND CAKE WALK TO-NIGHT.

PARADISE ROOF GARDENS 42d St., 7th & 7th Av. 12 VAUDEVILLE CELEBRITIES. Includ. mysterious AGA. Extravaganza, ballet.

CRYSTAL GARDENS N. Y. Theatre. Eve. (except Sunday,) 8:30. "LIFTING THE CUP." DARLING OF THE GALLERY GODS. Ned Wayburn's Minstrel Misses.

TERRACE GARDEN 58th and 59th Sts., near Lex. Ave. TO-NIGHT "LA TRAVIATA."

JOHNSTOWN FLOOD CONEY ISLAND.

DUSS Madison Square Garden, Evgs. 8:30. Soloist, Charlotte G. George. Gen. Adm. 50c. Knabe Piano Used. Venice in New York. Last 3 Weeks.

BOSTOCK'S CONEY'S BEST.

STAR Lex. Av. & 107th. Mats. Mon., Wed. & Sat. BLACK PATTI TROUBADOURS. Next Week—Two Little Vagrants.

KEITH'S B'way and 14 St. BEST SHOW IN TOWN. 30—GREAT ACTS—30. PRICES 25c. and 50c.

POLICEMAN GETS REPRIMAND.

Told That No Letter from Hamilton Fish Would Shield Him.

Patrolman Joseph H. Cashin of the Grand Central Station was on trial, before Deputy Commissioner Davis yesterday on a charge of having left his post and crossed the street to buy a postage stamp for a woman. His accuser was Sergt. Lonsdale. Cashin, who has five stripes, and who bears a striking resemblance to Richard Croker, admitted his guilt.

"Why did you get my friend, Hamilton Fish, to write to me about this case, Cashin?" asked Mr. Davis sharply.

"I didn't; it was my son who did it," was the reply. "He didn't think it was wrong, as he knows Mr. Fish."

"Don't bother men like Mr. Fish about your cases," said the Deputy Commissioner. "It doesn't do you any good. I can't try a case before it reaches this courtroom. There is no reason why Mr. Fish should be bothered because I know him very well. I will reprimand you."